

Dr. AMBEDKAR INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

[An Autonomous Institution, affiliated to VTU, Belgaum and Aided by Government of Karnataka]
Near Jnana Bharathi Campus, Mallathalli, Bangalore-560056



DEPARTMENT OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

SYLLABUS & SCHEME

2026 - 2027

Computer Aided Engineering Drawing for CV Stream		Semester	I/II
Course Code	1BCED103A/203A	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	2 :0 :2 : 0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
Examination type (SEE)	Theory (Conducted in batches similar to practical's)		
Course Outcomes			
At the end of the course, the student will be able to:			
CO 1. Generate orthographic projections of points, lines, planes, and solids manually and with computer-aided tools.			
CO 2. Develop the lateral surfaces of solids for real-world applications.			
CO 3. Draw isometric views and convert isometric drawings to orthographic views.			
CO 4. Create 3D models of basic building components.			
Module-1			
Introduction: Significance of Engineering drawing, BIS Conventions of Engineering Drawing, Free hand sketching of engineering drawing, Scales. Introduction to Computer Aided Drafting software, Co-ordinate system and reference planes HP, VP, RPP & LPP of 2D/3D environment. Selection of drawing sheet size and scale. Commands and creation of Lines, coordinate points, axes, polylines, square, rectangle, polygons, splines, circles, ellipse, text, move, copy, off-set, mirror, rotate, trim, extend, break, chamfer, fillet and curves.			
Orthographic Projections of Points, Lines and Planes: Introduction to Orthographic projections, Orthographic projections of points in 1 st and 3 rd quadrants. Orthographic projections of lines (Placed in First quadrant only as per BIS) Orthographic projections of planes: triangular, square, rectangular, pentagonal, hexagonal and circular lamina (Placed in First quadrant only using change of position method). Number of Hours: 08			
Module-2			
Orthographic Projection of Solids: Orthographic projection of right regular solids (Resting on HP only and inclined to both the planes); Prisms, Pyramids, Cylinders & Cones. Number of Hours: 08			
Module-3			
Section of Solids: Introduction, Section planes, Sectional views: apparent shapes and true shapes, Sections of right regular prisms, pyramids, cylinders and cones resting with their base on HP. (Concepts only and No Problems for practice)			
Development of Lateral Surfaces of Solids: Development of lateral surfaces of right regular Prisms, Pyramids, Cylinders & Cones and their frustums and truncations. Problems on applications of development of lateral surfaces like funnels and trays. Number of Hours: 08			

Module-4
Isometric Views: Introduction to Isometric views, Isometric projections, Isometric scale. Isometric view of hexahedron (cube), right regular prisms, pyramids, cylinders, cones and spheres, Isometric view of combination of two simple solids, step block. Conversion of simple isometric drawings into orthographic views: Problems on conversion of Isometric view of simple objects / engineering components into orthographic views. Number of Hours: 08
Module-5
Building Components Drafting (For CIE Only): Modeling Basic Building Components: foundations, columns, beams, slabs, walls, doors windows, staircase, assigning materials and rendering building components. Drafting a 2D floor plan for a simple single-storey residential/commercial building, Converting the floor plan into 3D model with walls, openings, and roof structure. Concept of building drawing Number of Hours: 08
Suggested Learning Resources: (Textbook/ Reference Book/ Manuals): <u>Textbooks:</u> 1. K. R. Gopalakrishna, & Sudhir Gopalakrishna: A Textbook of Computer Aided Engineering Drawing, 39th Edition, Subash Stores, Bangalore, 2017 2. Bhatt, N.D., Engineering Drawing: Plane and Solid Geometry, 53rd Edition, Charotar Publishing House Pvt. Limited, 2023. <u>Reference books:</u> 1. S. N. Lal and T. Madhusudhan, Engineering Visualisation, engage Learning India Pvt. Ltd.; First Edition, 2022 2. P.J. Shah, Computer Aided Engineering Drawing, S. Chand Publishing, 2021 3. M. B. Shah & B.C. Rana., Engineering Drawing, Pearson Education, Revised Edition, 2009 4. V.B. Sikka, A Course in Civil Engineering Drawing, 11th edition, S.K. Kataria & Sons, reprint 2024.
Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources): • https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112104172 • https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112102304 • https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112105294 • https://www.coursera.org/courses?query=3d%20modeling&utm • https://www.g sourcedata.com/a-guide-to-the-world-of-civil-engineering-drawings-the-architectural-atlas/
Teaching-Learning Process (Innovative Delivery Methods): The following are sample strategies that educators may adopt to enhance the effectiveness of the teaching-learning process and facilitate the achievement of course outcomes. • Flipped Classroom • Case-Based Teaching • Simulation and Virtual Labs • Partial Delivery of course by Industry expert/ industrial visits • ICT-Enabled Teaching

Assessment Structure:

The assessment in each course is divided equally between Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) and the Semester End Examination (SEE), with each carrying 50% weightage.

- To qualify and become eligible to appear for SEE, in the **CIE**, a student must score at least **50% of 50 marks**, i.e., **25 marks**.
- To pass the **SEE**, a student must score at least **40% of 50 marks**, i.e., **20 marks**.
- Notwithstanding the above, a student is considered to have **passed the course**, provided the combined total of **CIE and SEE is at least 45 out of 100 marks**.

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

SCHEME FOR INTERNAL ASSESSMENT (IA)		
	DETAILS	MAX. MARKS
Manual Sketching (25)	Classwork	15
	Assignment	10
Computer Printout (15)	Classwork	15
CIE*		10
TOTAL IA MARKS		50
* Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is based on the one test conducted during the end-semester.		

Semester End Examination (SEE):

Scheme of Evaluation for Semester End Examination (SEE)			
Unit	Maximum Marks	Manual Sketching	Computer solution and print out
1	10	10	00
2	20	10	10
3	20	10	10
OR			
4	20	10	10
Total	50	30	20

QUESTION PAPER PATTERN FOR SEMESTER END EXAMINATION (SEE)						
UNIT	1		2		3	4
Max. Marks	10		20		20	20
Q. No.	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6
NOTE: 1. Each Full question shall cover all the topics of the Unit. 2. Unit 2, Unit 3 and Unit 4 to have both manual sketching and computer solution/print out. 3. Unit 1 have only manual sketching. 4. Model question paper may be referred for distribution of topics in each Full Question.						

Question no	Topics	Sketching	Drafting	
1	Projection of lines	10 M	-----	10 M
	OR			
2	Projection of planes	10 M	-----	
3	Projection of solids	10 M	10 M	20M
	OR			
4	Projection of solids	10 M	10 M	
5	Isometric projection	10 M	10 M	20 M
	OR			
6	Development of solids	10 M	10 M	
	Total Marks			50 M

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs

COs/POs	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO1	PO1	PO12
CO1	3	2	2	1	2	0	1	1	2	2	0	2
CO2	3	2	2	1	2	0	1	1	2	2	0	2
CO3	3	2	2	1	2	0	1	1	2	2	0	2
CO4	3	2	2	1	2	0	1	1	2	2	0	2
CO5	3	2	2	1	2	0	1	1	2	2	0	2

Strength of correlation: Strongly related-3, Moderately related-2, Weakly related-1, Not

Computer Aided Engineering Drawing for CS Stream		Semester	I/II
Course Code	1BCED103B/203B	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	2 :0 :2 : 0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
Examination type (SEE)	Theory (Conducted in batches similar to practical's)		
Course Outcomes			
At the end of the course, the student will be able to:			
CO 1. Generate orthographic projections of points, lines, planes, and solids manually and with computer-aided tools.			
CO 2. Develop the lateral surfaces of solids for real-world applications.			
CO 3. Draw isometric views and convert isometric drawings to orthographic views.			
CO 4. Create 3D models of embedded, networking, and IoT devices.			
Module-1			
Introduction:			
Significance of Engineering drawing, BIS Conventions of Engineering Drawing, Free hand sketching of engineering drawing, Scales.			
Introduction to Computer Aided Drafting software, Co-ordinate system and reference planes HP, VP, RPP & LPP of 2D/3D environment. Selection of drawing sheet size and scale. Commands and creation of Lines, coordinate points, axes, polylines, square, rectangle, polygons, splines, circles, ellipse, text, move, copy, off-set, mirror, rotate, trim, extend, break, chamfer, fillet and curves.			
Orthographic Projections of Points, Lines and Planes:			
Introduction to Orthographic projections, Orthographic projections of points in 1 st and 3 rd quadrants.			
Orthographic projections of lines (Placed in First quadrant only as per BIS)			
Orthographic projections of planes: triangular, square, rectangular, pentagonal, hexagonal and circular lamina (Placed in First quadrant only using change of position method).			
Number of Hours: 08			
Module-2			
Orthographic Projection of Solids:			
Orthographic projection of right regular solids (Resting on HP only and inclined to both the planes); Prisms, Pyramids, Cylinders & Cones.			
Number of Hours: 08			
Module-3			
Section of Solids:			
Introduction, Section planes, Sectional views: apparent shapes and true shapes, Sections of right regular prisms, pyramids, cylinders and cones resting with their base on HP. (Concepts only and No Problems for practice)			
Development of Lateral Surfaces of Solids:			
Development of lateral surfaces of right regular Prisms, Pyramids, Cylinders & Cones and their frustums and truncations. Problems on applications of development of lateral surfaces like funnels and trays.			
Number of Hours: 08			

Module-4
Isometric Views: Introduction to Isometric views, Isometric projections, Isometric scale. Isometric view of hexahedron (cube), right regular prisms, pyramids, cylinders, cones and spheres, Isometric view of combination of two simple solids, step block. Conversion of simple isometric drawings into orthographic views: Problems on conversion of Isometric view of simple objects / engineering components into orthographic views. Number of Hours: 08
Module-5
Computer Network Drawing (For CIE Only): 2D Network drawing with wired and wireless, Network topology - wired and wireless. 3D Modeling: Raspberry Pi / Arduino boards, Router & switches, IoT devices - Concept of converting to 3D printing format (stl) Concept of Industrial drawing Number of Hours: 08
Suggested Learning Resources: (Textbook/ Reference Book/ Manuals): <u>Textbooks:</u> 1. K. R. Gopalakrishna, & Sudhir Gopalakrishna: A Textbook of Computer Aided Engineering Drawing, 39th Edition, Subash Stores, Bangalore, 2017 2. Bhatt, N.D., Engineering Drawing: Plane and Solid Geometry, 53rd Edition, Charotar Publishing House Pvt. Limited, 2023. <u>Reference books:</u> 1. S. N. Lal and T. Madhusudhan, Engineering Visualisation, engage Learning India Pvt. Ltd.; First Edition, 2022 2. P.J. Shah, Computer Aided Engineering Drawing, S. Chand Publishing, 2021 3. M. B. Shah & B.C. Rana., Engineering Drawing, Pearson Education, Revised Edition, 2009 4. Frederick E. Giesecke, et al., Technical Drawing with Engineering Graphics, Prentice Hall, 2016
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Teaching-Learning Process (Innovative Delivery Methods): The following are sample strategies that educators may adopt to enhance the effectiveness of the teaching-learning process and facilitate the achievement of course outcomes. • Flipped Classroom • Case-Based Teaching • Simulation and Virtual Labs • Partial Delivery of course by Industry expert/ industrial visits • ICT-Enabled Teaching

Assessment Structure:

The assessment in each course is divided equally between Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) and the Semester End Examination (SEE), with each carrying 50% weightage.

- To qualify and become eligible to appear for SEE, in the **CIE**, a student must score at least **50% of 50 marks**, i.e., **25 marks**.
- To pass the **SEE**, a student must score at least **40% of 50 marks**, i.e., **20 marks**.
- Notwithstanding the above, a student is considered to have **passed the course**, provided the combined total of **CIE and SEE is at least 45 out of 100 marks**.

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

SCHEME FOR INTERNAL ASSESSMENT (IA)		
	DETAILS	MAX. MARKS
Manual Sketching (25)	Classwork	15
	Assignment	10
Computer Printout (15)	Classwork	15
CIE*		10
TOTAL IA MARKS		50
* Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is based on the one test conducted during the end-semester.		

Semester End Examination (SEE):

Scheme of Evaluation for Semester End Examination (SEE)			
Unit	Maximum Marks	Manual Sketching	Computer solution and print out
1	10	10	00
2	20	10	10
3	20	10	10
OR			
4	20	10	10
Total	50	30	20

QUESTION PAPER PATTERN FOR SEMESTER END EXAMINATION (SEE)						
UNIT	1		2		3	4
Max. Marks	10		20		20	20
Q. No.	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6
NOTE: 1. Each Full question shall cover all the topics of the Unit. 2. Unit 2, Unit 3 and Unit 4 to have both manual sketching and computer solution/print out. 3. Unit 1 have only manual sketching. 4. Model question paper may be referred for distribution of topics in each Full Question.						

Question no	Topics	Sketching	Drafting	
1	Projection of lines	10 M	-----	10 M
	OR			
2	Projection of planes	10 M	-----	
3	Projection of solids	10 M	10 M	20M
	OR			
4	Projection of solids	10 M	10 M	
5	Isometric projection	10 M	10 M	
	OR			20 M
6	Development of solids	10 M	10 M	
	Total Marks			
				50 M

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs												
COs/POs	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO1	PO1	PO12
CO1	3	2	2	1	2	0	1	1	2	2	0	2
CO2	3	2	2	1	2	0	1	1	2	2	0	2
CO3	3	2	2	1	2	0	1	1	2	2	0	2
CO4	3	2	2	1	2	0	1	1	2	2	0	2
CO5	3	2	2	1	2	0	1	1	2	2	0	2
Strength of correlation: Strongly related-3, Moderately related-2, Weakly related-1, Not												

Computer Aided Engineering Drawing for ME Stream		Semester	I/II
Course Code	1BCED103C/203C	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	2 :0 :2 : 0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
Examination type (SEE)	Theory (Conducted in batches similar to practical's)		
Course Outcomes			
At the end of the course, the student will be able to:			
CO 1. Generate orthographic projections of points, lines, planes, and solids manually and with computer-aided tools.			
CO 2. Develop the lateral surfaces of solids for real-world applications.			
CO 3. Draw isometric views and convert isometric drawings to orthographic views.			
CO 4. Create basic 3D models of engineering components and parts.			
Module-1			
Introduction:			
Significance of Engineering drawing, BIS Conventions of Engineering Drawing, Free hand sketching of engineering drawing, Scales.			
Introduction to Computer Aided Drafting software, Co-ordinate system and reference planes HP, VP, RPP & LPP of 2D/3D environment. Selection of drawing sheet size and scale. Commands and creation of Lines, coordinate points, axes, polylines, square, rectangle, polygons, splines, circles, ellipse, text, move, copy, off-set, mirror, rotate, trim, extend, break, chamfer, fillet and curves.			
Orthographic Projections of Points, Lines and Planes:			
Introduction to Orthographic projections, Orthographic projections of points in 1 st and 3 rd quadrants.			
Orthographic projections of lines (Placed in First quadrant only as per BIS)			
Orthographic projections of planes: triangular, square, rectangular, pentagonal, hexagonal and circular lamina (Placed in First quadrant only using change of position method).			
Number of Hours: 08			
Module-2			
Orthographic Projection of Solids:			
Orthographic projection of right regular solids (Resting on HP only and inclined to both the planes); Prisms, Pyramids, Cylinders & Cones.			
Number of Hours: 08			
Module-3			
Section of Solids:			
Introduction, Section planes, Sectional views: apparent shapes and true shapes, Sections of right regular prisms, pyramids, cylinders and cones resting with their base on HP. (Concepts only and No Problems for practice)			
Development of Lateral Surfaces of Solids:			
Development of lateral surfaces of right regular Prisms, Pyramids, Cylinders & Cones and their frustums and truncations. Problems on applications of development of lateral surfaces like funnels and trays.			
Number of Hours: 08			

Module-4
Isometric Views: Introduction to Isometric views, Isometric projections, Isometric scale. Isometric view of hexahedron (cube), right regular prisms, pyramids, cylinders, cones and spheres, Isometric view of combination of two simple solids, step block. Conversion of simple isometric drawings into orthographic views: Problems on conversion of Isometric view of simple objects / engineering components into orthographic views. Number of Hours: 08
Module-5
Concept of Part Design (For CIE Only): 3D Modeling: Simple machine parts / engineering components. (Applying material properties and rendering for realistic visualization) Sheet Metal & Surface Design: Automotive panels, HVAC ducting Concept of Industrial drawing Number of Hours: 08
Suggested Learning Resources: (Textbook/ Reference Book/ Manuals): <u>Textbooks:</u> 1. K. R. Gopalakrishna, & Sudhir Gopalakrishna: A Textbook of Computer Aided Engineering Drawing, 39th Edition, Subash Stores, Bangalore, 2017 2. Bhatt, N.D., Engineering Drawing: Plane and Solid Geometry, 53rd Edition, Charotar Publishing House Pvt. Limited, 2023. <u>Reference books:</u> 1. S. N. Lal and T. Madhusudhan, Engineering Visualisation, engage Learning India Pvt. Ltd.; First Edition, 2022 2. P.J. Shah, Computer Aided Engineering Drawing, S. Chand Publishing, 2021 3. M. B. Shah & B.C. Rana., Engineering Drawing, Pearson Education, Revised Edition, 2009
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- To pass the **SEE**, a student must score at least **40% of 50 marks**, i.e., **20 marks**.
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Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

SCHEME FOR INTERNAL ASSESSMENT (IA)		
	DETAILS	MAX. MARKS
Manual Sketching (25)	Classwork	15
	Assignment	10
Computer Printout (15)	Classwork	15
CIE*		10
TOTAL IA MARKS		50
* Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is based on the one test conducted during the end-semester.		

Semester End Examination (SEE):

Scheme of Evaluation for Semester End Examination (SEE)			
Unit	Maximum Marks	Manual Sketching	Computer solution and print out
1	10	10	00
2	20	10	10
3	20	10	10
OR			
4	20	10	10
Total	50	30	20

QUESTION PAPER PATTERN FOR SEMESTER END EXAMINATION (SEE)						
UNIT	1		2		3	4
Max. Marks	10		20		20	20
Q. No.	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6
NOTE: 1. Each Full question shall cover all the topics of the Unit. 2. Unit 2, Unit 3 and Unit 4 to have both manual sketching and computer solution/print out. 3. Unit 1 have only manual sketching. 4. Model question paper may be referred for distribution of topics in each Full Question.						

Question no	Topics	Sketching	Drafting	
1	Projection of lines	10 M	-----	10 M
	OR			
2	Projection of planes	10 M	-----	
3	Projection of solids	10 M	10 M	20M
	OR			
4	Projection of solids	10 M	10 M	
5	Isometric projection	10 M	10 M	20 M
	OR			
6	Development of solids	10 M	10 M	
	Total Marks			50 M

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs												
COs/POs	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO1	PO1	PO12
CO1	3	2	2	1	2	0	1	1	2	2	0	2
CO2	3	2	2	1	2	0	1	1	2	2	0	2
CO3	3	2	2	1	2	0	1	1	2	2	0	2
CO4	3	2	2	1	2	0	1	1	2	2	0	2
CO5	3	2	2	1	2	0	1	1	2	2	0	2
Strength of correlation: Strongly related-3, Moderately related-2, Weakly related-1, Not												

Computer Aided Engineering Drawing for ECE Stream		Semester	I/II
Course Code	1BCED103D/203D	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	2 :0 :2 : 0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
Examination type (SEE)	Theory (Conducted in batches similar to practical's)		
Course Outcomes			
At the end of the course, the student will be able to:			
CO 1. Generate orthographic projections of points, lines, planes, and solids manually and with computer-aided tools.			
CO 2. Develop the lateral surfaces of solids for real-world applications.			
CO 3. Draw isometric views and convert isometric drawings to orthographic views.			
CO 4. Create basic 3D models of electronic components and parts.			
Module-1			
Introduction: Significance of Engineering drawing, BIS Conventions of Engineering Drawing, Free hand sketching of engineering drawing, Scales. Introduction to Computer Aided Drafting software, Co-ordinate system and reference planes HP, VP, RPP & LPP of 2D/3D environment. Selection of drawing sheet size and scale. Commands and creation of Lines, coordinate points, axes, polylines, square, rectangle, polygons, splines, circles, ellipse, text, move, copy, off-set, mirror, rotate, trim, extend, break, chamfer, fillet and curves.			
Orthographic Projections of Points, Lines and Planes: Introduction to Orthographic projections, Orthographic projections of points in 1 st and 3 rd quadrants. Orthographic projections of lines (Placed in First quadrant only as per BIS) Orthographic projections of planes: triangular, square, rectangular, pentagonal, hexagonal and circular lamina (Placed in First quadrant only using change of position method). Number of Hours: 08			
Module-2			
Orthographic Projection of Solids: Orthographic projection of right regular solids (Resting on HP only and inclined to both the planes); Prisms, Pyramids, Cylinders & Cones. Number of Hours: 08			
Module-3			
Section of Solids: Introduction, Section planes, Sectional views: apparent shapes and true shapes, Sections of right regular prisms, pyramids, cylinders and cones resting with their base on HP. (Concepts only and No Problems for practice)			
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Module-4
Isometric Views: Introduction to Isometric views, Isometric projections, Isometric scale. Isometric view of hexahedron (cube), right regular prisms, pyramids, cylinders, cones and spheres, Isometric view of combination of two simple solids, step block. Conversion of simple isometric drawings into orthographic views: Problems on conversion of Isometric view of simple objects / engineering components into orthographic views. Number of Hours: 08
Module-5
Electronic Components Visualisation (For CIE Only): 3D Modelling: Optical fibre cable with core and cladding, photonic crystal fibers, Antenna: Single element patch antenna, antenna array. Sheet Metal & Surface Design: PCB Enclosures: Creation of different geometry with slots as per Standards: NMEA-0183, applying material properties for heat sink and water/dust proofing and rendering for realistic visualization. Concept of Industrial drawing Number of Hours: 08
Suggested Learning Resources: (Textbook/ Reference Book/ Manuals): <u>Textbooks:</u> 1. K. R. Gopalakrishna, & Sudhir Gopalakrishna: A Textbook of Computer Aided Engineering Drawing, 39th Edition, Subash Stores, Bangalore, 2017 2. Bhatt, N.D., Engineering Drawing: Plane and Solid Geometry, 53rd Edition, Charotar Publishing House Pvt. Limited, 2023. <u>Reference books:</u> 1. S. N. Lal and T. Madhusudhan, Engineering Visualisation, engage Learning India Pvt. Ltd.; First Edition, 2022 2. P.J. Shah, Computer Aided Engineering Drawing, S. Chand Publishing, 2021 3. M. B. Shah & B.C. Rana., Engineering Drawing, Pearson Education, Revised Edition, 2009 4. A K Mittal & Kapeel Dev, Electronics Engineering Drawing, Computech Publications Limited, 2025 5. John Frostad, Electronics Drafting, Goodheart-Willcox Pub; 4th Edition, 2010.
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Teaching-Learning Process (Innovative Delivery Methods):

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- To pass the **SEE**, a student must score at least **40% of 50 marks**, i.e., **20 marks**.
- Notwithstanding the above, a student is considered to have **passed the course**, provided the combined total of **CIE and SEE is at least 45 out of 100 marks**.

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

SCHEME FOR INTERNAL ASSESSMENT (IA)		
	DETAILS	MAX. MARKS
Manual Sketching (25)	Classwork	15
	Assignment	10
Computer Printout (15)	Classwork	15
CIE*		10
TOTAL IA MARKS		50
* Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is based on the one test conducted during the end-semester.		

Semester End Examination (SEE):

Scheme of Evaluation for Semester End Examination (SEE)			
Unit	Maximum Marks	Manual Sketching	Computer solution and print out
1	10	10	00
2	20	10	10
3	20	10	10
OR			
4	20	10	10
Total	50	30	20

QUESTION PAPER PATTERN FOR SEMESTER END EXAMINATION (SEE)						
UNIT	1		2		3	4
Max. Marks	10		20		20	20
Q. No.	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6
NOTE:						
1. Each Full question shall cover all the topics of the Unit. 2. Unit 2, Unit 3 and Unit 4 to have both manual sketching and computer solution/print out. 3. Unit 1 have only manual sketching. 4. Model question paper may be referred for distribution of topics in each Full Question.						

Question no	Topics	Sketching	Drafting	
1	Projection of lines	10 M	-----	10 M
	OR			
2	Projection of planes	10 M	-----	20M
3	Projection of solids	10 M	10 M	
	OR			
4	Projection of solids	10 M	10 M	20 M
5	Isometric projection	10 M	10 M	
	OR			
6	Development of solids	10 M	10 M	50 M
	Total Marks			

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs												
COs/POs	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO1	PO1	PO12
CO1	3	2	2	1	2	0	1	1	2	2	0	2
CO2	3	2	2	1	2	0	1	1	2	2	0	2
CO3	3	2	2	1	2	0	1	1	2	2	0	2
CO4	3	2	2	1	2	0	1	1	2	2	0	2
CO5	3	2	2	1	2	0	1	1	2	2	0	2
Strength of correlation: Strongly related-3, Moderately related-2, Weakly related-1, Not												

Computer Aided Engineering Drawing for EE Stream		Semester	I/II
Course Code	1BCED103E/203E	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	2 :0 :2 : 0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
Examination type (SEE)	Theory (Conducted in batches similar to practical's)		
Course Outcomes			
At the end of the course, the student will be able to:			
CO 1. Generate orthographic projections of points, lines, planes, and solids manually and with computer-aided tools.			
CO 2. Develop the lateral surfaces of solids for real-world applications.			
CO 3. Draw isometric views and convert isometric drawings to orthographic views.			
CO 4. Create schematic diagrams of Electrical Systems.			
Module-1			
Introduction: Significance of Engineering drawing, BIS Conventions of Engineering Drawing, Free hand sketching of engineering drawing, Scales. Introduction to Computer Aided Drafting software, Co-ordinate system and reference planes HP, VP, RPP & LPP of 2D/3D environment. Selection of drawing sheet size and scale. Commands and creation of Lines, coordinate points, axes, polylines, square, rectangle, polygons, splines, circles, ellipse, text, move, copy, off-set, mirror, rotate, trim, extend, break, chamfer, fillet and curves.			
Orthographic Projections of Points, Lines and Planes: Introduction to Orthographic projections, Orthographic projections of points in 1 st and 3 rd quadrants. Orthographic projections of lines (Placed in First quadrant only as per BIS) Orthographic projections of planes: triangular, square, rectangular, pentagonal, hexagonal and circular lamina (Placed in First quadrant only using change of position method).			
			Number of Hours: 08
Module-2			
Orthographic Projection of Solids: Orthographic projection of right regular solids (Resting on HP only and inclined to both the planes); Prisms, Pyramids, Cylinders & Cones.			
			Number of Hours: 08
Module-3			
Section of Solids: Introduction, Section planes, Sectional views: apparent shapes and true shapes, Sections of right regular prisms, pyramids, cylinders and cones resting with their base on HP. (Concepts only and No Problems for practice)			
Development of Lateral Surfaces of Solids: Development of lateral surfaces of right regular Prisms, Pyramids, Cylinders & Cones and their frustums and truncations. Problems on applications of development of lateral surfaces like funnels and trays.			
			Number of Hours: 08

Module-4
Isometric Views: Introduction to Isometric views, Isometric projections, Isometric scale. Isometric view of hexahedron (cube), right regular prisms, pyramids, cylinders, cones and spheres, Isometric view of combination of two simple solids, step block. Conversion of simple isometric drawings into orthographic views: Problems on conversion of Isometric view of simple objects / engineering components into orthographic views. Number of Hours: 08
Module-5
Electrical Drawing (For CIE Only): 2D drawing of switches, sockets, panels, junction boxes, antenna, electric circuits. Schematic diagrams of Automatic fire alarm, Call bell system, UPS system, Basic power system diagram. Concept of Industrial drawing Number of Hours: 08
Suggested Learning Resources: (Textbook/ Reference Book/ Manuals): <u>Textbooks:</u> 1. K. R. Gopalakrishna, & Sudhir Gopalakrishna: A Textbook of Computer Aided Engineering Drawing, 39th Edition, Subash Stores, Bangalore, 2017 2. Bhatt, N.D., Engineering Drawing: Plane and Solid Geometry, 53rd Edition, Charotar Publishing House Pvt. Limited, 2023. <u>Reference books:</u> 1. S. N. Lal and T. Madhusudhan, Engineering Visualisation, engage Learning India Pvt. Ltd.; First Edition, 2022 2. P.J. Shah, Computer Aided Engineering Drawing, S. Chand Publishing, 2021 3. M. B. Shah & B.C. Rana., Engineering Drawing, Pearson Education, Revised Edition, 2009 4. Bhattacharya S. K., Electrical Engineering Drawing, New Age International Publishers, Second edition 1998, reprint 2005.
Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources): • https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112104172 • https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112102304 • https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112105294 • https://www.coursera.org/courses?query=3d%20modeling&utm • https://elion.co.in/understanding-electrical-drawings-a-beginners-guide/
Teaching-Learning Process (Innovative Delivery Methods): The following are sample strategies that educators may adopt to enhance the effectiveness of the teaching-learning process and facilitate the achievement of course outcomes. • Flipped Classroom • Case-Based Teaching • Simulation and Virtual Labs • Partial Delivery of course by Industry expert/ industrial visits • ICT-Enabled Teaching

Assessment Structure:

The assessment in each course is divided equally between Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) and the Semester End Examination (SEE), with each carrying 50% weightage.

- To qualify and become eligible to appear for SEE, in the **CIE**, a student must score at least **50% of 50 marks**, i.e., **25 marks**.
- To pass the **SEE**, a student must score at least **40% of 50 marks**, i.e., **20 marks**.
- Notwithstanding the above, a student is considered to have **passed the course**, provided the combined total of **CIE and SEE is at least 45 out of 100 marks**.

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

SCHEME FOR INTERNAL ASSESSMENT (IA)		
	DETAILS	MAX. MARKS
Manual Sketching (25)	Classwork	15
	Assignment	10
Computer Printout (15)	Classwork	15
CIE*		10
TOTAL IA MARKS		50
* Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is based on the one test conducted during the end-semester.		

Semester End Examination (SEE):

Scheme of Evaluation for Semester End Examination (SEE)			
Unit	Maximum Marks	Manual Sketching	Computer solution and print out
1	10	10	00
2	20	10	10
3	20	10	10
OR			
4	20	10	10
Total	50	30	20

QUESTION PAPER PATTERN FOR SEMESTER END EXAMINATION (SEE)						
UNIT	1		2		3	4
Max. Marks	10		20		20	20
Q. No.	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6
NOTE: 1. Each Full question shall cover all the topics of the Unit. 2. Unit 2, Unit 3 and Unit 4 to have both manual sketching and computer solution/print out. 3. Unit 1 have only manual sketching. 4. Model question paper may be referred for distribution of topics in each Full Question.						

Question no	Topics	Sketching	Drafting	
1	Projection of lines	10 M	-----	10 M
	OR			
2	Projection of planes	10 M	-----	
3	Projection of solids	10 M	10 M	20M
	OR			
4	Projection of solids	10 M	10 M	
5	Isometric projection	10 M	10 M	20 M
	OR			
6	Development of solids	10 M	10 M	
	Total Marks			50 M

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs												
COs/POs	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO1	PO1	PO12
CO1	3	2	2	1	2	0	1	1	2	2	0	2
CO2	3	2	2	1	2	0	1	1	2	2	0	2
CO3	3	2	2	1	2	0	1	1	2	2	0	2
CO4	3	2	2	1	2	0	1	1	2	2	0	2
CO5	3	2	2	1	2	0	1	1	2	2	0	2
Strength of correlation: Strongly related-3, Moderately related-2, Weakly related-1, Not												

INTRODUCTION TO MECHANICAL ENGINEERING		Semester	I/II
Course Code	1BEST104D/204D	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3-0-0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	50
Credits	3	Exam Hours	3
Examination type (SEE)	Theory		
Course outcomes			
At the end of the course, the student will be able to:			
1. Recognize the significance of mechanical engineering principles to solve the problems of social relevance. 2. Understand the working of I.C. engines, power transmission elements and future mobility vehicles. 3. Discuss the properties and applications of engineering materials, composite materials and smart materials. 4. Describe the working principles and applications of various manufacturing processes. 5. Explain the advances in mechanical engineering.			
Module-1			
Introduction: Streams in mechanical engineering and their relevance/significance, role of mechanical engineers in solving the real case problems (with examples), careers in mechanical engineering.			
Realization of some of the engineering solutions through principles of mechanical engineering(with a schematic diagram):			
Energy conversion: Introduction and basic working principles of Pelton Turbine and Centrifugal pump.			
Vehicle systems: Identification of parts of vehicle systems such as steering system, brake system, gear system, working principle of Power steering.			
Flying machines: Classification, basic parts involved in drone making, working principle of Drones.			
Refrigeration and air conditioning principles.			
Number of Hours:8			
Module-2			
Engines: Introduction, petrol engine, diesel engines, Working of four Stroke engines, applications.			
Insight into Future Mobility: Electric and Hybrid Vehicles, Components of Electric and Hybrid Vehicles. Advantages and disadvantages of EVs and Hybrid vehicles.			
Power Transmission systems: Classification of gears, simple & compound gear trains, concepts of automatic and CVT transmission.			
Number of Hours:8			
Module-3			
Engineering materials: Introduction, Classification, Ferrous and Non-Ferrous metals: Types, Properties and their applications.			
Composite materials: Introduction, Constituents of a composite, Classification, Types of Matrix and Reinforcement materials, Advantages, Disadvantages and Applications of composite materials.			

Smart materials: Introduction, Types - Piezoelectric materials, MR fluids, Shape memory alloys and Advantages, Disadvantages and Applications.	Number of Hours:8
Module-4	
Manufacturing overview, classification of manufacturing processes, process selection criterion. Principles of Welding, soldering, brazing. Introduction to machine tools – lathe, drilling and milling machine. Lathe operations: Turning, facing, knurling, Drilling machine operations: Drilling, reaming, tapping. Milling machine operations: End milling, face milling. Introduction to CNC, components, advantages and applications. Basic principles of 3D printing.	Number of Hours:8
Module-5	
Advances in mechanical engineering Automation technology: Definition of automation, types of automation, basic elements of automation. Mechatronic systems: Definition of mechatronics, elements of mechatronics systems, examples. Elementary sensors: Working principle and applications of Potentiometer, capacitive sensor and optical encoders. Integrated system: Need for integration of technologies, ADAS (Advanced Driver Assistance System).	Number of Hours:8
Suggested Learning Resources: (Textbook/ Reference Book/ Manuals):	
Textbooks: 1. Elements of Mechanical Engineering, K R Gopala Krishna, Subhash Publications, 2008 2. An Introduction to Mechanical Engineering, Jonathan Wickert and Kemper Lewis, Third Edition, 2012	
<u>Reference books / Manuals:</u> 1. Manufacturing Technology- Foundry, Forming and Welding, P.N.Rao Tata McGraw Hill 3rd Ed., 2003. 2. William D. Callister, Materials Science & Engineering, An Introduction, John Wiley & Sons Inc, 2010. 3. V. Ganesan, Internal Combustion Engines, Tata McGraw Hill Education; 4th edition, 2017. 4. Robotics, Appu Kuttan KK K. International Pvt Ltd, volume 1 5. Groover M. P.(2008). Automation, production systems, and computer integrated manufacturing, 3rd ed. Prentice Hall. 6. Dr SRN Reddy, Rachit Thukral and Manasi Mishra, “Introduction to Internet of Things: A Practical Approach”, ETI Labs	

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112104526>
- <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112104616>
- <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112104769>
- <https://theconstructor.org/practical-guide/pelton-turbine-parts-working-design-aspects/2894/>
- <https://www.mechstudies.com/centrifugal-pump/>
- <https://cfdflowengineering.com/working-principle-and-components-of-drone/>
- <https://youtu.be/i1ojp09VXHY>
- <https://www.theengineerspost.com/automatic-transmission/>
- <https://learnmech.com/continuously-variable-transmission-components-working-types/>

Teaching-Learning Process (Innovative Delivery Methods):

The following are sample strategies that educators may adopt to enhance the effectiveness of the teaching-learning process and facilitate the achievement of course outcomes.

- Flipped Classroom
- Simulation and Virtual Labs
- Partial Delivery of course by Industry experts
- ICT-Enabled Teaching
- Video demonstration

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50). The minimum passing mark for the SEE is 35% of the maximum marks (18 marks out of 50).

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) (Marks)

Test 1	Test 2	Assignment	Group discussion	Total
20	20	05	05	50

Semester End Examination (SEE):**QUESTION PAPER PATTERN (SEE)**

Q. No.	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6	Q7	Q8	Q9	Q10
UNIT	1		2		3		4		5	
1. Two full questions (each of 20 Marks) are to be set from each unit.										
2. Student shall answer five full questions selecting one full question from each unit.										

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs

COs/POs	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	1	1	1	1	2	2	1	1	1	1	3
CO2	3	2	2	1	1	2	2	1	1	1	1	3
CO3	2	1	1	1	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	3
CO4	3	1	2	1	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	3
CO5	3	2	2	1	1	2	2	1	1	1	1	3

Strength of correlation: Strongly related-3, Moderately related-2, Weakly related-1, Not related-0

Level 3- Highly Mapped, Level 2-Moderately Mapped, Level 1-Low Mapped, Level 0- Not Mapped

Elements of Mechanical Engineering		Semester	I / II
Course Code	1BMET105/205	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P:S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	3	Exam Hours	3
Examination type (SEE)	Theory		
Course Outcomes			
At the end of the course, the student will be able to:			
1. Analyse the properties of steam, various engineering materials along with their classifications and applications. 2. Illustrate the basic concepts of thermodynamics, internal combustion engines and electric/hybrid vehicles. 3. Demonstrate the working and operations of machine tools and metal joining techniques. 4. Outline the configuration, anatomy, and performance parameters of robots. 5. Apply the concepts of belt and gear drives to solve basic numerical problems related to velocity ratio in gear drives. 6. Discuss the role of computer systems in manufacturing, their contribution to automation, and the applications of 3D printing and AI in mechanical engineering.			
Module-1			
Engineering materials: Introduction, Classification, Ferrous and Non-Ferrous metals: Types, Properties and their applications.			
Composite materials: Introduction, Constituents of a composite, Classification, Types of Matrix and Reinforcement materials, Advantages, Disadvantages and Applications of composite materials in Aerospace and Automobile industries.			
Smart materials: Introduction, Types - Piezoelectric materials, MR fluids, Shape memory alloys and Advantages, Disadvantages and Applications.			
Nano materials: Introduction, Types of nano materials, Advantages, Disadvantages and Applications.			
Number of Hours: 8			
Module-2			
Concepts of Thermodynamics: Work, Energy, Heat, Modes of Heat transfer: Conduction, Convection and Radiation. Steam: Formation of steam, Properties of Steam, Numericals related to the properties of steam.			
Introduction to Heat engines and Heat pumps.			
Introduction to Internal Combustion engines: Working principle of Two stroke and Four stroke engines (SI & CI Engines), No Numericals.			
Electric vehicles and Hybrid vehicles: Working principles, Electric and Hybrid vehicle components, Brief introduction to energy storage in Electric vehicles.			
Number of Hours: 8			

Module-3
Machine Tools: Lathe: Working principle, Specifications, Operations performed – Turning, Facing, Taper turning by swivelling the compound rest, Thread cutting and Knurling. Drilling Machine: Working principle, Specifications, Operations performed – Drilling, Reaming, Boring, Counterboring, Countersinking, Tapping. Milling machine: Working principle, Specifications, Operations performed – Plane milling, End milling, Slot milling, Angular milling. (Sketches of machine tools not required. Sketches to be used only for explaining the operations). Joining Processes: Introduction, Temporary and Permanent joining methods: Working principle of Soldering, Brazing and Electric Arc welding, Advantages, Limitations and Applications. Number of Hours: 8
Module-4
Belt drives: Introduction, Open and Cross belt drives. (No derivations and numericals), Flat belts and V belts. Gear Drives: Types of Gears, Velocity ratio, Gear Trains - Simple and Compound gear trains and Numericals. Robotics: Introduction, Generation of Robots, Asimov's laws of Robots, Robot anatomy - Links and Joints, Types of Robots, Configurations of Robots, Robot motion - Degrees of Freedom, Robot sensors: Tactile, Force, Proximity and Vision sensors, Definition of Work volume, Accuracy, Precision, Repeatability and Payload. Number of Hours: 8
Module-5
Computer Numerical Control (CNC): Introduction, Definition of NC and CNC Components of CNC. Definition of CAD, CAM, CAE and CIM. Automation: Definition, Types of Automation, Reasons for Automation. Additive manufacturing: Introduction, Basic principles (Steps in additive manufacturing), Additive manufacturing processes – Photopolymerization technique, Material extrusion technique and Powder based fusion technique, Automotive and Aerospace applications. Applications of AI in Mechanical Engineering: Automobile industry, manufacturing industry and Mechanical design. Number of Hours: 8
Suggested Learning Resources: (Textbook/ Reference Book/ Manuals): Textbooks: 1. K R Gopala Krishna, Elements of Mechanical Engineering, Subhash Publications, 2018. 2. S K Hajra Choudhury and Nirjhar Roy, Elements of Workshop Technology (Vol. I and II), Media Promoters and Publishers Pvt. Ltd., 2016. 3. Ganeshan. V, Internal Combustion Engines, Tata McGraw Hill, 4th Edition, 2012. 4. Rajput R.K, Thermal Engineering, Laxmi Publications (Pvt) Ltd., New Delhi. 6th Edition, 2007. 5. Mikell P. Grover, Automation Production Systems and Computer Integrated Manufacturing, PHI, 2004. 6. Husain Iqbal, Electric and Hybrid Vehicles: Design Fundamentals, CRC Press, 3rd Edition,

2021.

7. Ian Gibson, David. W. Rosen, Brent Stucker, Additive Manufacturing Technologies: 3D Printing, Rapid Prototyping, and Direct Digital Manufacturing, Springer, 2nd Edition, 2014.
8. Mikell P. Groover and Emory W. Zimmers, CAD/CAM. Zimmer & Groover CAD/CAM, 2007.

Reference books / Manuals:

1. Serope Kalpakjian and Steven R Schmid, Manufacturing Engineering and Technology, Fourth Edition, Pearson Education, Asia, 2000.
2. Radha Krishna & S. Subramanian, CAD/CAM/CIM, New Age International Publishers, 2009
3. F.L.Matthews and R.D.Rawlings, Composite materials: Engineering and Science, Woodhead Publishing Ltd. & CRC Press, 2003.
4. Mikell P.Groover and Mitchel Weiss and Roger N.Nagel Nicholas G.Odrey, Industrial Robotics technology, programming and applications, Tata McGraw Hill Edition, 2008

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- <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112104616>
- <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112104769>
- <https://venturebeat.com/ai/how-ai-is-impacting-the-automotive-world/>
- <https://www.vlcsolutions.com/blog/artificial-intelligence-in-manufacturing/>
- <https://skill-lync.com/blogs/technical-blogs/design-applications-of-machine-learning-and-ai-in-mechanical-engineering>
- <https://caeassistant.com/blog/ai-in-mechanical-engineering-video/>
- <https://www.neuralconcept.com/post/how-is-ai-used-in-mechanical-engineering>
- <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=MKiiXubKaGM>
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=_canCYWZPsc
- <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=lQ-MYnyxh7M>

Teaching-Learning Process (Innovative Delivery Methods):

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- Flipped Classroom
- Simulation and Virtual Labs
- Partial Delivery of course by Industry experts
- ICT-Enabled Teaching
- Video demonstration

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50). The minimum passing mark for the SEE is 35% of the maximum marks (18 marks out of 50).

Elements of Mechanical Engineering Lab		Semester	I / II
Course Code	1BMEL106/206	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P:S)	0:0:2	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	24 Hours (12-week session)	Total Marks	100
Credits	1	Exam Hours	3
Examination type (SEE)	Practical		
Course Outcomes			
At the end of the course, the student will be able to:			
1. Perform various operations using lathe and welding machine. 2. Calibrate various measuring devices to achieve accuracy of measurement. 3. Demonstrate angular measurement of a given specimen using appropriate device. 4. Determine the properties and characteristics of fuels and oils. 5. Determine the hardness of materials using hardness testing machine.			
Note:			
1. The laboratory syllabus consists of PART-A and PART-B. While PART-A has 6 conventional experiments, PART-B has 6 typical open-ended experiments. The maximum marks for the laboratory course are 50. 2. Both PART-A and PART-B are considered for CIE and SEE. 3. Students have answer 1(one) question from PART-A and 1(one) question from PART-B. a. The questions set for SEE shall be from among the experiments under PART-A. It is evaluated for 35 marks out of the maximum 50 marks. b. The open-ended question set for SEE shall be any other open-ended question and not selected from the experiments under PART-A. It shall be evaluated for 20 marks.			
PART – A			
CONVENTIONAL EXPERIMENTS			
1. Performing facing, plain turning and step turning operations by using a lathe. 2. Performing facing, plain turning and knurling operations by using a lathe. 3. Preparation of welded joints using the arc welding process. 4. Calibration of vernier caliper and micrometer using slip gauges. 5. Determination of the angle of a specimen using a sine bar. 6. Determination of the hardness of materials using hardness testing machine.			

PART – B

TYPICAL OPEN-ENDED EXPERIMENTS

Open-ended experiments are a type of laboratory activity where the outcome is not predetermined and students are given the freedom to explore, design, and conduct the experiment based on the problem statements as per the concepts defined by the course coordinator. It encourages creativity, critical thinking, and inquiry-based learning.

1. Comparative study of flash point and fire point of various fuels / oils using the open cup method
2. Comparative study of flash point and fire point of various fuels / oils using the closed cup method
3. Comparative study on viscosity of different base fuels.
4. Investigation of the effect of additives on the viscosity of base fuels.
5. Selection and justification of appropriate joining techniques for given applications
6. Fabrication of a sheet metal part with simple geometry and soldering.

Suggested Learning Resources: (Textbook / Reference Book/ Manuals):

Textbooks:

1. Amitabh Ghosh and Amit Kumar Mallik, Manufacturing Science, Affiliated East West Press (p) Ltd, New Delhi, 2002
2. Hajara and Choudhary, Workshop Technology Vol. I (2008) & II (2010), Median Promoters & publishers, Bombay.
3. Khanna O. P, Workshop Practice, Vol. I, Dhanpat Rai & Co., 2000.
4. Engineering Metrology, R.K. Jain, Khanna Publishers, Delhi, 2009.

Reference books / Manuals:

1. Serope Kalpakjian and Steven R Schmid, Manufacturing Engineering and Technology, Fourth Edition, Pearson Education, Asia, 2000.
2. P.N. Rao, Manufacturing technology--Foundry, Forming and Welding, Tata McGraw Hill Education, 2001.
3. I.C. Gupta, Engineering Metrology, Dhanpat Rai Publications, New Delhi, 2018.
4. Ganeshan. V, Internal Combustion Engines, Tata McGraw Hill, 4th Edition, 2012.

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- <https://openoregon.pressbooks.pub/manufacturingprocesses45/chapter/chapter-unit-1-the-engine-lathe/>
- <https://www.millerwelds.com/resources/article-library/the-fundamentals-of-welding-process-equipment-and-applications>
- <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=sbbwJ5p6irc>
- <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=TlhGTSDfQxc>

Teaching-Learning Process (Innovative Delivery Methods):

The following are sample strategies that educators may adopt to enhance the effectiveness of the teaching-learning process and facilitate the achievement of course outcomes.

- Flipped Classroom
- Simulation and Virtual Labs
- Video demonstration

Assessment Structure:

The assessment for each course is equally divided between Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) and the Semester End Examination (SEE), with each component carrying **50% weightage** (i.e., 50 marks each).

The CIE marks awarded shall be based on the continuous evaluation of the laboratory report using a defined set of rubrics. Each experiment report can be evaluated for 30 marks. The laboratory test (duration 02 hours) at the end of the last week of the semester /after completion of all the experiments (whichever is early) shall be conducted for 50 marks and scaled down to 20 marks. For both CIE and SEE, the student is required to conduct one experiment each from both Part A and Part B.

Rubrics for CIE – Continuous Assessment: 30 marks					
Performance Indicators	Excellent	Good	Satisfactory	Needs Improvement	Poor
Technical Skills & Procedure (PO1 & PO5) (10)	Performs operations flawlessly, correct sequence, excellent tool use. (9-10)	Minor errors, generally correct sequence and tool use. (7-8)	Performs task with some errors; needs occasional help. (5-6)	Many errors, requires frequent guidance. (3-4)	Cannot perform task without continuous supervision. (0-2)
Safety Compliance (PO6) (5)	Strictly follows all safety protocols, proper PPE usage at all times. (5)	Follows safety rules, occasional minor lapses. (4)	Mostly safe, some reminders needed. (3)	Frequent safety violations. (2)	Unsafe behavior, ignores safety rules. (0-1)
Interaction with the Group (PO8) (5)	Naturally leads, encourages, and includes all group members. Facilitates communication and ensures tasks are distributed fairly. Respects all opinions. (5)	Cooperates well with group members. Communicates clearly, shares the workload, and is a reliable and positive team member. (4)	Works alongside others but with limited communication or collaboration. Tends to work in isolation or contributes unevenly to the group effort. (3)	Fails to cooperate with the group. Is dismissive of others' ideas or causes friction and disagreement within the team. (2)	Refuses to work with the group or actively disrupts the group's ability to complete the experiment. (1)
Lab Report (PO9) (10)	Report is exceptionally well-organized, detailed, and insightful. All data and analysis are accurate. Submitted on time. (9-10)	Report is complete, well-organized, and accurate. All required sections are present and data is correctly reported. Submitted on time. (7-8)	Report has minor errors in data or analysis, or is missing some minor components. Organization could be clearer. (5-6)	Report is incomplete, contains significant errors, is poorly organized, or is submitted late without a valid reason. (3-4)	Fails to submit a report, or the submitted work is of completely unacceptable quality and lacks critical information. (0-2)

Rubrics for SEE / CIE Test: (CIE test -To be conducted for 50 marks and the marks obtained shall be reduced to 20) (SEE-To be conducted for 50 marks)					
Performance Indicators	Excellent	Good	Satisfactory	Needs Improvement	Poor
Execution (PO3 & PO5) (8)/(40)	Executes operations accurately with correct parameters; smooth, safe handling of equipment. (7-8) / (33-40)	Minor execution errors; mostly correct handling of tools/ machines. (5-6) / (25-32)	Acceptable performance with some parameter or handling errors. (3-4) / (17-24)	Multiple execution errors; needs frequent correction. (2) / (9-16)	Unable to perform operation independently. (0-1)/ (0-8)
Result and Discussion (PO4) (7)/(40)	Presents accurate results; clearly compares with standards; insightful discussion of deviations and causes. (7-8) / (33-40)	Accurate results; some useful discussion. 5-6) / (25-32)	Results mostly correct; discussion basic. (3-4) / (17-24)	Results incomplete or partially wrong; weak discussion. (2) / (9-16)	Presents accurate results; clearly compares with standards; insightful discussion of deviations and causes. (0-1)/ (0-8)
Viva Voce (PO9) (5)/(20)	Answers all questions confidently, showing deep conceptual and practical understanding. (5) / (17-20)	Answers most correctly; minor conceptual gaps. (4) / (13-16)	Answers some but lacks depth. (3) / (9-12)	Gives vague or incomplete answers. (2) / (5-8)	Unable to answer. (1) / (0-4)
- To qualify and become eligible to appear for SEE, in the CIE component, a student must secure a minimum of 50% of 50 marks, i.e., 25 marks. - To pass the SEE component, a student must secure a minimum of 40% of 50 marks, i.e., 20 marks. - A student is deemed to have successfully completed the course if the combined total of CIE and SEE is at least 45 out of 100 marks.					

Dr. Ambedkar Institute of Technology, Bengaluru-560056

B.E. Name of the programme: Mechanical Engineering

Scheme of Teaching and Examination effective from the Academic Year 2025 – 26

Outcome-Based Education (OBE) and Choice-Based Credit System (CBCS) (Effective from the academic year 2026-27)

III SEMESTER

Sl. No	Course	Course Code	Course Title	Teaching Department (TD) and Question Paper Setting Board (PSB)		Teaching & Learning Scheme					Examination				Credits
						CI		LI	TW & SL	# TH/S	Duration in hours	CIE Marks	SEE Marks	Total Marks	
						L	T	P	SL						
1	ASC	1BMAT301A	Probability & Statistics	Mathematics Dept.		42	28	0	50	120	3	50	50	100	4
2	PCC	1BSCET302	Mechanics of Materials	Mechanical Engineering Dept.		42	28	0	50	120	3	50	50	100	4
3	IPCC	1BMEU303	Material Science and Metallurgy	Mechanical Engineering Dept.		42	0	28	50	120	3	50	50	100	4
4	PCC	1BMET304	Basic Thermodynamics	Mechanical Engineering Dept.		28	28	0	34	90	3	50	50	100	3
5	PCC	1BMET305	Casting, Forming, and Welding Technology	Mechanical Engineering Dept.		42	0	0	48	90	3	50	50	100	3
6	PCCL	1BMEL306	Computer Aided Machine Drawing	Mechanical Engineering Dept.		0	0	28	02	30	2	50	50	100	1
7	AEC	1BMEL307	Manufacturing Process Laboratory	Mechanical Engineering Dept.		0	0	28	02	30	2	50	50	100	1
8	SDC	1BPRJ308	Community Project (Project-Based Learning) / Societal Project	Respective Engineering Dept.		0	0	0	30	30	2	50	50	100	1
9	MC	1BCDN309	Placement	Placement Cell		2	0	0	0	--	--	50	--	50	PP/ NP
10	NCMC	1BNSN310	National Service Scheme (NSS)	Campus	NSS coordinator	0	0	0	28	28	--	100	---	100	PP
		1BPEN310	Physical Education (PE) (Sports and Athletics)		Physical Education Director										
		1BYON310	Yoga		Yoga Teacher										
		1BMUN310	Music		Music Teacher										
Total										658		550	400	950	21
11	NCMC	1BMATDIP311	Mathematics course for Lateral Entry Students	TD -Maths Dept.		14	0	0	14	28	3	100	---	100	PP
Total										686		650	400	1050	21

TH/S- Total Hours per Semester, TW & SL- Term Work & Self Learning

Dr. Ambedkar Institute of Technology, Bengaluru-560056															
B.E. Name of the programme: Mechanical Engineering															
Scheme of Teaching and Examination effective from the Academic Year 2025 – 26															
Outcome-Based Education (OBE) and Choice-Based Credit System (CBCS) (Effective from the academic year 2026-27)															
IV SEMESTER															
Sl. No	Course and Course Code		Course Title	Teaching Department (TD) and Question Paper Setting Board (PSB)	Teaching & Learning Scheme				Examination				Credits		
					CI		LI	# TW & SL	TH/S	Duration	CIE Marks	SEE Marks		Total Marks	
					L	T	P								
1	PCC	1BMET401	Fluid Mechanics	Mechanical Engineering Dept.	56	0	0	64	120	3	50	50	100	4	
2	IPCC	1BMEU402	Machining Processes and Engineering Metrology	Mechanical Engineering Dept.	42	0	28	50	120	3	50	50	100	4	
3	PCC	1BMET403	Applied Thermodynamics	Mechanical Engineering Dept.	56	0	0	64	120	3	50	50	100	4	
4	PCC	1BMET404	Kinematics of Machines	Mechanical Engineering Dept.	56	0	0	64	120	3	50	50	100	4	
5	PCCL	1BMEL405	Computer Aided Design and Simulation Lab	Mechanical Engineering Dept.	0	0	28	02	30	2	50	50	100	1	
6	AEC	1BMEL406	Energy Conversion Laboratory	Mechanical Engineering Dept.	0	0	28	02	30	2	50	50	100	1	
7	BSC	1BBIT407C	Biology for Engineers	Mechanical Engineering Dept.	28	0	0	32	60	3	50	50	100	2	
8	SDC	1BEP408	Environmental Science Project	Mechanical Engineering Dept.	0	0	0	30	30	3	50	50	100	1	
9	MC	1BCDN409	Placement	Placement Cell	2	0	0	0	--	--	50	--	50	PP/ NP	
9	NCMC	1BNSN410	National Service Scheme (NSS)	Campus	NSS coordinator	0	0	0	28	28	--	100	---	100	PP
		1BPEN410	Physical Education (PE) (Sports and Athletics)		Physical Education Director										
		1BYON410	Yoga		Yoga Teacher										
		1BMUN410	Music		Music Teacher										
Total									658		550	400	950	21	
10	NCMC	1BMATDIP411	Mathematics course for Lateral Entry Students	TD -Maths Dept/ VTU Online (COE).	14	0	0	14	28	--	100	--	100	PP	
Total									686		650	400	1050	21	
# TH/S- Total Hours per Semester, TW & SL- Term Work & Self Learning,															

Course Title	PROBABILITY AND STATISTICS						
Course Code	1BSCET301						
Course Category	ASC (Applied Science Course)						
Teaching - Learning Scheme & Credit	L	T	P	S	Total	Total Teaching Hours	Credit
	03	02	0	4	5	42+28+50=120	4
CIE Marks: 50	SEE Marks: 50		Total Max. Marks: 100			Duration of SEE: 03 Hrs	

Course Learning Objectives:

This course is proposed to impart to the students the skills to identify and solve problems in their field of study involving the application of numerical and probability distribution techniques.

SYLLABUS	No. of Hours	BTLs
UNIT 1	10	L1-L4
Statistical techniques: Curve fitting by method of least squares: $y = ax + b$, $y = ax^2 + bx + c$ and $y = ab^x$. Correlation–Karl Pearson’s coefficient of correlation, Regression analysis – lines of regression (without proof), angle between regression lines-problems.		
<u>SELF-STUDY COMPONENTS:</u> Rank correlation, Growth modeling.		
UNIT 2	10	L1-L4
Probability Distributions: Random variables (discrete and continuous), probability mass and density functions. Mathematical expectation and variance. Binomial, Poisson, normal and exponential distributions- only problems		
<u>SELF-STUDY COMPONENTS:</u> Geometric and Gamma distributions, Application to transmission errors in noise media.		
UNIT 3	10	L1-L4
Joint Probability Distributions and Markov Chains: Introduction, Joint probability and Joint distribution of discrete random variables, Markov chains, Classification of Stochastic processes, Probability vector, Stochastic matrix, Regular stochastic matrix, Transition probabilities and Transition probability matrix.		
<u>SELF-STUDY COMPONENTS:</u> Joint probability and Joint distribution of continuous random variables.		
UNIT 4	10	L1-L4
Numerical Solutions of Partial Differential Equations: Solutions of Laplace equation-Gauss-Seidel method, one dimensional heat equation- Bendre-Schmidt method. Wave Equation-Finite difference method. Reynold's number, critical Reynold's number, laminar flow through circular pipe-Hagen Poiseille's equation, laminar flow between parallel and stationary plates. Numerical problems.		
<u>SELF-STUDY COMPONENTS:</u> Solutions of Poisson equations, Finite element methods.		
UNIT 5	10	L1-L4

Calculus of variations: Variation of a function and a functional, Euler's equation-standard variational problems, Geodesics on a plane surface and hanging cable problems.

SELF-STUDY COMPONENTS:

Isoperimetric problems, Rayleigh Ritz method -problems.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. B. S. Grewal, Higher Engineering Mathematics. Khanna Publishers, New Delhi.
2. E. Kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, John Wiley and Sons.
3. Glyn James, Advanced modern Engineering Mathematics, Pearson Publications.
4. S.S. Sastry, Introductory methods of numerical analysis, PHI.
5. H.C. Taneja, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Volume I & II, I.K. International Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- | | |
|---|--|
| 1 | B. V. Ramana, Higher Engineering Mathematics, McGraw-Hill Education.. |
| 2 | Srimanta Pal & Subodh C. Bhunia, Engineering Mathematics, Oxford University Press |
| 3 | C. Ray Wylie, Louis C. Barrett, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, McGraw Hill Book Co., New York |
| 4 | H.K. Dass and Er. Rajnish Verma, Higher Engineering Mathematics, S. Chand Publication |

e-LEARNING RESOURCES:

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1 | http://nptel.ac.in/courses.php?disciplineID=111 |
| 2 | http://www.class-central.com/subject/math(MOOCs) |
| 3 | VTU e-Shikshana Program |
| 2 | VTU EDUSAT Program |

Assessment Details both (CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) and Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50% each. The students have to obtain a minimum of 40% marks individually both in CIE and SEE to pass.

CIE: The CIE has three components – CIE - theory component, assignment and group activity. Students have to score a minimum of 40% Marks in the total of CIE - theory, assignment and group activity components put together to take SEE.

SEE: Theory Semester End Exam (SEE) is conducted for 100 marks (3 Hours duration) and reduced to 50 Marks.

****Self-Study Component should be not included for SEE & CIE.**

CONTINUOUS INTERNAL EVALUATION (CIE)		Max. Marks	Minimum Marks to be scored in CIE, to qualify to take SEE (40% individually)
Theory	Weightage of CIE1 and CIE2 Tests or CIE3	50	20
TOTAL		50	20

QUESTION PAPER PATTERN (SEE)										
Q. No.	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6	Q7	Q8	Q9	Q10
UNIT	1		2		3		4		5	
1. Two full questions (each of 20 Marks) are to be set from each unit.										
2. Student shall answer five full questions selecting one full question from each unit.										

Course Outcomes: After the completion of the course, the student will be able to:	
CO1	Apply the Statistical techniques to obtain or fit a curve for the specified data. This helps the students to learn the numerical part of estimating the curve
CO2	Employ the knowledge of probability models arising in the engineering field using basic concepts of probability, random variables and probability distributions
CO3	Identify and solve problems involving random variables, probability distributions and Markov chains connected to digital signal processing, information code theory and structural engineering.
CO4	Apply numerical methods to identify and solve problems related to fluid mechanics, gas dynamics, heat and mass transfer, thermodynamics, vibrations, automatic control systems, kinematics, design etc
CO5	Analyze the basic concepts of calculus of variations, numerical and statistical methods.

Mapping of CO's, PO's with PSO's														
Strength of correlation: Strongly related-3, Moderately related-2, Weakly related-1, Not related-0														
CO	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO10	PO11	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3
CO 1	3	3	3	0	0	0	2	1	1	1	0	1	-	-
CO 2	3	3	2	0	0	0	2	1	1	1	0	1	-	-
CO 3	3	3	3	0	0	0	2	1	1	1	0	1	-	-
CO 4	3	3	3	0	0	0	2	1	1	1	0	1	-	-
CO 5	3	3	3	0	0	0	2	1	1	1	0	1	-	-

Mapping of CO's with Knowledge and Attitude Profile (WK)										
Strength of correlation: Strongly related-3, Moderately related-2, Weakly related-1, Not related-0										
CO	WK1	WK2	WK3	WK4	WK5	WK6	WK7	WK8	WK9	
CO1	3	3	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	
CO2	2	3	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	
CO3	2	3	3	2	1	0	0	0	0	
CO4	2	2	2	3	1	1	1	0	0	
CO5	2	3	3	3	2	1	1	1	1	

Mapping of CO's with Sustainable Development Goals (SDG)																	
Strength of correlation: Strongly related-3, Moderately related-2, Weakly related-1, Not related-0																	
CO/SDG	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
CO1	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CO2	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CO3	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
CO4	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CO5	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	3	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0

Course Coordinators:

Dr. Divya Darshini S
Assistant Professor,
Mathematics

Dr. Latha D N
Assistant Professor,
Mathematics

Heads of Programme

Shivaprassana G S,
Associate Professor,
Mathematics

Head of School

Dr. Jambunath Baligar,
Professor,
School of Basic Sciences
and Humanities, Dr. A.I.T

Course Title	MECHANICS OF MATERIALS						
Course Code	1BSCET302						
Course Category	PCC (Professional Core Course)						
Teaching - Learning Scheme & Credit	L	T	P	S	Total	Total Hours	Credit
	3	1	0	3	3	42+28+0+50=120	4
CIE Marks: 50	SEE Marks: 50		Total Max. Marks: 100			Duration of SEE: 03 Hrs	
Common Branches	CV/ME/AE/IM						

Course Learning Objectives:	
CLO1	Understand the concepts of stress, strain, elastic constants, and deformation behavior of engineering materials under different loading conditions.
CLO2	Analyze biaxial stress systems and determine principal stresses and maximum shear stresses using analytical and graphical methods.
CLO3	Evaluate shear force and bending moment distributions in beams subjected to various loading conditions.
CLO4	Apply the theory of bending and shear stress distribution for the analysis and design of beam sections.
CLO5	Analyze torsional behavior of shafts and stress distribution in thin and thick cylindrical pressure vessels used in engineering applications.

SYLLABUS	No. of Hours	BTLs
UNIT: 1	9	L1-L4
SIMPLE STRESS AND STRAIN: Definition & types of stresses and strains, Stress strain diagram for brittle and ductile materials - Poisson's ratio & volumetric strain – Elastic constants – relationship between elastic constants and Poisson's ratio – Generalized Hooke's law – Deformation of simple and compound bars, Thermal stresses, Principle of Superposition.		
SELF-STUDY COMPONENTS: Analysis of bars of varying cross-sections, Stresses in Composite Sections.		
UNIT: 2	9	L1-L4
BI-AXIAL STRESS SYSTEM: Introduction, plane stress, stresses on inclined sections, principal stresses and maximum shear stresses, Stresses on an oblique section of a body subjected to a direct stress in one plane, Stresses on an oblique section of a body subjected to a direct stress in two mutually perpendicular directions – analytical & graphical method - Mohr's circle for plane stress.		
SELF-STUDY COMPONENTS: Stresses on an oblique section of a body subjected to a simple shear stress, direct stress in one plane and accompanied by a simple shear stress, direct stresses in mutually perpendicular directions and accompanied by a simple shear stress		
UNIT: 3	8	L1-L4
BENDING MOMENT AND SHEAR FORCES IN BEAMS: Definition of beam – Types of beams – Concept of shear force and bending moment – S.F and B.M diagrams for cantilever, simply supported and overhanging beams subjected to point loads, uniformly distributed loads, uniformly varying loads, couple and combination of these loads – Point of contra flexure.		

SELF-STUDY COMPONENTS: Load and Bending moment diagrams from shear force diagram, Beams subjected to inclined loads, SF and BM diagrams for inclined beams.		
UNIT 4	8	L1-L4
THEORY OF SIMPLE BENDING: Assumptions – Derivation of bending equation - Neutral axis – Determination of bending stresses – section modulus of rectangular and circular sections (Solid and Hollow), I, T – Design of simple beam sections SHEAR STRESSES: Derivation of formula – Shear stress distribution across various beams sections - rectangular, circular, triangular, I, and T sections.		
SELF-STUDY COMPONENTS: Bending Stresses in Unsymmetrical sections, Distribution of shear stresses over miscellaneous section.		
UNIT 5	8	L1-L4
TORSION OF CIRCULAR SHAFTS: Introduction, pure torsion, assumptions, derivation of torsional equations, polar modulus, torsional rigidity / stiffness of shafts, power transmitted by solid and hollow circular shafts. THICK AND THIN CYLINDERS: Stresses in thin cylinders, Lamé's equation for thick cylinders subjected to internal and external pressures, Changes in dimensions of cylinder (diameter, length and volume), simple numericals.		
SELF-STUDY COMPONENTS: Torsion in shaft of varying cross sections, Composite shafts, Shaft couplings, Stresses in thin and thick cylindrical shells. THEORY OF COLUMNS – Long column and short column - Euler's formula – Rankine's formula.		

TEXT BOOKS:	
1	"Strength of Materials", R.S. Khurmi, S Chand Publishers, 2019.
2	"Strength of Materials", S.S. Rattan, Second Edition, Tata McGraw Hill Education India.
3	"Strength of Materials", S. Ramamrutham, Twentieth Edition, Dhanpat Rai & Sons.
4	"Strength of Materials", R.K. Bansal, laxmi Publications Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2018.

REFERENCE BOOKS:	
1	"Mechanics of Materials", James. M. Gere, Thomson, Fifth edition 2004.
2	"Mechanics of Materials", in S.I. Units, Ferdinand Beer & Russell Johnston, TMH.
3	"Strength of Materials", S.S.Bhavikatti, Vikas Publishing House -1 Pvt. Ltd., 2017
4	"Advanced Mechanics of Solids", L S Srinath, McGraw Hill Education India, 2017.
e-LEARNING RESOURCES:	
1	Web Links: https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc22_ce46/preview
2	Virtual Lab: https://sm-nitk.vlabs.ac.in/

Assessment Details both (CIE and SEE)			
The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) and Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50% each. The students have to obtain a minimum of 40% marks individually both in CIE and SEE to pass. CIE: The CIE has three components – CIE - theory component, assignment and group activity. Students have to score a minimum of 40% Marks in the total of CIE - theory, assignment and group activity components put together to take SEE. SEE: Theory Semester End Exam (SEE) is conducted for 100 marks (3 Hours duration) and reduced to 50 Marks. **Self-Study Component should be included CIE under Qsn. No. 2c).			
CONTINUOUS INTERNAL EVALUATION (CIE)		Max. Marks	Minimum Marks to be scored in CIE, to qualify to take SEE (40% individually)
Theory	Weightage of CIE1 and CIE2 Tests or CIE3	50	20
TOTAL		50	20

QUESTION PAPER PATTERN (SEE)										
Q. No.	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6	Q7	Q8	Q9	Q10
UNIT	1		2		3		4		5	
1. Two full questions (each of 20 Marks) are to be set from each unit.										
2. Student shall answer five full questions selecting one full question from each unit.										

Course Outcomes: After the completion of the course, the student will be able to:	
CO1	Understand the concepts of stress, strain, elastic constants, thermal stresses, and determine deformation in simple and composite members subjected to axial loading.
CO2	Analyze biaxial stress systems and determine principal stresses, principal planes, and maximum shear stresses using analytical methods and Mohr's circle.
CO3	Construct and interpret shear force and bending moment diagrams for beams subjected to different types of loads.
CO4	Determine bending and shear stresses in beam sections and design simple beam sections based on strength requirements.
CO5	Analyze torsional stresses in circular shafts and evaluate stresses and dimensional changes in thin and thick cylinders subjected to pressure loading.

Mapping of CO's, PO's with PSO's														
Strength of correlation: Strongly related-3, Moderately related-2, Weakly related-1														
CO / PO	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO10	PO11	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3
CO 1	3	3	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	-	-
CO 2	3	3	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	-	-
CO 3	3	3	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	-	-
CO 4	3	3	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	-	-

CO 5	3	3	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	-	-
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Mapping of CO's with Knowledge and Attitude Profile (WK)									
Strength of correlation: Strongly related-3, Moderately related-2, Weakly related-1									
CO/WK	WK1	WK2	WK3	WK4	WK5	WK6	WK7	WK8	WK9
CO1	3	3	2	2	1	-	-	-	1
CO2	3	3	3	2	2	-	-	-	1
CO3	3	3	3	3	2	-	-	-	1
CO4	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	-	1
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	2	1	-	2

Mapping of CO's with Sustainable Development Goals (SDG)																	
Strength of correlation: Strongly related-3, Moderately related-2, Weakly related-1, Not related-0																	
CO/SDG	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
CO1	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	2	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO2	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	3	-	2	1	-	-	-	-	-
CO3	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	3	-	3	2	1	-	-	-	-
CO4	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	3	-	3	3	2	-	-	-	-
CO5	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	3	-	3	3	2	-	-	-	1

Course Coordinators:

Prof. Rajesh Chandra C.,
Assistant Professor,
Mechanical Engineering

Dr. C. R. Mahesha,
Assistant Professor,
Industrial Engineering
& Management

Prof. Purnima K. B.
Assistant Professor,
Civil Engineering

Prof. Archana M.
Assistant Professor,
Aeronautical
Engineering

Heads of Program:

Dr. Sathish S.,
Professor,
Mechanical Engineering

Dr. Rajeshwari P.,
Professor,
Industrial Engineering &
Management

Dr. Syed Abu Sayeed
Mohammed,
Associate Professor,
Civil Engineering

Dr. Kumara Thanaiah,
Assistant Professor,
Aeronautical
Engineering

Head of School

Dr. S. Kavitha,
Professor,
School of Core Engineering and Technology, Dr. A.I.T

Course Title	MATERIAL SCIENCE AND METALLURGY						
Course Code	1BMEU303						
Course Category	IPCC (Integrated Professional Core Course)						
Teaching - Learning Scheme & Credit	L	T	P	S	Total	Total Teaching Hours	Credit
	3	0	1	0	4	42+0+28+50=120	4
CIE Marks: 50	SEE Marks: 50		Total Max. Marks: 100			Duration of SEE: 03 Hrs	

Course Learning Objectives:	
CLO1	Know the fundamental science and engineering principles relevant to engineering materials
CLO2	Understand the intricacies involved in characterization, processing and design of materials.
CLO3	Have the necessary theoretical and experimental skills for a pursuit in professional career.
CLO4	Possess an intrinsic knowledge of the significance of different materials, the value of continued learning and environmental / social issues surrounding materials.
CLO5	The student should be able to understand all basic principles involved in the application of materials for different engineering sectors.

SYLLABUS	No. of Hours	BTLs
UNIT 1	8	L1-L4
CRYSTAL STRUCTURES, MECHANICAL BEHAVIOUR AND PLASTIC DEFORMATION : Introduction to types of crystal structures, imperfection in solids, diffusion, stress-strain diagram showing ductile and brittle behavior of materials, linear and nonlinear elastic behavior and properties, mechanical properties in plastic region, yield strength, offset yield strength, ductility, malleability, ultimate tensile strength, toughness. Simple problems on stress and strain.		
SELF-STUDY COMPONENTS: Plastic deformation of single crystal by slip and twinning, strain hardening and strain aging		
UNIT 2	8	L1-L4
FAILURE OF MATERIALS: Types of fracture, Griffith criteria for brittle fracture, distinguishing features of brittle and ductile fracture. Description of the creep phenomenon with examples, three stages of creep deformation and creep properties. Types of fatigue loading with examples, fatigue properties, fatigue testing and SN diagram.		
SELF-STUDY COMPONENTS: Mechanism of fatigue		
UNIT 3	8	L1-L4
SOLIDIFICATION AND PHASE DIAGRAMS: Mechanism of solidification, homogenous and heterogeneous nucleation, crystal growth, cast metal structures. Solid solutions Hume Rothary rule, substitutional and interstitial solid solutions, intermediate phases and Gibbs phase rule. Types of phase diagrams, construction of equilibrium diagrams, lever rule, and simple problems on phase diagrams. Iron carbon equilibrium diagram, description of phases.		
SELF-STUDY COMPONENTS: Construction of equilibrium diagrams involving complete and partial solubility.		
UNIT 4	9	L1-L4
HEAT TREATMENT, FERROUS AND NON-FERROUS ALLOYS: TTT curves, Annealing and its types, normalizing, hardening, tempering, martempering, austempering, hardenability, surface		

hardening methods like carburizing, cyaniding, nitriding, flame hardening and induction hardening. Steel and its classification, properties, composition and applications of grey cast iron, malleable iron, Copper alloys-brasses and bronzes.		
SELF-STUDY COMPONENTS: Continuous Cooling Transformation curves (CCT), Aluminum alloys-Al-Cu, Al-Si, Al-Zn alloys.		
UNIT 5	9	L1-L4
COMPOSITE MATERIALS: classification, properties, characteristics, and applications of PMCs, MMCs, CMCs and Carbon-Carbon Composites. Smart Materials: Smart materials and types of smart materials–piezo-electric, shape memory alloys, superelasticity, Biological applications of smart materials-materials used as implants in human body. BIOMATERIALS: Introduction, Materials used as biomaterials, advantages, disadvantages and applications.		
SELF-STUDY COMPONENTS: Aerospace applications of composite materials and smart materials.		

Material Testing Laboratory		
Exp. No.	List of Experiments	No. of Hours
01	Determination of Tensile Strength of the given material using UTM.	(14 Slots) 28
02	Determination of Compressive Strength of the given material using UTM.	
03	Determination of Shear Strength of the given material using UTM.	
04	Determination of Fatigue Strength of the given material.	
05	Determination of Impact Strength of the given material Impact testing machine (Izod and Charpy Impact Tests)	
06	Determination of Hardness of the given material using Hardness testing machine (Vicker's, Brinell & Rockwell)	
07	Determination of Torsion Strength of the given material.	
08	Bending of beams – Simply Supported (2 Point & 3 Point Bending Tests)	
09	Non-destructive testing I – Magnetic Particle Inspection	
10	Non-destructive testing II – Dye Penetrant Test	
<u>Self-Study Component:</u> (Virtual Lab)Direct Shear Test on Mild Steel Rod, Mild Steel Plate, Bending Test on Mild Steel, Tensile & Compression Test on Cast Iron.		

TEXT BOOKS:	
1	Foundations of Materials Science and Engineering, Smith, 4th Edition, McGraw Hill, 2009.
2	Material science and Engineering and Introduction, William D. Callister, Wiley, 2006.
3	Materials Science, Shackelford and M. K. Muralidhara, Pearson Publication –2007.
4	Material Science by V. Raghavan, Fifth Edition, PHI (P) LTD.
5	Biomaterials, Sujata V. Bhat, Narosa Publishing House, 2002.

REFERENCE BOOKS:	
1	The Science and Engineering of Materials, Donald R. Asklund and Pradeep.P. Phule, Cengage Learning, 4th

	Ed.,
2	Mechanical Metallurgy, George Ellwood Dieter, McGraw-Hill.
3	ASM Handbooks, American Society of Metals.
4	Smart Materials and Structures, M V Gandhi and B S Thompson Chapman & Hall
5	Material Science and Engineering (SI Units), R.K. Rajput
e-LEARNING RESOURCES:	
1	Videos and Lecture Notes: https://nptel.ac.in/courses/113102080

Assessment Details both (CIE and SEE)			
The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) and Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50% each. The students have to obtain a minimum of 40% marks individually both in CIE and SEE to pass. CIE: The CIE has two components – CIE - theory component and CIE – laboratory component. Students have to score a minimum of 40% Marks in the total of CIE - theory and CIE – laboratory components put together, provided students have to score a minimum of 40% marks in CIE laboratory component alone to qualify to take SEE. Theory Semester End Exam (SEE) is conducted for 100 marks (3 Hours duration) and reduced to 50 Marks. **Self-Study Component should be not included for SEE & CIE.			
CONTINUOUS INTERNAL EVALUATION (CIE)		Max. Marks	Minimum Marks to be scored in CIE, to qualify to take SEE (40% individually)
Theory	Weightage of CIE1 and CIE2 Tests or CIE3	30	12
Laboratory components	Rubrics for experiment are added, then taken average	10	08
	Lab CIE	10	
TOTAL		50	20

QUESTION PAPER PATTERN (SEE)										
Q. No.	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6	Q7	Q8	Q9	Q10
UNIT	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1. Two full questions (each of 20 Marks) are to be set from each unit.										
2. Student shall answer five full questions selecting one full question from each unit.										

Course Outcomes: After the completion of the course, the student will be able to:	
CO1	Differentiate crystal structures, imperfections, diffusion in solids, elastic and plastic properties of metal materials.
CO2	Analyze the various types of fracture, stages of creep and fatigue failure.
CO3	Describe mechanism of solidification, cast metal structure and rules for formation of solid solution.
CO4	Develop a capability to read a binary phase diagram and predict the properties that can be obtained by heat treatment and to know the characteristics and application of ferrous and nonferrous metals.

CO5	Know the physical and mechanical properties of composite materials also about the characteristics and applications of smart materials and biomaterials.
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Mapping of CO's, PO's with PSO's														
Strength of correlation: Strongly related-3, Moderately related-2, Weakly related-1, Not related-0														
CO	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO10	PO11	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3
CO 1	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-
CO 2	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-
CO 3	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-
CO 4	3	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-
CO 5	3	1	1	-	-	2	1	-	-	-	-	3	-	1

Mapping of CO's with Knowledge and Attitude Profile (WK)										
Strength of correlation: Strongly related-3, Moderately related-2, Weakly related-1, Not related-0										
CO	WK1	WK2	WK3	WK4	WK5	WK6	WK7	WK8	WK9	
CO1	3	2	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	
CO2	3	2	3	2	1	0	0	0	0	
CO3	3	1	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	
CO4	3	1	3	2	1	0	0	0	0	
CO5	3	1	3	2	1	1	1	0	0	

Mapping of CO's with Sustainable Development Goals (SDG)																	
Strength of correlation: Strongly related-3, Moderately related-2, Weakly related-1, Not related-0																	
CO/SDG	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
CO1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
CO2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0
CO3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
CO4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
CO5	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0

Course Coordinator:

Dr. Mohan Kumar B.
Assistant Professor
Mechanical Engineering

Heads of Programme:

Dr. Sathish S,
Professor,
Mechanical Engineering

Course Title	BASIC THERMODYNAMICS						
Course Code	1BMET304						
Course Category	PCC (Professional Core Course)						
Teaching - Learning Scheme & Credit	L	T	P	S	Total	Total Teaching Hours	Credit
	1	1	0	3	3	28+28+0+34=90	3
CIE Marks: 50	SEE Marks: 50		Total Max. Marks: 100			Duration of SEE: 03 Hrs	

Course Learning Objectives:	
CLO1	Learn about thermodynamic system and its equilibrium, basic law of zeroth law of thermodynamics
CLO2	Understand various forms of energy - heat transfer and work, Study the first law of thermodynamics.
CLO3	Study the second law of thermodynamics and entropy to solve practical engineering problems
CLO4	Interpret the behavior of pure substances and its application in practical problems
CLO5	Study of Ideal and real gases and evaluation of thermodynamic properties

SYLLABUS	No. of Hours	BTLs
UNIT 1	8	L1-L4
INTRODUCTION AND REVIEW OF FUNDAMENTAL CONCEPTS: Thermodynamic definition and scope, Microscopic and Macroscopic approaches. Characteristics of system boundary and control surface, examples. Thermodynamic properties; definition and units, intensive, extensive properties, specific properties, pressure, specific volume, Thermodynamic state, state point, state diagram, path and process, quasi-static process, cyclic and non-cyclic; processes; Thermodynamic equilibrium; definition, mechanical equilibrium; diathermic wall, thermal equilibrium, chemical equilibrium Zeroth law of thermodynamics, Temperature; concepts, scales, international fixed points and measurement of temperature. Constant volume gas thermometer, constant pressure gas thermometer, mercury in glass thermometer, thermocouples, electrical resistance thermometer. Numerical.		
WORK AND HEAT: Mechanics, definition of work and its limitations. Thermodynamic definition of work; examples, sign convention. Displacement work; as a part of a system boundary, as a whole of a system boundary, expressions for displacement work in various processes through p-v diagrams. Shaft work: Electrical work. Other types of work. Heat; definition, units and sign convention. Problems.		
SELF-STUDY COMPONENTS: Applications of thermodynamics, Modern temperature sensors, Case study of thermodynamic systems used in daily life, Comparison of various temperature measuring instruments.		
UNIT 2	8	L1-L4
FIRST LAW OF THERMODYNAMICS: Joules experiments, equivalence of heat and work. Statement of the First law of thermodynamics, extension of the First law to non - cyclic processes, energy, energy as a property, modes of energy, Problems.		
EXTENSION OF THE FIRST LAW TO CONTROL VOLUME: Steady flow energy equation (SFEE), Problems.		

<u>SELF-STUDY COMPONENTS:</u> The Joule Experiment Recreation, Expanding the First Law from a fixed mass (control mass) to flowing fluids (control volume), The SFEE Component Breakdown : Create a reference matrix analyzing how the general SFEE simplifies for different engineering devices.		
UNIT 3	8	L1-L4
SECOND LAW OF THERMODYNAMICS: Limitations of first law of thermodynamics, Thermal reservoir, heat engine and heat pump: Schematic representation, efficiency and COP. Reversed heat engine. Kelvin - Planck statement of the Second law of Thermodynamics; PMM I and PMM II, Clausius statement of Second law of Thermodynamics, Equivalence of the two statements; Carnot cycle, Carnot principles. Problems. ENTROPY: Clausius inequality, Statement- proof, Entropy- definition, a property, change of entropy, entropy as a quantitative test for irreversibility, principle of increase in entropy, entropy as a coordinate. Problems.		
<u>SELF-STUDY COMPONENTS:</u> Comparative study of heat engine, refrigerator, and heat pump. Case study on PMM-I and PMM-II with examples. Applications of the Second Law of Thermodynamics in engineering systems. Study and presentation on Carnot cycle and its practical limitations. Practice problems on efficiency, COP, and Carnot efficiency calculations		
UNIT 4	9	L1-L4
AVAILABILITY, IRREVERSIBILITY AND GENERAL THERMODYNAMIC RELATIONS: Introduction, Availability (Exergy), Unavailable energy, Relation between increase in unavailable energy and increase in entropy. Maximum work, maximum useful work for a system and control volume, irreversibility. Problems. PURE SUBSTANCES: P-T and P-V diagrams, triple point and critical points. Sub-cooled liquid, saturated liquid, mixture of saturated liquid and vapor, saturated vapor and superheated vapor states of pure substance with water as example. Enthalpy of change of phase (Latent heat). Dryness fraction (quality), T-S and H-S diagrams, representation of various processes on these diagram.		
SELF-STUDY COMPONENTS: Case studies of irreversible processes in thermal systems. Phase transformation of water and interpretation of P-V diagrams. Comparative study of triple point and critical point. Interpretation of thermodynamic processes on T-S and H-S diagrams. Practice assignments on availability, irreversibility, and steam properties		
UNIT 5	9	L1-L4
IDEAL GASES: Ideal gas mixtures, Daltons law of partial pressures, Amagat's law of additive volumes, evaluation of properties of perfect and ideal gases, Air- Water mixtures and related properties, Fundamentals of Thermodynamics with AI and ML, Use of AI-based models for prediction of gas properties from pressure, volume and temperature data, Application of AI/ML regression models for predicting thermodynamic properties of ideal gases. REAL GASES: Introduction, Van-der Waal's Equation of state, Van-der Waal's constants in terms of critical properties, Beattie-Bridgeman equation, Law of corresponding states, compressibility factor; compressibility chart. Difference between Ideal and real gases, Machine Learning models for predicting real-gas behaviour and thermodynamic properties, Development of simple ML models for predicting heat, work, entropy, efficiency and gas properties.		

SELF-STUDY COMPONENTS:

Applications of gas mixture laws in engineering, Industrial applications of air–water vapor mixtures, Comparative study of equations of state, Case studies on high-pressure gas storage and transport. Use of compressibility charts for engineering calculations.

TEXT BOOKS:

1	“Engineering Thermodynamics” by P.K. Nag (7th Edition, 2020).
2	“A Textbook of Engineering Thermodynamics” by R.K. Rajput (5th Edition, 2016).
3	“Thermodynamics: An Engineering Approach (Indian Adaptation)” by Yunus A. Çengel, Michael A. Boles, and S. Bhattacharya (9th Edition, 2019) .
4	“Fundamentals of Engineering Thermodynamics” by E. Rathakrishnan (2nd Edition, 2010).

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1	Thermodynamics: An Engineering Approach by Yunus A. Çengel and Michael A. Boles
2	Thermodynamics by S.K. Som (2nd Edition, 2011)
3	Fundamentals of Engineering Thermodynamics by Michael J. Moran and Howard N. Shapiro (9th Edition, 2018)
4	Fundamentals of Thermodynamics by Claus Borgnakke and Richard E. Sonntag (10th Edition, 2019)

e-LEARNING RESOURCES:

1	Web Links: 1. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=GjPqDbasrMo , 2. https://www.google.com/search?q=https://www.youtube.com/playlist%3Flist%3DPLD7E2B0B003254424..
2	Virtual Lab: https://www.google.com/search?q=https://www.youtube.com/playlist%3Flist%3DPLD7E2B0B003254424 .

Assessment Details both (CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) and Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50% each. The students have to obtain a minimum of 40% marks individually both in CIE and SEE to pass.
CIE: The CIE has three components – CIE - theory component, assignment and group activity. Students have to score a minimum of 40% Marks in the total of CIE - theory, assignment and group activity components put together to take SEE.
SEE: Theory Semester End Exam (SEE) is conducted for 100 marks (3 Hours duration) and reduced to 50 Marks.
****Self-Study Component should be not included for SEE & CIE.**

CONTINUOUS INTERNAL EVALUATION (CIE)		Max. Marks	Minimum Marks to be scored in CIE, to qualify to take SEE (40% individually)
Theory	Weightage of CIE1 and CIE2 Tests or CIE3	50	20
TOTAL		50	20

QUESTION PAPER PATTERN (SEE)										
Q. No.	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6	Q7	Q8	Q9	Q10
UNIT	1	2	3	4	5					
1. Two full questions (each of 20 Marks) are to be set from each unit.										
2. Student shall answer five full questions selecting one full question from each unit.										

Course Outcomes: After the completion of the course, the student will be able to:	
CO1	Explain fundamentals of thermodynamics and evaluate energy interactions across the boundary of Thermodynamic system.
CO2	Apply 1st law of thermodynamics to closed and open systems and determine quantity of energy transfers.
CO3	Evaluate the feasibility of cyclic and non-cyclic processes using 2nd law of thermodynamics.
CO4	Apply the knowledge of entropy, reversibility and irreversibility to solve numerical problems and interpret the behaviour of pure substances and its applications in practical.
CO5	Recognize differences between ideal and real gases and evaluate thermodynamic properties of ideal and real gases mixture using various relations.

Mapping of CO's, PO's with PSO's														
Strength of correlation: Strongly related-3, Moderately related-2, Weakly related-1, Not related-0														
CO	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO10	PO11	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3
CO 1	3	2	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	3	0
CO 2	3	3	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	3	0
CO 3	3	2	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	2	0
CO 4	3	3	2	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	3	2
CO 5	3	2	2	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	3	2

Mapping of CO's with Knowledge and Attitude Profile (WK)										
Strength of correlation: Strongly related-3, Moderately related-2, Weakly related-1, Not related-0										
CO	WK1	WK2	WK3	WK4	WK5	WK6	WK7	WK8	WK9	
CO1	3	2	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	
CO2	3	3	3	1	1	0	0	0	0	
CO3	3	3	3	2	1	1	2	0	0	
CO4	3	3	3	2	1	0	1	0	0	
CO5	3	3	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	

Mapping of CO's with Sustainable Development Goals (SDG)																	
Strength of correlation: Strongly related-3, Moderately related-2, Weakly related-1, Not related-0																	
CO/SDG	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
CO1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CO2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
CO3	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	2	0	1	2	2	0	0	0	0
CO4	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	2	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
CO5	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Course Coordinators:

Dr. Vinod .K .L,
Assistant Professor,
Mechanical Engineering

Heads of Programme:

Dr. Sathish S,
Professor,
Mechanical Engineering

Course Title	CASTING, FORMING, AND WELDING TECHNOLOGY						
Course Code	1BMET305						
Course Category	PCC (Professional Core Course)						
Teaching - Learning Scheme & Credit	L	T	P	S	Total	Total Teaching Hours	Credit
	3	0	0	3	3	42+0+0+48=90	3
CIE Marks: 50	SEE Marks: 50		Total Max. Marks: 100			Duration of SEE: 03 Hrs	

Course Learning Objectives:	
CLO1	To provide knowledge of various casting process in manufacturing.
CLO2	To provide in-depth knowledge on metallurgical aspects during solidification of metal and alloys, also to provide detailed information about the moulding processes.
CLO3	To impart knowledge of various joining process used in manufacturing.
CLO4	To impart knowledge about behaviour of materials during welding, and the effect of process parameters in welding
CLO5	To acquaint with the basic knowledge on fundamentals of metal forming processes and also to study various metal forming processes.

SYLLABUS	No. of Hours	BTLs
UNIT 1	8	L1-L4
INTRODUCTION & BASIC MATERIALS USED IN FOUNDRY: Introduction to casting process & steps involved. Metals cast in the foundry-classification, factors that determine the selection of a casting alloy. PATTERNS: Definition, classification, materials used for pattern, various pattern allowances and their importance. SAND MOULDING: Types of base sand, requirement of base sand. Binder, Additive's definition, need and types; preparation of sand moulds. Molding machines- Jolt type, squeeze type and Sand slinger. STUDY OF IMPORTANT MOULDING PROCESS: Green sand, core sand, dry sand, sweep mould, CO2 mould, shell mould, investment mould, plaster mould, cement bonded mould.		
SELF-STUDY COMPONENTS: Classification of various manufacturing processes.		
UNIT 2	8	L1-L4
CORES: Definition, need, types. Method of making cores, Concept of gating (top, bottom, parting line, horn gate) and risers (open, blind) Functions and types. MELTING FURNACES: Classification of furnaces, Gas fired pit furnace, Resistance furnace, Coreless induction furnace, electric arc furnace, constructional features & working principle of cupola furnace. CASTING USING METAL MOULDS: Gravity die casting, pressure die casting, centrifugal casting, squeeze casting, slush casting, thixocasting, and continuous casting processes. Casting defects, their causes and remedies.		
SELF-STUDY COMPONENTS: Introduction to melting furnaces for foundry		

UNIT 3	8	L1-L4
WELDING PROCESSES OPERATING PRINCIPLE, BASIC EQUIPMENT, MERITS AND APPLICATIONS OF: Fusion welding processes: Gas welding - Types – Flame characteristics; Manual metal arc welding – Gas Tungsten arc welding - Gas metal arc welding – Submerged arc welding.		
<u>SELF-STUDY COMPONENTS:</u> Introduction and classification of welding processes.		
UNIT 4	9	L1-L4
ADVANCE WELDING PROCESSES: Resistance welding processes, friction welding process friction stir welding (FSW) Diffusion welding, WELDABILITY: Concept of weldability of materials; Welding defects and remedies. ALLIED PROCESSES: Soldering, Brazing.		
<u>SELF-STUDY COMPONENTS:</u> Thermal Effects in Welding (Distortion, shrinkage and residual stresses in welded structures), adhesive bonding.		
UNIT 5	9	L1-L4
METAL FORMING PROCESSES INTRODUCTION OF METAL FORMING PROCESS: Mechanical behaviour of metals in elastic and plastic deformation, stress-strain relationships, Yield criteria, Hot working, Cold working. METAL WORKING PROCESSES: Fundamentals of metal working, Analysis of bulk forming processes like forging, rolling, extrusion, wire drawing by slab method. OTHER SHEET METAL PROCESSES: Sheet metal forming processes (Die and punch assembly, Blanking, piercing, bending etc., Compound and Progressive die)		
<u>SELF-STUDY COMPONENTS:</u> Application to tensile testing, strain rate and temperature in metal working, High Energy rate forming processes.		

TEXT BOOKS:	
1	Ghosh, A. and Mallik, A. K., (2017), Manufacturing Science, East-West Press.
2	Parmar R. S., (2007), Welding Processes and Technology, Khanna Publishers.
3	Little R. L. – ‘Welding and Welding Technology’ – Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Limited, New Delhi – 1989
4	Grong O. – ‘Metallurgical Modelling of Welding’ – The Institute of Materials – 1997 – 2nd Edition

REFERENCE BOOKS:	
1	Kou S. – ‘Welding Metallurgy’ – John Wiley Publications, New York – 2003 – 2nd Edition.
2	Principles of foundry technology, 4th edition, P L Jain, Tata McGraw Hill, 2006.
3	Serope Kalpakjian and Steven R. Schmid – ‘Manufacturing Engineering and Technology’ – Prentice Hall – 2013 – 7th Edition
4	Advanced Welding Processes technology and process control, John Norrish, Wood Head Publishing, 2006.
e-LEARNING RESOURCES:	

1	Fundamentals of Manufacturing Processes: Comprehensive coverage of casting, metal forming, and joining processes. (https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112107144)
2	Fundamental of Welding Science and Technology: Detailed modules on fusion welding, solid-state welding, and weldability of metals, highly relevant for Units 3 and 4. (https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112105212)
3	Principles of Metal Forming Technology: Covers stress-strain relationships, yielding, and bulk/sheet metal forming processes for Unit 5. (https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112106153)

Assessment Details both (CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) and Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50% each. The students have to obtain a minimum of 40% marks individually both in CIE and SEE to pass.
CIE: The CIE has three components – CIE - theory component, assignment and group activity. Students have to score a minimum of 40% Marks in the total of CIE - theory, assignment and group activity components put together to take SEE.

SEE: Theory Semester End Exam (SEE) is conducted for 100 marks (3 Hours duration) and reduced to 50 Marks.

****Self-Study Component should be not included for SEE & CIE.**

CONTINUOUS INTERNAL EVALUATION (CIE)		Max. Marks	Minimum Marks to be scored in CIE, to qualify to take SEE (40% individually)
Theory	Weightage of CIE1 and CIE2 Tests or CIE3	50	20
TOTAL		50	20

QUESTION PAPER PATTERN (SEE)

Q. No.	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6	Q7	Q8	Q9	Q10
UNIT	1		2		3		4		5	
1. Two full questions (each of 20 Marks) are to be set from each unit.										
2. Student shall answer five full questions selecting one full question from each unit.										

Course Outcomes: After the completion of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Core, Gating, Riser system and to use Jolt, Squeeze, and Sand Slinger Moulding machines
CO2	Compare the Gas fired pit, Resistance, Coreless, Electrical and Cupola Metal Furnaces. Compare the Gravity, Pressure die, Centrifugal, Squeeze, slush and Continuous Metal mold castings.
CO3	Understand the Solidification process and Casting of Non-Ferrous Metals.
CO4	Describe the Metal Arc, TIG, MIG, Submerged and Atomic Hydrogen Welding processes etc. used in manufacturing.
CO5	Describe the methods of different joining processes and thermal effects in joining process

Mapping of CO's, PO's with PSO's														
Strength of correlation: Strongly related-3, Moderately related-2, Weakly related-1, Not related-0														
CO	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO10	PO11	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3
CO 1	3	1	-	-	2	-	1	-	-	-	-	3	-	-
CO 2	3	2	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	2	-	-
CO 3	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-
CO 4	3	1	-	-	2	-	1	-	-	-	-	3	-	-
CO 5	3	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-

Mapping of CO's with Knowledge and Attitude Profile (WK)										
Strength of correlation: Strongly related-3, Moderately related-2, Weakly related-1, Not related-0										
CO	WK1	WK2	WK3	WK4	WK5	WK6	WK7	WK8	WK9	
CO1	-	-	3	-	-	2	-	-	-	
CO2	-	-	3	2	-	1	-	-	-	
CO3	2	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	
CO4	-	-	3	-	-	3	-	-	-	
CO5	1	-	3	2	-	1	-	-	-	

Mapping of CO's with Sustainable Development Goals (SDG)																	
Strength of correlation: Strongly related-3, Moderately related-2, Weakly related-1, Not related-0																	
CO/SDG	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
CO1	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	2	3	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
CO2	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	2	3	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-
CO3	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	1	3	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-
CO4	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	2	3	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
CO5	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	2	3	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-

Course Coordinator:

Dr. M Mahadevaswamy
Associate Professor,
Mechanical Engineering

Heads of Programme:

Dr. Sathish S,
Professor,
Mechanical Engineering

Course Title	COMPUTER AIDED MACHINE DRAWING						
Course Code	1BMEL306						
Course Category	PCCL (Professional Core Course Laboratory)						
Teaching - Learning Scheme & Credit	L	T	P	S	Total	Total Teaching Hours	Credit
	0	0	28	2	30	30	1
CIE Marks: 50	SEE Marks: 50		Total Max. Marks: 100			Duration of SEE: 03 Hrs	

Course Learning Objectives:	
CLO1	To apply drawing conventions and link design content
CLO2	To sketch appropriate sectional views to communicate information about machine parts
CLO3	To sketch different thread forms to understand thread terminology
CLO4	To sketch different joints using principles of rivets
CLO5	To create geometric models of mechanical parts and assemblies using CAD tool showing all parts

Dra No.	Details of Drawing	No. of hours	BTLs
UNIT 1			
1	Introduction to Solid Work 3D Tools: Introduction to tools, and Sketching, Assembly modelling tools. Self-learning: Create Geometric Shapes, Basic part modelling,	10	L1-L4
2	Sections of Solids: Sectioning, Sectional views, representation of section plane, hatching, sectioning of engineering objects when the axis is inclined to one plane and parallel Self-learning: the other plane of projection – square, pentagonal, hexagonal prisms and pyramids, cylinder & cone.		L1-L4
UNIT 1I			
3	Thread Forms: Thread terminology, sectional view of threads, ISO Metric (Internal & External), BSW (Internal & External), Square and Acme, Sellers thread Self-learning: American Standard Thread, Helical thread inserts	10	L1-L4
4	Rivets: Single and double riveted lap joints, butt joints with single/double cover straps (chain and zigzag, using snap head rivets). Self-learning: Learn the technical differences between blind rivets, solid rivets, and self-piercing rivets (SPR) through Fictiv's Guide		L1-L4
5	Assembly of Joints using 2D Environment: Cotter Joint (socket & spigot), Knuckle Joint (pin joint) Self-learning: Geometric dimensions and tolerancing Gauging and measurement		L1-L4
6	Assembly of Couplings using 2D Environment: Flanged coupling, universal coupling Self-learning: Geometric dimensions and tolerancing functional datum applications		L1-L4
UNIT 1II			
7	Assembly of Lifting Devices (with GD&T) using 3D Environment: Screw Jack (Bottle Type) Self-learning: Geometric dimensions and tolerancing functional datum applications		L1-L4

8	Assembly of I.C. Engine Components (with GD&T) using 3D Environment: Connecting Rod <i>Self-learning:</i> Assembly of Lathe Tail stock	8	L1-L4
9	Assembly of Bearings (with GD&T) using 3D Environment: Plummer Block <i>Self-learning:</i> Assembly of Ramsbottom safety valve		L1-L4

TEXT BOOKS:

1	Solid works 2020 and Engineering Graphics by Randy H Shih, SDC Publications, 2020
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WEB LINKS

1	https://grabcad.com/library/software/solidworks
2	https://my.solidworks.com/training/catalog
3	https://www.solidprofessor.com/tutorials/solidworks

Assessment Details both (CIE and SEE)**CONTINUOUS INTERNAL EVALUATION (CIE)**

CIE has a maximum of 50 marks

1. All the drawings should be drawn in the class using Solid edge software. Sheet sizes should be A4.
2. All sheets must be submitted at the end of the class by taking printouts.
3. CIE Marks is finalized by conducting a test at the end of 10th week of the semester
4. **CIE Marks (50) = Evaluation of Record (Sketch -15 and Printout -15) + Test (20)**

QUESTION PAPER PATTERN (SEE)							TOTAL MARKS
Q. No.	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6	
UNIT	1		2		3		50
MARKS	10		10		30		
1. Two full questions (each of 10 Marks from Unit I and Unit II) are to be set from each unit.							
2. Two full questions (each of 30 Marks from Unit III) are to be set from unit III.							
3. Student shall answer totally three full questions selecting one full question from each unit.							

Course Outcomes: After the completion of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	To select appropriate dimensions, tools to create parts.
CO2	To sketch the sectional views to analyse the interior of the machine assembly

CO3	Create the thread forms, rivets and joints assembly using CAD tool.
CO4	Create the assembly of machine parts using CAD tool.

Mapping of CO's, PO's with PSO's														
Strength of correlation: Strongly related-3, Moderately related-2, Weakly related-1, Not related-0														
CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	3	3	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	0	0
CO2	3	3	3	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	0	0
CO3	3	3	3	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	0	0
CO4	3	3	3	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	0	0

Mapping of CO's with Knowledge and Attitude Profile (WK)										
Strength of correlation: Strongly related-3, Moderately related-2, Weakly related-1, Not related-0										
CO	WK1	WK2	WK3	WK4	WK5	WK6	WK7	WK8	WK9	
CO1	-	-	3	-	-	3	-	-	-	
CO2	-	-	3	-	-	2	-	-	-	
CO3	-	-	2	-	2	3	-	-	-	
CO4	-	-	2	-	3	3	-	-	-	

Mapping of CO's with Sustainable Development Goals (SDG)																	
Strength of correlation: Strongly related-3, Moderately related-2, Weakly related-1, Not related-0																	
CO/SDG	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
CO1	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
CO2	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
CO3	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-
CO4	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-

Course Coordinators:

Dr. M Rajesh
Assistant Professor,
Mechanical Engineering

Heads of Programme:

Dr. Sathish S,
Professor,
Mechanical Engineering

Course Title	MANUFACTURING PROCESS LABORATORY						
Course Code	1BMEL307						
Course Category	AEC (Ability Enhancement Course Laboratory)						
Teaching - Learning Scheme & Credit	L	T	P	S	Total	Total Teaching Hours	Credit
	0	0	28	2	30	30	1
CIE Marks: 50	SEE Marks: 50		Total Max. Marks: 100			Duration of SEE: 03 Hrs	

Course Learning Objectives:	
CLO1	To understand the methods for determining the compression, shear, and tensile strength of molding sand using a universal sand testing machine
CLO2	To learn the procedures for conducting permeability tests, and determining the grain fineness number and clay content of sand mixtures
CLO3	To acquire knowledge on measuring the hardness of molds and cores using a hot air oven.
CLO4	To gain practical skills in preparing various shapes of molds with and without patterns, and observing metal casting demonstrations
CLO5	To understand the principles and applications of non-destructive testing methods such as Visual, Magnetic Particle, Dye Penetrant, and Leak Testing

Syllabus	
PART: A - SAND TESTING	
1	To determine compression strength of a given molding sand specimen using universal sand testing machine.
2	To determine shear strength of a given molding sand specimen using universal sand testing machine.
3	To determine tensile strength of a given molding sand specimen using universal sand testing machine.
4	Conduct a permeability test on a given sand specimen to determine permeability of sand using permeability meter.
5	To determine grain fineness number of a given sand using sieve shaker.
6	To determine clay content in a given sand mixture using clay stirrer.
7	To determine hardness of a mold using hot air oven.
PART: B - FOUNDRY MODELS	
1	Preparation of different shape of molds without using a patterns.
2	Preparation of different shape of molds with using a patterns.
3	Preparation of a casting (Aluminum or cast iron-Demonstration only)
4	NON DESTRUCTIVE TESTING FOR FORGING CASTING AND WELDING Visual, Magnetic Particle, Dye Penetrant and Leak Testing.

Teaching & Learning Process (Innovative Delivery Methods):	
1	Active Learning Techniques
2	Problem-Based Learning (PBL)
3	Team-Based Learning (TBL)
4	Hands-On Experiments and Simulations

TEXT BOOKS:	
1	R.S. Parmar, "Welding Processes and Technology", Khanna Publishers.
2	P.L. Jain, "Principles of Foundry Technology", Tata McGraw Hill.

REFERENCE BOOKS:	
1	Serope Kalpakjian and Steven R. Schmid, "Manufacturing Engineering and Technology", Pearson.
2	Amitabh Ghosh and Asok Kumar Mallik, "Manufacturing Science", East-West Press.
3	J. Prasad and C. G. Krishnadas Nair, "Non-Destructive Test and Evaluation of Materials", Tata McGraw Hill.
e-LEARNING RESOURCES:	
1	Virtual Labs (Ministry of Education): Metal Casting and Welding virtual simulations (vlabs.ac.in).
2	Videos and Lecture Notes: http://www.nptel.ac.in

Assessment Details both (CIE and SEE)			
The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) and Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50% each. The students have to obtain a minimum of 40% marks individually both in CIE and SEE to pass. CIE: The CIE has two components – CIE - theory component and CIE – laboratory component. Students have to score a minimum of 40% Marks in the total of CIE - theory and CIE – laboratory components put together, provided students have to score a minimum of 40% marks in CIE laboratory component alone to qualify to take SEE. Theory Semester End Exam (SEE) is conducted for 100 marks (3 Hours duration) and reduced to 50 Marks. **Self-Study Component should be not included for SEE & CIE.			
CONTINUOUS INTERNAL EVALUATION (CIE)		Max. Marks	Minimum Marks to be scored in CIE, to qualify to take SEE (40% individually)
Laboratory components	Rubrics for each experiment are added, then taken average	30	20
	Lab CIE	20	
TOTAL		50	20

Course Outcomes: After the completion of the course, the student will be able to:	
CO1	Determine the compression, shear, and tensile strength of molding sand specimens using a universal sand testing machine.
CO2	Evaluate the permeability, grain fineness number, and clay content of given sand mixtures
CO3	Measure the hardness of molds and cores prepared using a hot air oven
CO4	Prepare different shapes of sand molds with and without patterns, and interpret the basic casting process.
CO5	Apply non-destructive testing methods including visual, magnetic particle, dye penetrant, and leak testing on manufacturing components.

Mapping of CO's, PO's with PSO's														
Strength of correlation: Strongly related-3, Moderately related-2, Weakly related-1, Not related-0														
CO	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO10	PO11	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3
CO1	3	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	3	-	-
CO2	3	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	3	-	-
CO3	3	2	-	1	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	3	-	-
CO4	3	1	2	1	-	2	-	-	3	-	-	3	2	-
CO5	3	3	1	3	2	2	-	-	2	-	-	3	2	-

Mapping of CO's with Knowledge and Attitude Profile (WK)										
Strength of correlation: Strongly related-3, Moderately related-2, Weakly related-1, Not related-0										
CO	WK1	WK2	WK3	WK4	WK5	WK6	WK7	WK8	WK9	
CO1	-	-	3	-	-	3	-	-	-	
CO2	-	-	3	-	-	3	-	-	-	
CO3	-	-	3	-	-	2	-	-	-	
CO4	-	-	3	-	1	3	-	-	-	
CO5	-	-	3	2	-	3	-	-	-	

Mapping of CO's with Sustainable Development Goals (SDG)																	
Strength of correlation: Strongly related-3, Moderately related-2, Weakly related-1, Not related-0																	
CO/SDG	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
CO1	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO2	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO3	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO4	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	1	3	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
CO5	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	2	3	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-

Course Coordinators:

Dr. M Mahadevaswamy
Associate Professor
Mechanical Engineering

Heads of Programme:

Dr. Sathish S,
Professor,
Mechanical Engineering

Course Title	FLUID MECHANICS						
Course Code	1BMET401						
Course Category	PCC (Professional Core Course)						
Teaching - Learning	L	T	P	S	Total	Total Hours	Credit
Scheme & Credit	4	0	0	3	4	56+0+0+64=120	4
CIE Marks: 50	SEE Marks: 50		Total Max. Marks: 100			Duration of SEE: 03 Hrs	
Common Branches	CV/ME/AE/IEM						

Course Learning Objectives:	
CLO1	Explain various properties related to fluid mechanics.
CLO2	Determine hydrostatic force and Centre of pressure on plane and curved surfaces, locate met Centre and Meta centric height of floating bodies.
CLO3	Summarize different types of pressure measurement devices.
CLO4	Apply laws of conservation of momentum, mass and energy to fluid flow systems and explain the measurement of fluid flow parameters.
CLO5	Interpret compressibility of gases in terms of Mach number.

SYLLABUS	No. of Hours	BTLs
UNIT 1	10	L1-L4
PROPERTIES OF FLUID: Introduction, classification of fluids, properties of fluids, viscosity, surface tension, capillarity, vapor pressure, cavitation phenomenon. Numerical problems. Fluid statics: Fluid pressure at a point, Pascal's law, pressure variation in a static fluid, absolute, gauge, atmospheric and vacuum pressures, simple manometers and differential manometers. Numerical problems.		
SELF-STUDY COMPONENTS: Practical applications of fluid properties, apply fluid statics principles to engineering systems and Analyze pressure measurement systems.		
UNIT 2	10	L1-L4
SUBMERGED BODIES: Total pressure and center of pressure on submerged plane surfaces; horizontal, vertical and inclined plane surfaces, curved surface submerged in liquid. Related numerical problems.		
BUOYANCY: Buoyancy, center of buoyancy, metacenter and metacentric height, conditions of equilibrium of floating and submerged bodies, determination of metacentric height experimentally and theoretically. Numerical problems.		
SELF-STUDY COMPONENTS: Importance of hydrostatic pressure distribution on engineering structures, Analyse hydrostatic forces acting on Reservoir walls and Swimming pool walls and Applications of Buoyancy in Ocean Engineering.		
UNIT 3	12	L1-L4
FLUID KINEMATICS: Types of fluid flow, continuity equation in 2D and 3D (Cartesian Coordinates only), velocity and acceleration, Numerical problems.		
FLUID DYNAMICS:		

Introduction, Equation of motion, Euler's equation of motion, Bernoulli's equation from first principles and from Euler's equation, limitations of Bernoulli's equation. Numerical problems. FLUID FLOW MEASUREMENTS: Applications of Bernoulli's equation, venturi meter, orifice meter, pitot-tube, vertical orifice and V-notch. Numerical problems.		
SELF-STUDY COMPONENTS: Identify the type of flow occurring in real engineering systems, industrial applications of flow measurement and applications of Bernoulli's Principle in Aerospace engineering.		
UNIT 4	12	L1-L4
FLOW THROUGH PIPES: Introduction, major and minor losses through pipes. Darcy's and Chezy's equation for loss of head due to friction in pipes. HGL and TEL. Numerical problems. LAMINAR FLOW AND VISCOUS EFFECTS: Reynold's number, critical Reynold's number, laminar flow through circular pipe-Hagen Poiseuille's equation, laminar flow between parallel and stationary plates. Numerical problems.		
SELF-STUDY COMPONENTS: Fluid Flow in Oil and Gas Industries, Blood Flow Analysis Using Fluid Mechanics and Water Distribution Networks.		
UNIT 5	12	L1-L4
FLOW PAST IMMERSED BODIES: Introduction, drag, lift, expression for lift and drag, boundary layer concept, displacement, momentum AND ENERGY THICKNESS. NUMERICAL PROBLEMS. COMPRESSIBLE FLOW: Introduction – stagnation properties relationship, velocity of sound in a fluid, Mach number, Mach cone, propagation of pressure waves in a compressible fluid. Numerical problems. INTRODUCTION TO COMPUTATIONAL FLUID DYNAMICS (CFD): Necessity, limitations, philosophy behind CFD, applications; Commercial software's available for CFD analysis.		
SELF-STUDY COMPONENTS: Evaluate aerodynamic performance of engineering components, Aerodynamic Design of Electric Vehicles and Supersonic and Hypersonic Flight.		

TEXT BOOKS:	
1	A Textbook of Fluid Mechanics and Hydraulic Machines (SI Units), Dr. R.K. Bansal, Laxmi Publications (P) Limited, Revised 9th Edition, 2010.
2	Fluid Mechanics: Fundamentals and Applications (SI Units), Yunus A. Cengel, JohnM.Cimbala. McGraw-Hill Publications (SIE), 3rd Edition, 2014.

REFERENCE BOOKS:	
1	Hydraulics and Fluid Mechanics including Hydraulic Machines, Dr. P.N. Modi and S.M. Seth, Rajsons Publications Private Limited, Standard Book House, 2009.
2	Fluid Mechanics, Frank M. White, McGraw-Hill Publications (SIE), 7th Edition, 2011.
3	A Text Book of Fluid Mechanics, R K Rajput, S Chand Publishers, 1998.
e-LEARNING RESOURCES:	
1	Fluid Mechanics: Mechanical Engineering Handbook, Kreith,F, Berger, S.A, et. al., Ed. Frank Kreith, Boca Raton: CRC Press LLC, 1999.

2	Videos and Lecture Notes: http://www.nptel.ac.in
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Assessment Details both (CIE and SEE)			
The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) and Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50% each. The students have to obtain a minimum of 40% marks individually both in CIE and SEE to pass. CIE: The CIE has three components – CIE - theory component, assignment and group activity. Students have to score a minimum of 40% Marks in the total of CIE - theory, assignment and group activity components put together to take SEE. SEE: Theory Semester End Exam (SEE) is conducted for 100 marks (3 Hours duration) and reduced to 50 Marks. **Self-Study Component should be included in CIE under Question No. 2c).			
CONTINUOUS INTERNAL EVALUATION (CIE)		Max. Marks	Minimum Marks to be scored in CIE, to qualify to take SEE (40% individually)
Theory	Weightage of CIE1 and CIE2 Tests or CIE3	50	20
TOTAL		50	20

QUESTION PAPER PATTERN (SEE)										
Q. No.	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6	Q7	Q8	Q9	Q10
UNIT	1	2	3	4	5					
1. Two full questions (each of 20 Marks) are to be set from each unit.										
2. Student shall answer five full questions selecting one full question from each unit.										

Course Outcomes: After the completion of the course, the student will be able to:	
CO1	Understand how a fluid is classified and define various properties of a fluid; understand Pascal's law and explain various types of manometers; and solve related numerical problems
CO2	Explain the total pressure and Centre of pressure acting on submerged surfaces; understand the concept of buoyancy, metacenter and metacentric height of floating and submerged bodies; and solve related numerical problems
CO3	Describe the types of fluid flow and understand the continuity, Euler and Bernoulli's equation; solve numerical problems related to fluid kinematics and dynamics; application of Bernoulli's equation.
CO4	Discuss Darcy and Chezy equations; describe Reynolds number and understand the derivation of flow through circular pipe, laminar flow between parallel and stationary plates; and solve related numerical problems
CO5	Understand the terms related to fluid flow past an immersed body; explain boundary layer, displacement, momentum and energy thickness; understand the relationship of stagnation properties applicable to compressible flow.

Mapping of CO's, PO's with PSO(Civil)'s														
Strength of correlation: Strongly related-3, Moderately related-2, Weakly related-1														
CO /PO	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO10	PO11	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3
CO 1	3	3	3	-	-	-	2	1	1	1	-	1	2	3

CO 2	3	3	2	-	-	-	2	1	1	1	-	1	2	3
CO 3	3	3	3	-	-	-	2	1	1	1	-	1	2	1
CO 4	3	3	3	-	-	-	2	1	1	1	-	1	2	1
CO 5	3	3	3	-	-	-	2	1	1	1	-	1	2	2

Mapping of CO's with Knowledge and Attitude Profile (WK)										
Strength of correlation: Strongly related-3, Moderately related-2, Weakly related-1										
CO/WK	WK1	WK2	WK3	WK4	WK5	WK6	WK7	WK8	WK9	
CO1	2	2	2	1	1	-	-	-	2	
CO2	2	2	2	1	1	-	-	-	2	
CO3	2	2	2	1	1	-	-	-	2	
CO4	2	2	2	1	1	-	-	-	2	
CO5	2	2	2	1	1	-	-	-	2	

Mapping of CO's with Sustainable Development Goals (SDG)																	
Strength of correlation: Strongly related-3, Moderately related-2, Weakly related-1																	
CO/SDG	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
CO1	1	-	2	-	-	3	-	-	3	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO2	1	-	2	-	-	3	-	-	3	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO3	1	-	2	-	-	3	-	-	3	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO4	1	-	2	-	-	3	-	-	3	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO5	1	-	2	-	-	3	-	-	3	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-

Course Coordinators:

Byregowda K C,
Assistant Professor,
Mechanical Engineering

Heads of Program:

Dr. Sathish S.
Professor,
Mechanical Engineering

Dr. Ambedkar Institute of Technology, Bengaluru - 560056
School of Core Engineering & Technology
Program: Mechanical Engineering

Semester: IV

Scheme: 2025

Course Title	MACHINING PROCESSES AND ENGINEERING METROLOGY						
Course Code	1BMEU402						
Course Category	IPCC (Integrated Professional Core Course)						
Teaching - Learning Scheme & Credit	L	T	P	S	Total	Total Teaching Hours	Credit
	3	0	1	0	4	42+0+28+50=120	4
CIE Marks: 50	SEE Marks: 50		Total Max. Marks: 100		Duration of SEE: 03 Hrs		

Course Learning Objectives:	
CLO1	To enrich the knowledge pertaining to relative motion and mechanics required for various machine tools. .
CLO2	To introduce students to different machine tools to produce components having different shapes and sizes.
CLO3	To develop the knowledge on mechanics of machining process and effect of various parameters on machining.
CLO4	To understand the basic principles of measurements
CLO5	To enrich the knowledge pertaining to gauge , comparator and angular measurement

SYLLABUS	No. of Hours	BTLs
UNIT 1	8	L1-L4
MECHANICS OF METAL CUTTING: Introduction to Metal cutting: Orthogonal and oblique cutting. Classification of cutting tools: single, and multipoint; tool signature for single point cutting tool. Mechanics of orthogonal cutting; chip formation, shear angle and its significance, Merchant circle diagram. Numerical problems. Cutting tool materials and applications. Introduction to basic metal cutting machine tools: Lathe- Parts of lathe machine,		
SELF-STUDY COMPONENTS: Study different lathe accessories of lathe Machine and various operations carried out on lathe. Kinematics of lathe. Turret and Capstan lathe.		
UNIT 2	8	L1-L4
MILLING, SHAPING, DRILLING AND GRINDING: Milling Machines: up milling & down milling, classification of milling machines, constructional features (Column and Knee and vertical milling machine), milling cutter nomenclature, various milling operations, calculation of machining time. Indexing: Need of indexing Simple, compound and differential indexing calculations. Simple numerical on indexing. Shaping, Slotting and Planning Machines Tools: Driving mechanisms of Shaper, Slotter and Planer. Operations done on Shaper, Planer & Slotter Difference between shaping and planning operations. Drilling Machines: Constructional features (Radial & Bench drilling Machines), operations, types of drill & drill bit nomenclature. Calculation of machining time. Grinding: Grinding operation,		
SELF-STUDY COMPONENTS: Classification of grinding processes: cylindrical, surface & centerless grinding		
UNIT 3	8	L1-L4
ADVANCED MACHINING PROCESS: Importance and classification of advanced machining process; Process principal, process parameters, and application of: - Abrasive Jet Machining (AJW), Water Jet Machining (WJM), Abrasive Water Jet Machining (AWJM); Ultrasonic Machining		

(USM);Electrical Discharge Machining (EDM); Wire Electrical Discharge Machining (WEDM); Electro Chemical Machining (ECM). Laser Beam Machining (LBM), Electron Beam Machining (EBM), and Plasma Arc Machining (PAM). Hybrid Machining Process: Importance of hybrid machining process; Process principal, process parameters, and application of: - Electrochemical Discharge Machining (ECDM),		
SELF-STUDY COMPONENTS: Ultrasonic Assisted Electric Discharge Machining (UAEDM), Electrochemical Discharge Grinding (EDG), Powder Assisted Electric Discharge Machining (PAEDM).		
UNIT 4	9	L1-L4
MEASUREMENTS AND METROLOGY: Introduction to metrology & measurements, definition, objectives and classification of metrology, standards of length- wave length standard, sub division of standards, numerical problems on length calibration. Line & End Standards: Line and end standard, slip gauges, wringing phenomena, numerical problems on slip gauges. Systems of Limits, Fits & Tolerance: Definition of tolerance, tolerance specification in assembly, principle of interchangeability and selective assembly, limits of size,		
SELF-STUDY COMPONENTS: Indian standards, concepts of limits of size and tolerances, cost v/s tolerances, compound tolerances, accumulation of tolerances, definition of fits, types of fits and their designation.		
UNIT 5	9	L1-L4
GAUGES AND COMPARATORS : Classification of gauges, Taylor's principle, design of GO, NO GO gauges, wear allowance on gauges, types of gauges- plain plug gauges, ring gauges, snap gauge, limit gauge, simple problems. Comparators: Introduction to comparators, classification, characteristics, systems of displacement amplification in mechanical comparators, Reed type, Sigma comparator, Zeiss ultra-optimizer, Solex air gauge, ultrasonic gauges, LVDT.		
SELF-STUDY COMPONENTS: Angular Measurements: Bevel protractor, sine bar, angular gauges, numerical on building of angles.		

MACHINING PROCESSES AND ENGINEERING METROLOGY LABORATORY		
Exp. No.	List of Experiments	No. of Hours
01	Operations and One Job each on shaping/milling machine	(14 Slots) 28
02	Simple operations and One Job on the drilling and grinding machine	
03	Angular measurements: - Measurement of angle using Bevel Protractor	
04	Calibration of Load cell with standard weights.	
05	Calibration of Thermocouple with standard thermometer.	
06	Various parameter measurement using profile projector	
07	Study of tool maker’s microscope – use at shop floor applications.	
08	Study of flatness, concave and convexity using optical flats.	
<u>Self-Study Component:</u>		

TEXT BOOKS:	
1	Chapman W. A. J., Workshop Technology, Viva books (P) Ltd
2	HMT, Production Technology, Tata McGraw-Hill
3	Engineering Metrology and Measurements, N.V. Raghavendra, I. Krishnamurthy, oxford university press 4. Galyer J.F.W., Schotbolt C.R., Metrology for Engineers, ELBS.

4	Chapman W. A. J., Workshop Technology, Viva books (P) Ltd
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REFERENCE BOOKS:	
1	Acharkan. N., Machine Tool Design Vol. 1 to 4, MIR Publication
2	Chernov, Machine Tools, MIR Publication.
3	HajraChoudary, Elements of workshop technology, Vol I & II, Media Publishers.
4	Acharkan. N., Machine Tool Design Vol. 1 to 4, MIR Publication
e-LEARNING RESOURCES:	
1	NOC: Metal Cutting and Machine tools - nptel online courses archive.nptel.ac.in > courses

Assessment Details both (CIE and SEE)				
The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) and Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50% each. The students have to obtain a minimum of 40% marks individually both in CIE and SEE to pass. CIE: The CIE has two components – CIE - theory component and CIE – laboratory component. Students have to score a minimum of 40% Marks in the total of CIE - theory and CIE – laboratory components put together, provided students have to score a minimum of 40% marks in CIE laboratory component alone to qualify to take SEE. Theory Semester End Exam (SEE) is conducted for 100 marks (3 Hours duration) and reduced to 50 Marks. **Self-Study Component should be not included for SEE & CIE.				
CONTINUOUS INTERNAL EVALUATION (CIE)			Max. Marks	Minimum Marks to be scored in CIE, to qualify to take SEE (40% individually)
Theory	Weightage of CIE1 and CIE2 Tests or CIE3		30	12
Laboratory components	Rubrics for experiment are added, then taken average	10	20	08
	Lab CIE	10		
TOTAL			50	20

QUESTION PAPER PATTERN (SEE)										
Q. No.	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6	Q7	Q8	Q9	Q10
UNIT	1		2		3		4		5	
1. Two full questions (each of 20 Marks) are to be set from each unit.										
2. Student shall answer five full questions selecting one full question from each unit.										

Course Outcomes: After the completion of the course, the student will be able to:	
CO1	Analyze the mechanics of metal cutting, tool signature, and understand the construction and kinematics of lathe machines.
CO2	Describe the constructional features, driving mechanisms, and calculate machining time for milling, drilling, shaping, and grinding operations
CO3	Evaluate the principles, process parameters, and applications of various advanced and hybrid machining processes.

CO4	Apply the basic principles of metrology, standards of length, and design concepts of limits, fits, and tolerances.
CO5	Select and utilize appropriate gauges, mechanical comparators, and optical instruments for linear and angular measurements.

Mapping of CO's, PO's with PSO's														
Strength of correlation: Strongly related-3, Moderately related-2, Weakly related-1, Not related-0														
CO	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO10	PO11	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3
CO 1	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	0
CO 2	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	0
CO 3	2	1	-	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	0	0
CO 4	3	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	0
CO 5	2	-	-	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	0	0

Mapping of CO's with Knowledge and Attitude Profile (WK)										
Strength of correlation: Strongly related-3, Moderately related-2, Weakly related-1, Not related-0										
CO	WK1	WK2	WK3	WK4	WK5	WK6	WK7	WK8	WK9	
CO1	1	-	3	-	-	2	-	-	-	
CO2	-	2	3	-	-	3	-	-	-	
CO3	-	-	3	3	-	2	-	-	-	
CO4	-	-	3	-	2	2	-	-	-	
CO5	-	-	3	2	-	3	-	-	-	

Mapping of CO's with Sustainable Development Goals (SDG)																	
Strength of correlation: Strongly related-3, Moderately related-2, Weakly related-1, Not related-0																	
CO/SDG	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
CO1	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO2	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO3	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-
CO4	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-
CO5	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-

Course Coordinator:

Dr. Preethi K.
Assistant Professor
Mechanical Engineering

Heads of Programme:

Dr. Sathish S,
Professor,
Mechanical Engineering

Course Title	APPLIED THERMODYNAMICS						
Course Code	1BMET403						
Course Category	PCC (Professional Core Course)						
Teaching - Learning	L	T	P	S	Total	Total Hours	Credit
Scheme & Credit	4	0	0	3	3	56+0+0+64=120	4
CIE Marks: 50	SEE Marks: 50		Total Max. Marks: 100			Duration of SEE: 03 Hrs	

Course Learning Objectives:	
CLO1	To relate the fundamentals of thermodynamics to different Ideal thermodynamics cycles and understating of practical Performance characteristics of IC Engines.
CLO2	To describe the various thermodynamic power cycles which use air and vapour as the working fluid and developing efficiency equations.
CLO3	To apply the fundamental definition and equations to derive various thermodynamic variables for solving numerical problems.
CLO4	To understand the thermodynamic analysis of Reciprocating Air compressor converts mechanical motion into pressurized energy for practical applications.
CLO5	To relate the fundamental and theoretical understanding of Refrigeration cycles and Air Conditioning Psychrometric Analysis.

SYLLABUS	No. of Hours	BTLs
UNIT 1	12	L1-L4
AIR STANDARD CYCLES - Definition, Assumptions, Air standard Efficiency, Mean Effective Pressure, Carnot's' Cycle, Working of Otto cycle and Diesel cycles with Piston cylinder Arrangements, P-V Diagrams, Derivation of Efficiency and Mean Effective Pressure of Otto Cycle, Diesel Cycle and Dual Combustion cycle, p - V and T- S diagrams. Numerical Problems.		
TESTING AND PERFORMANCE OF IC ENGINES – Combustion of SI and CI engines, Detonation and factors affecting detonation; Basic Measurements – engine speed, fuel consumption, Air Consumption, Exhaust Smoke, IP, BP, FP Measurements, Heat Balance Sheet. Numerical Problems.		
SELF-STUDY COMPONENTS: Combustion Thermodynamics, Stoichiometric Air, Air-Fuel Ratios, Exhaust Gas Analysis, Work and heat transfers of various thermodynamic processes, p -V and T- S diagrams, Alternate Fuels. Different types of Dynamometers, Valve timing Diagrams of IC Engines.		
UNIT 2	12	L1-L4
GAS TURBINE CYCLES (Brayton cycles) - Introduction; Assumptions, Analysis of simple Gas Turbine Cycle, Derivation for the Efficiency, Actual Cycle; Methods to improve the performance of gas turbine plant – Regenerative Gas Turbine Cycle, Derivation for the Efficiency; Reheat Gas Turbine Cycle; Gas Turbine Cycle With Intercooling; Gas Turbine Cycle With Reheat, Regeneration and Intercooling, - Working and Expressions for the Efficiency. Numerical problems		
AIR CRAFT GAS TURBINE ENGINES - Gas turbine cycles for jet propulsions, Working of ram jet engine, Pulse jet engine, Turbo jet engine, Turboprop engine, Comparisons of various propulsive devices, Jet Propulsion – Introduction to jet propulsion, Numerical problems.		
SELF-STUDY COMPONENTS: Gas Dynamics: Review of the speed of sound, Mach number, and isentropic flow relations, Inlets and Nozzles: Operations of subsonic and supersonic diffusers, converging-diverging nozzles combustion		

chambers, Compressors: Working principles of axial and centrifugal compressors, Turbines: Impulse and reaction turbines, and turbine blade cooling method.		
UNIT 3	12	L1-L4
VAPOUR POWER CYCLES - Introduction; Carnot vapor power cycle; Rankine cycle; actual vapour power cycle; Comparison of Rankine and Carnot cycles; Mean temperature of heat addition; Effect of Pressure and Superheating on Rankine cycles. Numerical problems. Numerical problems. PRACTICAL VAPOUR POWER CYCLES Methods of improving the thermal efficiency of vapor power plant; Reheat Rankine cycle; Ideal and practical regenerative Rankine cycle; Reheat-regenerative cycle; feed water heaters; Numerical problems.		
SELF-STUDY COMPONENTS: Steam table learning, understanding of Mollier's Chart, Steam nozzles - Flow of steam through nozzles, Shape of nozzles, effect of friction, Critical pressure ratio, Supersaturated flow.		
UNIT 4	10	L1-L4
RECIPROCATING AIR COMPRESSORS - Introduction; Working principle, Clearance Volume, P-V diagram and derivation of work input of a single stage reciprocating air compressor with and without Clearance Volume; Adiabatic, Isothermal And Mechanical Efficiencies; Free Air Delivery (FAD), Volumetric Efficiency and derivation of volumetric efficiency, Numerical problems. MULTISTAGE RECIPROCATING AIR COMPRESSOR - Intercooling, Saving in work, Derivations for Work done, Optimum intermediate pressure and Conditions Minimum work for compression; Numerical problems.		
SELF-STUDY COMPONENTS: Applications of Reciprocating Air Compressor, Key Advantages, Single Acting and Double Acting Reciprocating Air Compressor.		
UNIT 5	10	L1-L4
REFRIGERATION CYCLES - Introduction; Units of refrigeration, COP; Reversed Carnot cycle; Vapour compression refrigeration cycle p – H, and T – S Diagrams ; Deviation of actual cycle from ideal cycle; Effect of change in operating conditions on the performance of vapour compression cycle, Numerical problems; Vapour absorption refrigeration system, Steam jet refrigeration system; Numerical problems. PSYCHROMETRY - Definitions of terms related to Psychrometric – Wet Bulb Temperature, Dry Bulb Temperature, Dew Point Temperature, Specific humidity, Relative humidity, Enthalpy, Analysis of Psychrometric chart. Summer Air Conditioning System and Winter Air Conditioning System for Hot and Dry and Hot and Humid Conditions. Numerical problems.		
SELF-STUDY COMPONENTS: Selection, Properties of refrigerant; Gas cycle refrigeration-Bell Coleman cycle. Listing of Different Refrigerants and their Desirable Properties. Air-conditioning Processes; Heating, Cooling, Dehumidification and Humidification, Evaporative Cooling. Adiabatic mixing of two moist air streams.		

TEXT BOOKS:	
1	“Basic and Applied Thermodynamics” by P .K. Nag, Tata McGraw Hill, 2nd Edi. 2009
2	“Internal Combustion Engines”, 4th Edition V Ganeshan. Tata McGraw Hill, 2012.
3	“A Textbook of Engineering Thermodynamics” R K Rajput, Sixth Edition, Laxmi Publications, 2020.
4	“Gas Turbines” by V Ganesan, Tata Mc Graw Hill, 2004.

REFERENCE BOOKS:	
1	“Thermodynamics an engineering approach”, by Yunus A. Cengel and Michael A. Boles. Tata McGraw hill Pub. Sixth edition, 2008
2	“Thermodynamics for engineers, Kenneth” A. Kroos and Merle C. Potter, Cengage Learning, 2016
3	“Principles of Engineering Thermodynamics” , Michael J, Moran, Howard N. Shapiro, Wiley, 8th Edition
e-LEARNING RESOURCES:	
1	Videos and Lecture Notes: http://www.nptel.ac.in

Assessment Details both (CIE and SEE)			
The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) and Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50% each. The students have to obtain a minimum of 40% marks individually both in CIE and SEE to pass. CIE: The CIE has three components – CIE - theory component, assignment and group activity. Students have to score a minimum of 40% Marks in the total of CIE - theory, assignment and group activity components put together to take SEE. SEE: Theory Semester End Exam (SEE) is conducted for 100 marks (3 Hours duration) and reduced to 50 Marks. **Self-Study Component should be included in CIE under Question No. 2c).			
CONTINUOUS INTERNAL EVALUATION (CIE)		Max. Marks	Minimum Marks to be scored in CIE, to qualify to take SEE (40% individually)
Theory	Weightage of CIE1 and CIE2 Tests or CIE3	50	20
TOTAL		50	20

QUESTION PAPER PATTERN (SEE)										
Q. No.	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6	Q7	Q8	Q9	Q10
UNIT	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1. Two full questions (each of 20 Marks) are to be set from each unit.										
2. Student shall answer five full questions selecting one full question from each unit.										

Course Outcomes: After the completion of the course, the student will be able to:	
CO1	Understand, Sketch and draw thermodynamic cycles to solve for various parameters by applying the basic principles of thermodynamics for Air Standard Cycles.
CO2	Evaluate the performance parameters by measuring, testing and drawing heat balance sheet.
CO3	Understand simple and practical Steam plant cycles, Evaluation of Efficiency by referring data sheets and Charts.
CO4	Understand the thermodynamic analysis of reciprocating air compressor and evaluate the performance in single and multistage.
CO5	Understand the principles and applications of refrigeration systems and Analyze air-conditioning processes using the principles of Psychrometry and Evaluate cooling and heating loads in an Air Conditioning System

Mapping of CO's, PO's with PSO(Civil)'s														
Strength of correlation: Strongly related-3, Moderately related-2, Weakly related-1														
CO /PO	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO10	PO11	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3
CO 1	3	3	3	0	0	0	2	1	1	1	0	3	0	0
CO 2	3	3	3	0	0	0	2	1	1	1	0	3	0	0
CO 3	3	3	3	0	0	0	2	1	1	1	0	3	0	0
CO 4	3	3	3	0	0	0	2	1	1	1	0	3	0	0
CO 5	3	3	3	0	0	0	2	1	1	1	0	3	0	0

Mapping of CO's with Knowledge and Attitude Profile (WK)										
Strength of correlation: Strongly related-3, Moderately related-2, Weakly related-1										
CO/WK	WK1	WK2	WK3	WK4	WK5	WK6	WK7	WK8	WK9	
CO1	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO2	3	3	3	-	-	2	-	-	-	-
CO3	3	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO4	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO5	3	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-

Mapping of CO's with Sustainable Development Goals (SDG)																	
Strength of correlation: Strongly related-3, Moderately related-2, Weakly related-1																	
CO/SDG	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
CO1	-	-	3	-	-	3	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO2	-	-	3	-	-	3	-	2	-	-	2	2	-	-	-	-	-
CO3	-	-	3	-	-	3	-	2	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO4	-	-	3	-	-	2	-	3	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO5	-	-	3	-	-	2	-	2	-	-	2	2	-	-	-	-	-

Course Coordinators:

Dr. Vishwanath M M
Assistant Professor,
Mechanical Engineering

Heads of Program:

Dr. Sathish S.
Professor,
Mechanical Engineering

Course Title	KINEMATIC OF MACHINES						
Course Code	1BMET404						
Course Category	PCC (Professional Core Course)						
Teaching - Learning	L	T	P	S	Total	Total Hours	Credit
Scheme & Credit	4	0	0	3	3	56+0+0+64=120	4
CIE Marks: 50	SEE Marks: 50		Total Max. Marks: 100			Duration of SEE: 03 Hrs	

Course Learning Objectives:	
CLO1	To understand the foundational concepts of machines, kinematic links, pairs, and mechanisms alongside their practical engineering applications.
CLO2	To expose students to a diverse range of mechanisms, straight-line motion devices, steering gears, and universal velocity joints.
CLO3	To impart skills to analyze the position, velocity and acceleration of mechanisms and synthesis of mechanism by analytical and graphical method
CLO4	To familiarize higher pairs like cams and principles of cams design
CLO5	To study the relative motion analysis and design of gears, gear trains

SYLLABUS	No. of Hours	BTLs
UNIT 1	12	L1-L4
MECHANISMS, KINEMATIC PAIRS, AND INVERSIONS: Structure of a machine, distinction between a machine and a mechanism. Kinematic link/element, classification of links (rigid, flexible, fluid). Kinematic pairs and their classifications based on type of relative motion (sliding, turning, rolling, screw, spherical) and type of contact (lower pair, higher pair). CONSTRAINED MOTION: Types of constrained motion (completely, incompletely, and successfully constrained motion). Kinematic chains, mechanisms, structures, and degrees of freedom of planar mechanisms. MOBILITY CRITERIA AND INVERSIONS: Grubler's criterion, mobility criteria for planar mechanisms, and equivalent mechanisms. Grashof's (Groshoff's) criteria for link configurations and types of four-bar mechanisms. Complete structural analysis of kinematic inversions: Inversions of the quadric cycle/four-bar chain, inversions of the single slider-crank chain, and inversions of the double slider-crank chain (including Oldham's coupling). SPECIALIZED LINKAGE MECHANISMS: Quick-return motion mechanisms (Drag link mechanism, Whitworth mechanism, and Crank and slotted lever mechanism). Straight-line motion mechanisms: Exact straight-line mechanisms (Peaucellier's mechanism) and Approximate straight-line mechanisms (Robert's mechanism). Intermittent Motion mechanisms: Geneva wheel mechanism, Ratchet and Pawl mechanism KINEMATICS OF ADVANCED LINKAGES AND GRAPHICAL VELOCITY ANALYSIS: Toggle mechanism, pantograph, geometric condition for correct steering, Davis steering gear mechanism, and Ackerman steering gear mechanism. Hooke's Joint (Universal Joint): Single Hooke's joint, Double Hooke's joint, polar velocity diagrams, and the mathematical derivation for the ratio of shaft velocities.		
SELF-STUDY COMPONENTS: Industrial Automation via Intermittent and Variable Velocity Mechanical Systems. Investigate the modern engineering design parameters and structural performance limitations of the Geneva Wheel mechanism when implemented in automated packaging lines, or analyze the rotational acceleration variations in a single Hooke's joint under high angular misalignment.		
UNIT 2	12	L1-L4

VELOCITY AND ACCELERATION ANALYSIS OF MECHANISMS (ANALYTICAL METHOD): Velocity and acceleration analysis of four bar mechanism, slider crank mechanism using complex algebra method. Freudenstein's equation for four bar mechanism and slider crank mechanism. Function Generation for four bar mechanism. CORIOLIS COMPONENT OF ACCELERATION: Structural environments producing Coriolis acceleration. Mathematical derivation of the magnitude and precise graphical determination of the directional orientation of Coriolis's component of acceleration. LINK DYNAMICS: Evaluation of angular velocity (ω) and angular acceleration (α) of driven links, and the structural calculation of the velocity of rubbing at pinned joints.		
SELF-STUDY COMPONENTS: Kinematics of Multi-Link Mechanical Suspension Systems. Apply the Instantaneous Center (I-Center) method to map out and analyze the roll-center migration and virtual swing-arm behavior of a double-wishbone automotive suspension system during chassis roll.		
UNIT 3	12	L1-L4
VELOCITY AND ACCELERATION ANALYSIS OF MECHANISMS (GRAPHICAL METHOD): Graphical Vector Diagrams: Relative velocity and relative acceleration analysis of planar mechanisms using graphical vector polygons. Velocity and acceleration analysis applied to a standard four-bar mechanism and a single slider-crank mechanism. INSTANTANEOUS CENTER METHOD: Definition of Instantaneous Center of Rotation (I-Center), classifications of I-centers (fixed, permanent, and virtual). Kennedy's Theorem (Three-centers-in-line theorem). Graphical determination and localization of all I-centers for common planar mechanisms. Calculation of linear and angular velocities using the I-center approach. GEOMETRIC SHORTCUTS: Klein's Construction for the simultaneous determination of velocity and acceleration parameters of a single slider-crank mechanism without structural vector polygons		
SELF-STUDY COMPONENTS: Analytical determination of velocity and acceleration parameters for the single slider-crank and four-bar mechanisms. Verification of graphical vector polygon results using computational tools like MATLAB or basic CAD kinematics simulations.		
UNIT 4	10	L1-L4
CAMS AND FOLLOWERS: Classification & Nomenclature: Broad industrial classification of cams (radial, cylindrical, wedge) and types of followers (knife-edge, roller, flat-faced, spherical; inline and offset configurations). Comprehensive definition of cam nomenclature: Base circle, pitch curve, prime circle, trace point, pressure angle, pitch point, pitch circle, and lift/stroke. FOLLOWER MOTION ANALYSIS: Detailed construction of displacement, velocity, and acceleration mathematical curves for explicit follower motion profiles: Uniform velocity motion Simple Harmonic Motion (SHM) Motion with uniform acceleration and deceleration (UARM / Retardation) CAM PROFILE LAYOUT & SYNTHESIS: Geometric construction and drafting layout of a disc cam profile driving an inline or offset knife-edge follower, roller follower, and flat-faced follower.		
Self-Study Component: Dynamics and Boundary Jerk in High-Speed Valve trains. Mathematically analyze the acceleration profiles of uniform velocity and SHM to determine why they produce infinite "jerk" (shock forces) at motion boundaries, and evaluate why Cycloidal motion profiles are universally preferred for high-speed Internal Combustion Engine (ICE) valve operations.		
UNIT 5	10	L1-L4
SPUR GEARS & GEAR TRAINS: Spur Gears and Tooth Kinematics: Gear terminology and nomenclature (pitch circle, addendum, dedendum, module, circular pitch, diametral pitch, pressure angle, clearance). Conjugate action, mathematical proof of the Fundamental Law of Gearing, and tooth profiles (Involute and Cycloidal). Path of contact, arc of contact, and the mathematical derivation of the contact ratio of a spur gear pair.		

INTERFERENCE MITIGATION: The phenomenon of interference in involute gears. Practical methods of avoiding interference. Mathematical derivation of the conditions and expressions for the minimum number of teeth required on a gear and pinion to avoid interference. GEAR TRAINS: Configurations and speed ratios of simple gear trains and compound gear trains. EPICYCLIC GEAR TRAINS: Architectural configuration and working principles of planetary/epicyclic gear systems. Comprehensive calculation of velocity ratios using both the Algebraic Method and the Tabular Method. Advanced torque, efficiency, and power calculations in epicyclic gear trains, including the evaluation of holding/fixing torques for differential systems. SELF-STUDY COMPONENTS: Epicyclic Differential Dynamics. Mathematically analyze the internal speed distribution, planetary speed variations, and torque split of an automotive planetary differential gear train when a vehicle undergoes an asymmetric cornering maneuver.
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TEXT BOOKS:	
1	Sadhu Singh, Theory of Machines: Kinematics and Dynamics*, Pearson Education, Third Edition, 2019.
2	G. Ambekar, Mechanism and Machine Theory, PHI Learning Private Limited, 2009

REFERENCE BOOKS:	
1	Rattan S.S, Theory of Machines, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Limited, Fourth Edition, 2014.
2	Michael M. Stanisic, Mechanisms and Machines: Kinematics, Dynamics, and Synthesis, Cengage Learning, 2016.
e-LEARNING RESOURCES:	
1	Videos and Lecture Notes: http://www.nptel.ac.in

Assessment Details both (CIE and SEE)			
The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) and Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50% each. The students have to obtain a minimum of 40% marks individually both in CIE and SEE to pass. CIE: The CIE has three components – CIE - theory component, assignment and group activity. Students have to score a minimum of 40% Marks in the total of CIE - theory, assignment and group activity components put together to take SEE. SEE: Theory Semester End Exam (SEE) is conducted for 100 marks (3 Hours duration) and reduced to 50 Marks. **Self-Study Component should be included in CIE under Question No. 2c).			
CONTINUOUS INTERNAL EVALUATION (CIE)		Max. Marks	Minimum Marks to be scored in CIE, to qualify to take SEE (40% individually)
Theory	Weightage of CIE1 and CIE2 Tests or CIE3	50	20
TOTAL		50	20

QUESTION PAPER PATTERN (SEE)										
Q. No.	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6	Q7	Q8	Q9	Q10
UNIT	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10

1. Two full questions (each of 20 Marks) are to be set from each unit.
2. Student shall answer five full questions selecting one full question from each unit.

Course Outcomes: After the completion of the course, the student will be able to:	
CO1	Demonstrate foundational knowledge of kinematic linkages, joints, pairs, and their relative motion profiles.
CO2	Understand, identify, and sketch the distinct structural inversions of four-bar, single-slider, and double-slider mechanisms.
CO3	Analyze the displacement, velocity, and acceleration profiles of links and joints of planar mechanisms using graphical, analytical vector-loop, and synthesis techniques.
CO4	Design and perform kinematic motion analysis of cam-follower arrangements and geometrically synthesize cam profiles for diverse engineering applications.
CO5	Evaluate the geometric parameters, conjugate tooth actions, law of gearing, and physical limits of tooth interference for standard spur gears. Compute gear train speed ratios, internal torque/power distributions for simple, compound, and epicyclic planetary systems.

Mapping of CO's, PO's with PSO(Civil)'s														
Strength of correlation: Strongly related-3, Moderately related-2, Weakly related-1														
CO /PO	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO10	PO11	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3
CO 1	3	3	3	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	0	0
CO 2	3	3	3	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	0	0
CO 3	3	3	3	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	0	0
CO 4	3	3	3	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	0	0
CO 5	3	3	3	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	0	0

Mapping of CO's with Knowledge and Attitude Profile (WK)									
Strength of correlation: Strongly related-3, Moderately related-2, Weakly related-1									
CO/WK	WK1	WK2	WK3	WK4	WK5	WK6	WK7	WK8	WK9
CO1	2	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO2	2	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO3	2	3	3	-	-	2	-	-	-
CO4	-	2	3	2	3	-	-	-	-
CO5	-	3	3	2	2	-	-	-	-

Mapping of CO's with Sustainable Development Goals (SDG)																	
Strength of correlation: Strongly related-3, Moderately related-2, Weakly related-1																	
CO/SDG	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
CO1	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO2	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO3	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO4	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-
CO5	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-

Course Coordinators:

Dr. Jayanth. H
Assistant Professor,
Mechanical Engineering

Heads of Program:

Dr. Sathish S.
Professor,
Mechanical Engineering

Course Title	COMPUTER AIDED DESIGN AND SIMULATION LAB						
Course Code	1BMEL405						
Course Category	PCCL (Professional Core Course Laboratory)						
Teaching - Learning Scheme & Credit	L	T	P	S	Total	Total Teaching Hours	Credit
	0	0	28	2	30	30	1
CIE Marks: 50	SEE Marks: 50		Total Max. Marks: 100			Duration of SEE: 03 Hrs	

Course Learning Objectives:	
CLO1	To Create drawings and models using software
CLO2	To Create solid models using sketching, extruding
CLO3	Gaining a working knowledge of CAD solid modeling
CLO4	Theoretical concepts of engineering graphics, including orthographic projection, auxiliary views and sectioning,
CLO5	General dimensioning and tolerance, and geometric dimensioning and tolerance.

UNIT No.	Syllabus	No. of hours	BTLs
1	SURFACE MODELING	04	L4
	(i) Create semi-finished bottom casing of a smart Phone using surface tools. (ii) Create semi-finished top casing of a mouse using surface tools. A mouse is a pointing device that functions by detecting two dimensional motion relative to its supporting surface.		
2	SIMULATION	04	L4
	Static analysis of L shaped Cantilever Beam- (i) Determine displacement due to elongation (ii) Determine displacement and elongation due to bending (iii) Modal analysis of L shaped cantilever Beam		
3	SHEET METAL DESIGN	04	L4
	(i) Create a sheet metal body required for a SMPS (Switch Mode Power Supply) in a computer (ii) Create a Sheet Metal Hopper Design		
4	WELDMENT	02	L4
	(i) Create industrial steel frame using weldment (ii) Create a piping structure using weldment		

TEXT BOOKS AND LEARNING SOURCES	
1	https://www.sdcpublications.com/Textbooks/Machining-Simulation-Using-SOLIDWORKS-

	CAM/ISBN/978-1-63057-570-0/
2	https://www.sdcpublishations.com/Textbooks/Hands-On-Introduction-SOLIDWORKS-2023/ISBN/978-1-63057-555-7/
3	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=lnJTfrqYfMU

Assessment Details both (CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) and Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50% each. The students have to obtain a minimum of 40% marks individually both in CIE and SEE to pass. CIE: The CIE has two components – CIE - theory component and CIE – laboratory component. Students have to score a minimum of 40% Marks in the total of CIE - theory and CIE – laboratory components put together, provided students have to score a minimum of 40% marks in CIE laboratory component alone to qualify to take SEE.

****Self-Study Component should be not included for SEE & CIE.**

CONTINUOUS INTERNAL EVALUATION (CIE)		Max. Marks	Minimum Marks to be scored in CIE, to qualify to take SEE (40% individually)
Laboratory components	Rubrics for each experiment are added, then taken average	30	20
	Lab CIE	20	
TOTAL		50	20

Assessment Details (SEE)

Sl. No.	Particulars	Max Marks	Break up Max. Marks	
			Write up	Modelling
Q 1	Any one from either from Unit 1 or Unit 2	25	5	20
Q 2	Any one from either from Unit 3 or Unit 4	15	5	10
Q 3	Viva Voice	10	-	-
Total		50		

Course Outcomes: After the completion of the course, the student will be able to:	
CO1	Ability to create features complex faces and edges
CO2	Use Base Flange, Extruded Cut, Sketched Bend and Edit Material commands
CO3	Create weldment using software for industrial frames
CO4	Able to conduct static and dynamic analyses for mechanical components

Mapping of CO's, PO's with PSO's														
Strength of correlation: Strongly related-3, Moderately related-2, Weakly related-1, Not related-0														
CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	3	3	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	0	0
CO2	3	3	3	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	0	0
CO3	3	3	3	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	0	0
CO4	3	3	3	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	0	0

Mapping of CO's with Knowledge and Attitude Profile (WK)										
Strength of correlation: Strongly related-3, Moderately related-2, Weakly related-1, Not related-0										
CO	WK1	WK2	WK3	WK4	WK5	WK6	WK7	WK8	WK9	
CO1	-	-	3	-	3	3	-	-	-	
CO2	-	-	2	-	3	3	-	-	-	
CO3	-	-	2	-	3	3	-	-	-	
CO4	2	3	3	-	2	3	-	-	-	

Mapping of CO's with Sustainable Development Goals (SDG)																	
Strength of correlation: Strongly related-3, Moderately related-2, Weakly related-1, Not related-0																	
CO/SDG	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
CO1	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO2	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO3	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO4	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-

Course Coordinators:

Dr. M Rajesh
Assistant Professor,
Mechanical Engineering

Heads of Programme:

Dr. Sathish S,
Professor,
Mechanical Engineering

Course Title	ENERGY CONVERSION LABORATORY						
Course Code	1BMEL406						
Course Category	AEC (Ability Enhancement Course Laboratory)						
Teaching - Learning Scheme & Credit	L	T	P	S	Total	Total Teaching Hours	Credit
	0	0	28	2	30	30	1
CIE Marks: 50	SEE Marks: 50		Total Max. Marks: 100			Duration of SEE: 03 Hrs	

Course Learning Objectives:	
CLO1	To conduct tests on oils to determine flash, fire points and viscosity.
CLO2	To determine calorific value of a given fuel.
CLO3	To plot the valve timing diagram of 2-stroke and 4-stroke IC engine.
CLO4	To calculate the area of an irregular shape using planimeter.
CLO5	To conduct performance test on petrol and diesel IC engine and evaluate the power produced and efficiencies.
CLO6	To conduct Morse test on 4-stroke multi cylinder engine to determine the utility of heat input and draw heat balance sheet.

Syllabus	
PART: A - MINOR EXPERIMENTS	
1	Determination of Calorific value of a given gaseous fuels using Boys Gas Calorimeter
2	Determination of Kinematic and Dynamic Viscosity of lubricating oil using Redwood's, and Saybolt's Viscometer.
3	Valve Timing diagram of a 4- Stroke Diesel Engine.
4	To measure the area of two-dimensional, irregular shapes on a flat surface like a map or blueprint Using Planimeter.
PART: B - MAJOR EXPERIMENTS	
1	To Conduct the Performance Tests on Four stroke Diesel Engine Calculations of IP, BP, Thermal efficiencies, SFC, FP and plot the Characteristics Curves using Hydraulic Dynamometer.
2	To Conduct the Performance Tests on Four stroke Diesel Engine Calculations of IP, BP, Thermal efficiencies, SFC, FP and plot the Characteristics Curves using Electrical Dynamometer.
3	To Conduct the Performance Tests on Four stroke Diesel Engine Calculations of IP, BP, FP Heat Looses and Draw the heat
4	To Conduct the Performance Tests on Four stroke Petrol Engine Calculations of IP, BP, Thermal efficiencies, SFC, FP and plot the Characteristics Curves.
5	To Conduct the Performance Tests on Four stroke Petrol Engine Calculations of IP, BP, FP Heat Looses and Draw the heat balance sheet
6	To Estimate the Friction Power of a Multi Cylinder Diesel Engine Using Morse test Method

Teaching & Learning Process (Innovative Delivery Methods):	
1	Active Learning Techniques
2	Problem-Based Learning (PBL)
3	Team-Based Learning (TBL)
4	Hands-On Experiments and Simulations

REFERENCE BOOKS:	
1	“Internal Combustion Engines”, 4th Edition V Ganeshan. Tata McGraw Hill, 2012.
2	“Internal Combustion Engines Fundamentals”, John B Heywood, 1st Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2017.
3	“A Textbook of Engineering Thermodynamics” R K Rajput, Sixth Edition, Laxmi Publications, 202.
e-LEARNING RESOURCES:	
1	Videos and Lecture Notes: http://www.nptel.ac.in

Assessment Details both (CIE and SEE)			
The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) and Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50% each. The students have to obtain a minimum of 40% marks individually both in CIE and SEE to pass. CIE: The CIE has two components – CIE - theory component and CIE – laboratory component. Students have to score a minimum of 40% Marks in the total of CIE - theory and CIE – laboratory components put together, provided students have to score a minimum of 40% marks in CIE laboratory component alone to qualify to take SEE. Theory Semester End Exam (SEE) is conducted for 100 marks (3 Hours duration) and reduced to 50 Marks. **Self-Study Component should be not included for SEE & CIE.			
CONTINUOUS INTERNAL EVALUATION (CIE)		Max. Marks	Minimum Marks to be scored in CIE, to qualify to take SEE (40% individually)
Laboratory components	Rubrics for each experiment are added, then taken average	30	20
	Lab CIE	20	
TOTAL		50	20

Course Outcomes: After the completion of the course, the student will be able to:	
CO1	Conduct basic tests on lubricating oil like fire, flash, cloud and pour points along with viscosity.
CO2	Determine calorific values of all types of fuels

CO3	Plot internal combustion engine valve timing diagrams and areas of irregular shapes.
CO4	Able to conduct performance tests, draw heat balance sheet and plot Characteristics curve of I C Engines

Mapping of CO's, PO's with PSO's														
Strength of correlation: Strongly related-3, Moderately related-2, Weakly related-1, Not related-0														
CO	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO10	PO11	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3
CO 1	3	3	3	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	0	0
CO 2	3	3	3	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	0	0
CO 3	3	3	3	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	0	0
CO 4	3	3	3	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	0	0

Mapping of CO's with Knowledge and Attitude Profile (WK)										
Strength of correlation: Strongly related-3, Moderately related-2, Weakly related-1, Not related-0										
CO	WK1	WK2	WK3	WK4	WK5	WK6	WK7	WK8	WK9	
CO1	3	-	3	-	-	3	-	-	-	
CO2	3	-	3	-	-	3	-	-	-	
CO3	-	2	3	-	-	3	-	-	-	
CO4	2	2	3	-	-	3	-	-	-	

Mapping of CO's with Sustainable Development Goals (SDG)																	
Strength of correlation: Strongly related-3, Moderately related-2, Weakly related-1, Not related-0																	
CO/SDG	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
CO1	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO2	-	-	-	3	-	-	3	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO3	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO4	-	-	-	3	-	-	3	-	3	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-

Course Coordinators:

Dr. Vishwanath M M
Assistant Professor
Mechanical Engineering

Heads of Programme:

Dr. Sathish S,
Professor,
Mechanical Engineering

Dr. Ambedkar Institute of Technology, Bengaluru - 560056
 School of Core Engineering & Technology
Program: Mechanical Engineering, Industrial Engineering & Management (IEM)

Semester: IV

Scheme: 2025

Course Title	BIOLOGY FOR ENGINEERS						
Course Code	1BBIT407C						
Course Category	BSC (Professional Core Course)						
Teaching - Learning Scheme & Credit	L	T	P	S	Total	Total Teaching Hours	Credit
	2	0	0	2	3	28+0+0+32=60	02
CIE Marks: 50	SEE Marks: 50		Total Max. Marks: 100			Duration of SEE: 02 Hrs	

Course Learning Objectives:	
CLO1	Explain fundamental biological principles, biological systems relevant to engineering applications.
CLO2	Explain bio-inspired and biomimetic principles and their applications to engineering materials, mechanisms and systems.
CLO3	Illustrate biomimetic strategies used in mechanical and interdisciplinary engineering applications.
CLO4	Evaluate the potential of selected bio-inspired approaches for innovative and sustainable engineering solutions.
CLO5	Evaluate sustainability, regulatory and safety aspects and propose biologically informed solutions for simple engineering case studies.

SYLLABUS	No. of Hours	BTLs
UNIT 1	05	L1-L4
BIOMOLECULES AND THEIR APPLICATIONS: Biomolecules: Carbohydrates, Amino acids and Proteins, Lipids- classification, functions. Carbohydrates (cellulose-based water filters, PHA and PLA as bioplastics), Nucleic acids (DNA Vaccine for Rabies and RNA vaccines for Covid19, Forensics–DNA fingerprinting), Proteins (Proteins as food–whey protein and meat analogs, Plant based proteins), Lipids (biodiesel, cleaning agents/detergents, construction and pavement) Enzymes: Enzymes, properties and classification. Mechanism of enzyme action. Enzymes and their application in Industry. Enzymes (glucose-oxidase in biosensors, lignolytic enzyme in bio-bleaching).		
SELF-STUDY COMPONENTS: Cellulose-based water filters –low-cost rural water purification. Biodiesel –comparison of biodiesel with fossil diesel in terms of emissions and efficiency. Bioplastics (PHA and PLA) –real-world applications in packaging and medical devices (sutures, implants).		
UNIT 2	05	L1-L4
MOLECULAR MACHINES AND BIOSENSORS: Molecular Machines and Motors, The F0F1-ATP Synthase Motors, The Bacterial Flagellar Motor. Cytoskeleton: Microtubules, Microfilaments, and Intermediate Filaments, Biosensors, Types of Biosensors, Glucose Biosensors, Bio-detectors: Biosensor Detection of Pollutants, Biosensor in Food Industry.		
SELF-STUDY COMPONENTS: ATP synthase rotary mechanism (video/animation-based self-study). Wearable biosensors and continuous glucose monitoring systems. Emerging biosensor applications in environmental monitoring		

Semester: IV

Scheme: 2025

UNIT 3	06	L1-L4
HUMAN ORGAN SYSTEMS AND BIO DESIGNS: Brain as a CPU System: Architecture of the Central Nervous System and Peripheral Nervous System, Electroencephalography (EEG), Robotic Arms for Prosthetics, Engineering Solutions for Parkinson's Disease. Eye as a Camera System: Architecture of Rod and Cone Cells, Optical Corrections, Cataract, Lens Materials, Bionic Eye. Heart as a Pump System: Architecture, Electrical Signalling and ECG Monitoring, Heart-related Issues, Pacemakers, Defibrillators. Lungs as Purification System: Architecture, Gas Exchange Mechanisms, Spirometry, Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease, Ventilator, Heart-Lung Machine. Kidney as a Filtration System: Architecture, Mechanism of Filtration, Chronic Kidney Disease, Dialysis.		
SELF-STUDY COMPONENTS: Artificial pancreas and insulin-delivery systems. Cochlear implants (ear as a signal-processing system). Comparative study of dialysis vs. kidney transplant engineering challenges		
UNIT 4	06	L1-L4
NATURE-BIOINSPIRED MATERIALS AND MECHANISMS: Echolocation and its Engineering Applications - Ultrasonography and Sonar; Photosynthesis and its Engineering Applications - Photovoltaic Cells and Bionic Leaves; Bird Flight and Navigation - Aircrafts and GPS Applications; Lotus Leaf Effect - Superhydrophobic and Self-Cleaning Surfaces; Plant Burrs - Bioinspired Velcro Fasteners; Shark Skin - Bioinspired Friction-Reducing Swimsuit; Kingfisher Beak - Bioinspired Bullet Train Design.		
SELF-STUDY COMPONENTS: Gecko-inspired dry adhesives. Termite mound-inspired passive building ventilation. Whale fin (tubercle) inspired wind turbine blade design.		
UNIT 5	06	L1-L4
TRENDS IN BIOENGINEERING: BIOPRINTING TECHNIQUES AND MATERIALS: Introduction to 3D printing and Bioprinting, Techniques in Bioprinting, Materials used in Bioprinting, 3D Printing of Ear, 3D Printed Foods. Electrical Tongue and Electrical Nose in Food Science, Bioimaging and Artificial Intelligence for Disease Diagnosis, Self-healing Bio-concrete. Bone and Skin: Viscoelasticity in bone, bone fractures, mechanical properties of bone, skeletal muscles in the body, the structure of muscles, passive muscles, activating muscles, applications of exoskeletal.		
SELF-STUDY COMPONENTS: Organ-on-chip technology. CRISPR-based diagnostic tools. Wearable exoskeletons for rehabilitation		

TEXTBOOKS:	
1	Biology for Engineers , Arthur T Johnson, 2nd Ed., CRC Press, 2018.
2	Biology for Engineers, - Fundamentals and Applications Thyagarajan S, Selvamurugan N, Rajesh M P, Nazeer R A, Richard W Thilagaraj W, Barathi S, and Jaganathan M K, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2018.
3	Biology for Engineers , Dr.Rajendra Singh C.,Dr.N Shankar Rao, IBOP Physics Facilitators, JIRS, Bangalore,2023.

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School of Core Engineering & Technology
Program: Mechanical Engineering, Industrial Engineering & Management (IEM)

Semester: IV

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REFERENCE BOOKS:	
1	Wastewater Treatment and Reuse: Theory and Design Examples Qasim, S. R., and Zhu, G., CRC Press, 2018. ISBN: 978-1138386703. (useful supplementary reference for design examples).
2	Biology: A global approach , N.A. Campbell, J.B. Reece, L. Urry, M.L. Cain and S.A. Wasserman, Wiley Precise Textbook series, 1st edition, Pearson Education Ltd, 2018.
e-LEARNING RESOURCES:	
1	• NPTEL — Environmental Biotechnology / Wastewater Treatment lecture series, National Programme on Technology Enhanced Learning (NPTEL), IITs/NITs — online video lectures and course notes, available at NPTEL portal. (Access date: insert date when you cite).
2	https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/20-020-introduction-to-biological-engineering-design-spring-2009
3	https://www.futurelearn.com/courses/biology-basic-concepts
4	Videos and Lecture Notes: http://www.nptel.ac.in

Assessment Details both (CIE and SEE)			
The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) and Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50% each. The students have to obtain a minimum of 40% marks individually both in CIE and SEE to pass. CIE: The CIE has three components – CIE - theory component, assignment and group activity. Students have to score a minimum of 40% Marks in the total of CIE - theory, assignment and group activity components put together to take SEE. SEE: Theory Semester End Exam (SEE) is conducted for 50 marks (2 Hours duration) and reduced to 50 Marks. **Self-Study Component should be not included for SEE & CIE.			
CONTINUOUS INTERNAL EVALUATION (CIE)		Max. Marks	Minimum Marks to be scored in CIE, to qualify to take SEE (40% individually)
Theory	Weightage of CIE1 and CIE2 Tests or CIE3	50	20
TOTAL		50	20

QUESTION PAPER PATTERN (SEE)										
Q. No.	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6	Q7	Q8	Q9	Q10
UNIT	1	2	3	4	5					
1. Two full questions (each of 20 Marks) are to be set from each unit.										
2. Student shall answer five full questions selecting one full question from each unit.										

Course Outcomes: After the completion of the course, the student will be able to:	
CO1	Elucidate the basic biological concepts via relevant industrial applications and case studies.
CO2	Evaluate the principles of design and development, for exploring novel bioengineering projects.
CO3	Corroborate the concepts of biomimetics for specific requirements.

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 School of Core Engineering & Technology
Program: Mechanical Engineering, Industrial Engineering & Management (IEM)

Semester: IV

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CO4	Think critically towards exploring innovative biobased solutions for socially relevant problems.
CO5	Collaborate interdisciplinary Engineering design thinking for open end projects.

Mapping of CO's, PO's with PSO's														
Strength of correlation: Strongly related-3, Moderately related-2, Weakly related-1, Not related-0														
CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	1	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	2
CO2	3	2	3	1	1	1	3	0	0	0	0	3	1	3
CO3	2	2	1	3	3	0	1	0	1	1	0	2	3	1
CO4	2	3	2	3	2	1	2	0	1	1	0	3	2	2
CO5	2	3	3	2	1	3	3	3	2	2	1	3	2	3

Mapping of CO's with Knowledge and Attitude Profile (WK)										
Strength of correlation: Strongly related-3, Moderately related-2, Weakly related-1, Not related-0										
CO	WK1	WK2	WK3	WK4	WK5	WK6	WK7	WK8	WK9	
CO1	3	0	2	1	0	0	1	0	1	
CO2	2	0	2	3	2	1	1	1	2	
CO3	2	1	2	2	1	3	0	1	1	
CO4	2	1	2	3	2	2	1	1	2	
CO5	1	0	1	2	2	2	3	3	3	

Mapping of CO's with Sustainable Development Goals (SDG)																	
Strength of correlation: Strongly related-3, Moderately related-2, Weakly related-1, Not related-0																	
CO/SDG	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
CO1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	0
CO2	0	0	1	0	0	3	0	0	2	0	2	0	1	0	1	0	0
CO3	0	0	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0
CO4	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	2	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
CO5	0	0	2	0	0	2	0	0	2	0	3	2	2	0	1	0	1

Course Coordinators:

Dr. Ravish D.K,
 Professor,
 Electronics and Telecommunication Engineering

Dr. Ambedkar Institute of Technology, Bengaluru - 560056
School of Core Engineering & Technology
Program: Mechanical Engineering, Industrial Engineering & Management (IEM)

Semester: IV

Scheme: 2025

Heads of Programme:

Dr. Sathish S,
Professor,
Mechanical Engineering

Dr. Rajeshwari P.
Professor,
Industrial Engineering
and Management (IEM)

Head of School

Dr. S Kavitha,
Professor,
School of Core Engineering and Technology, Dr. A.I.T

Dr.Ambedkar Institute of Technology, Bengaluru-560056
Outcome Based Education(OBE) and Choice Based Credit System
B.E. Name of the programme: Mechanical Engineering
Tentative Scheme of Teaching and Examination effective from the Academic Year 2026-27

V SEMESTER

Sl. No	Course and Course Code		Course Title	Teaching Department (TD) and Question and Paper Setting Board (PSB)	Teaching Hours /Week				Examination				Credits
					Theory Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/ Drawing	Self - Study	Duration in hours	CIE Marks	SEE Marks	Total Marks	
					L	T	P	S					
1	HSMS	MET501	Management & Entrepreneurship	Mechanical	3	0	0		03	50	50	100	3
2	IPCC	MEU502	Fluid Mechanics	Mechanical	3	0	2		03	50	50	100	4
3	PCC	MET503	Design of Machine Elements	Mechanical	4	0	0		03	50	50	100	4
4	PCCL	MEL504	Design Lab	Mechanical	0	0	2		03	50	50	100	1
5	PEC	MET505x	Professional Elective Course - I	Mechanical	3	0	0		03	50	50	100	3
6	PROJ	MEM506	Mini Project	Mechanical	0	0	4		03	100		100	2
7	AEC	RMT507	Research Methodology and IPR	EEE department	2	2	0		02	50	50	100	3
8	MC	CVT508	Environmental Studies	TD: CV PSB: CV	2	0	0		02	50	50	100	2
9	HS	CDN509	Aptitude and Verbal Ability Skills	Placement Cell	2	0	0		--	50	--	50	PP/ NP
10	MC	NSN510	National Service Scheme (NSS)	NSS coordinator	0	0	2			100	---	100	PP/ NP
		PEN510	Physical Education (PE) (Sports and Athletics)	Physical Education Director									
		YON510	Yoga	Yoga Teacher									
Total										500	300	800	22

PCC: Professional Core Course, PCCL: Professional Core Course laboratory, UHV: Universal Human Value Course, MC: Mandatory Course (Non-credit), AEC: Ability Enhancement Course, SEC: Skill Enhancement Course, L: Lecture, T: Tutorial, P: Practical, S= Self-Study CIE: Continuous Internal Evaluation, SEE:Semester End Evaluation. K : The letter in the course code indicates common to al the stream of Engineering. PROJ: Project /Mini Project. PEC: Professional Elective Course

Professional Elective Course - I 22XXT505x

MET505A	Inspection and Quality Control	MET505C	Advanced Welding Technology
MET505B	Composite Materials & Manufacturing	MET505D	Mechatronics and Microprocessors

Professional Core Course (IPCC): Refers to Professional Core Course Theory Integrated with practicals of the same course. Credit for IPCC can be 04 and its Teaching– Learning hours (L : T : P) can be considered as (3 : 0 : 2) or (2 : 2 : 2). The theory part of the IPCC shall be evaluated both by CIE and SEE. The practical part shall be evaluated by only CIE (no SEE). However, questions from the practical part of IPCC shall be included in the SEE question paper. For more details, the regulation governing the Degree of Bachelor of Engineering /Technology (B.E./B.Tech.) 2022-23

National Service Scheme /Physical Education/Yoga: All students have to register for any one of the courses namely National Service Scheme (NSS), Physical Education (PE)(Sports and Athletics), and Yoga(YOG) with the concerned coordinator of the course during the first Week of III semesters. Activities shall be carried out between III semester to the VI semester (for 4 semesters). Successful completion of the registered course and requisite CIE score is mandatory for the award of the Degree. The events shall be appropriately scheduled by the colleges and the same shall be reflected in the calendar prepared for the NSS, PE, and Yoga activities. These courses shall not be considered for vertical progression as well as for the calculation of SGPA and CGPA, but completion of the course is mandatory for the award of Degree.

Mini-project work: Mini Project is a laboratory-oriented/hands on course that will provide a platform to students to enhance their practical knowledge and skills by the development of small systems/applications etc. Based on the ability/abilities of the student/s and recommendations of the mentor, a single discipline or multidisciplinary Mini- project can be assigned to an individual student or to a group having not more than 4 students.

CIE procedure for Mini-project:

(i) Single discipline: The CIE marks shall be awarded by a committee consisting of the Head of the concerned Department and two faculty members of the Department, one of them being the Guide. The CIE marks awarded for the Mini-project work shall be based on the evaluation of the project report, project presentation skill, and question and answer session in the ratio of 50:25:25. The marks awarded for the project report shall be the same for all the batch mates.

(ii) Interdisciplinary: Continuous Internal Evaluation shall be group-wise at the college level with the participation of all the guides of the project.

The CIE marks awarded for the Mini-project, shall be based on the evaluation of the project report, project presentation skill, and question and answer session in the ratio 50:25:25. The marks awarded for the project report shall be the same for all the batch mates.

No SEE component for Mini-Project.

Professional Elective Courses (PEC): A professional elective (PEC) course is intended to enhance the depth and breadth of educational experience in the Engineering and Technology curriculum. Multidisciplinary courses that are added supplement the latest trend and advanced technology in the selected stream of Engineering. Each group will provide an option to select one course. The minimum number of students' strengths for offering a professional elective is 10. However, this conditional shall not be applicable to cases where the admission to the program is less than 10.

Dr.Ambedkar Institute of Technology, Bengaluru-560056 Outcome Based Education(OBE) and Choice Based Credit System B.E. Name of the programme: Mechanical Engineering Tentative Scheme of Teaching and Examination effective from the Academic Year 2026-27

VI SEMESTER	
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[illegible]

MC	PEN609	Physical Education (PE) (Sports and Athletics)	Physical Education Director	0	0	2			100	---	100	PP/ NP
	YON609	Yoga	Yoga Teacher									
Total									500	300	800	18

PCC: Professional Core Course, **PCCL:** Professional Core Course laboratory, **UHV:** Universal Human Value Course, **MC:** Mandatory Course (Non-credit), **AEC:** Ability Enhancement Course, **SEC:** Skill Enhancement Course, **L:** Lecture, **T:** Tutorial, **P:** Practical, **S=** Self-Study, **CIE:** Continuous Internal Evaluation, **SEE:** Semester End Evaluation. **K :** The letter in the course code indicates common to all the stream of Engineering. **PROJ:** Project /Mini Project. **PEC:** Professional Elective Course. **PROJ:** Project Phase -I, **OEC:** Open Elective Course.

Professional Elective Course - II : 22XXT603x			
MET603A	Mechanical Vibrations	MET603C	Turbo Machines
MET603B	Experimental Stress Analysis	MET603D	Internal Combustion Engines
Open Elective Course - I 22XXT604x			
MET604A	Composite Materials	MET604C	Engineering Economics
MET604B	Energy and Environment Engineering	MET604D	Product Design And Development

Ability Enhancement Course / Skill Enhancement Course-V 22XXT607x OR 22XXL607x			
MET607A	INTRODUCTION TO INTERNET OF THINGS	MEL607B	Computer Aided Design and Simulation Lab

Professional Core Course (IPCC): Refers to Professional Core Course Theory Integrated with practicals of the same course. Credit for IPCC can be 04 and its Teaching– Learning hours (L : T : P) can be considered as (3 : 0 : 2) or (2 : 2 : 2). The theory part of the IPCC shall be evaluated both by CIE and SEE. The practical part shall be evaluated by only CIE (no SEE). However, questions from the practical part of IPCC shall be included in the SEE question paper. For more details, the regulation governing the Degree of Bachelor of Engineering /Technology (B.E./B.Tech.) 2022-23

National Service Scheme /Physical Education/Yoga: All students have to register for any one of the courses namely National Service Scheme (NSS), Physical Education(PE)(Sports and Athletics), and Yoga(YOG) with the concerned coordinator of the course during the first Week of III semesters. Activities shall be carried out between III semester to the VI semester (for 4 semesters). Successful completion of the registered course and requisite CIE score is mandatory for the award of the Degree. The events shall be appropriately scheduled by the colleges and the same shall be reflected in the calendar prepared for the NSS, PE, and Yoga activities. These courses shall not be considered for vertical progression as well as for the calculation of SGPA and CGPA, but completion of the course is mandatory for the award of Degree.

Professional Elective Courses (PEC): A professional elective (PEC) course is intended to enhance the depth and breadth of educational experience in the Engineering and Technology curriculum. Multidisciplinary courses that are added supplement the latest trend and advanced technology in the selected stream of Engineering. Each group will provide an option to select one course. The minimum number of students' strengths for offering professional electives is 10. However, this conditional shall not be applicable to cases where the admission to the program is less than 10.

Open Elective Courses:

Students belonging to a particular stream of Engineering and Technology are not entitled to the open electives offered by their parent Department. However, they can opt for an elective offered by other Departments, provided they satisfy the prerequisite condition if any. Registration to open electives shall be documented under the guidance of the Program Coordinator/ Advisor/Mentor. The minimum numbers of students' strength for offering Open Elective Course is 10. However, this condition shall not be applicable to class where the admission to the program is less than 10.

Project Phase-I : Students have to discuss with the mentor /guide and with their help he/she has to complete the literature survey and prepare the report and finally define the problem statement for the project work.

ADMISSION YEAR : 2023-24
SEMESTER : FIFTH

ACADEMIC YEAR: 2026-27

Course Title	MANAGEMENT AND ENTREPRENEURSHIP	
Sub.Code: MET501	No. of Credits: 03 = 3:0:0 (L-T-P)	No. of Lecture Hours/Week: 03
Exam Duration: 03 Hrs.	Max. Marks : CIE+ Asmt +GA + SEE=40+5+5+50=100	Total No. of Contact Hours: 40 Hrs.
Category	HSMS	
Pre-requisites	Elements of Mechanical Engineering	

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

1. To impart the knowledge about the Management concepts, evolution and Management functions.
2. To familiarize the student on Entrepreneurship and Entrepreneurial process.
3. To understand the role of SSI in economic development and gain an insight of funding agencies.
4. To have a clear understanding of concept of project, preparation of project & its screening.

#	CONTENTS	Hrs
UNIT-1	MANAGEMENT	08
	Introduction- Meaning, characteristics of management, functions of Management- POSDCORB, Levels and Skills of Management, Roles of Managers Management as science or an art or profession, Development of management thought -Early management approaches (in brief)- Psychological, Bureaucratic, Scientific theory and Administrative theory and Human Relations Movement, Modern management approaches (in brief)- Behavioral, Systems, Quantitative, and Contingency approach. FUNCTIONS OF MANAGEMENT- PART I: PLANNING: Types of Plans: Single use & Standing plans, Steps in Planning process. ORGANIZING: Types of organization (Line, Staff, Line & Staff, Matrix and Committee form) Departmentation (Functional, Product, Process, Territorial and Customer), MBO and MBE.	
UNIT-2	FUNCTIONS OF MANAGEMENT – PART II	08
	STAFFING: Sources of recruitment, Process of selection, DIRECTING: Leadership: Definition, Leadership styles - Autocratic, Democratic, Charismatic, Laissez faire and Participative, Motivation: – Definition, Maslow, Herzberg & McGregor's Theory X & Y. Communication – Definition, types, communication process and barriers of communication, CO-ORDINATION: importance, CONTROLLING: steps in controlling, REPORTING: importance, BUDGETTING: importance <i>Case study discussion with respect to Indian context.</i>	
UNIT-3	ENTREPRENEUR	08

	Definition & Meaning, Characteristics, types of entrepreneurs- Imitative, Innovative, Fabian and drone and Others, Intrapreneur- meaning, Difference between Entrepreneurs, Intrapreneur & Manager, Stages in Entrepreneurial process, barriers to entrepreneurs, Role of Entrepreneurs in economic development and Business Plan. Rural entrepreneurship– Definition, challenges & opportunities. Women Entrepreneurs – Definition, challenges, and Institutional support to Women Entrepreneurs in India. Family Business: Meaning and Definition, types of family business and reasons for failure of family business. Corporate Social Responsibility- Meaning, definition and benefits. <i>Case study discussion with respect to Indian context.</i> <i>Activity: Profile of successful entrepreneur and Writing Business plan</i>	
UNIT-4	MSME	08
	Definition of MSME (latest). SMALL SCALE INDUSTRY: Meaning, and definition, Characteristics, steps to start SSI, role of SSI in economic development, problems faced by SSI. Introduction to GATT, WTO & LPG, Sources of financing (brief), Forms of ownership - Sole proprietorship, Hindu Undivided Family, Partnership, and Cooperative. Institutional Support: Central level Institutions – NBMSME, KVIC, NSIC, SIDBI, Indian Institute of Entrepreneurship (IIE), EDI and NABARD. State level Institutions- DIC, KSFC, KIADB, TECSOK. STARTUP COMPANIES-Meaning and Challenges. Make in India concept and MUDRA Bank Initiative. <i>Activity for students: Schemes for startup companies.</i>	
UNIT-5	PREPARATION OF PROJECT	08
	Project- Meaning, Classification of project, Project identification, Project selection, Project Appraisal, Project implementation. Project Report –Outline, Feasibility Study-Financial, Technical, Marketing, and Social Feasibility Study, PESTLE Analysis for Project and errors in preparation of project report. <i>Activity for students: Preparation of project report</i>	

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Entrepreneurship and Management- S Nagendra and V S Manjunath- Pearson Publication 4 /e,2009.
2. Principles of Management – PC Tripathi, and P N Reddy – Tata MacGrawHill.
3. Entrepreneurship Development – Poornima M Charanthimath Pearson Education 2nd Edition.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Dynamics of Entrepreneurial Development and Management-Vasant Desai-Himalaya Publishing House. Latest edition.
2. Entrepreneurship and management - Shashi k Gupta- Kalyani publishers, Latest edition.
3. Financial Management- Shashi k Gupta- Kalyani publishers, Latest edition.

C04: Students will be able to identify business opportunities & design a project report.

QUESTION PAPER PATTERN (SEE)										
Q. No.	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6	Q7	Q8	Q9	Q10
UNIT	1		2		3		4		5	
1. Two full questions (each of 20 Marks) are to be set from each unit.										
2. Student shall answer five full questions selecting one full question from each unit.										

ADMISSION YEAR : 2023-24
SEMESTER : FIFTH

ACADEMIC YEAR: 2026-27

Course Title	FLUID MECHANICS	
Sub.Code:MEU502	No. of Credits:04 = 3:0:2 (L-T-P)	No. of Lecture Hours/Week:03 No. of Practical hours/week :02
Exam Duration: 03 Hrs.	Max. Marks : CIE+ SEE=40+5+5+50=100	Total No of Contact Hours: 40 + 10 Lab Slots
Category	IPCC	
Pre-requisites	Physics, Mathematics	

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

1. Explain various properties related to fluid mechanics.
2. Determine hydrostatic force and centre of pressure on plane and curved surfaces, locate met centre and Meta centric height of floating bodies.
3. Summarize different types of pressure measurement devices..
4. Apply laws of conservation of momentum, mass and energy to fluid flow systems and explain the measurement of fluid flow parameters.
5. Interpret compressibility of gases in terms of Mach number.

#	CONTENTS	Hrs.
UNIT-1	PROPERTIES OF FLUID	8L+2P
	Introduction, classification of fluids, properties of fluids, viscosity, thermodynamic properties, surface tension, capillarity, vapour pressure, cavitation phenomenon. Numerical problems. Fluid statics: Fluid pressure at a point, Pascal's law, pressure variation in a static fluid, absolute, gauge, atmospheric and vacuum pressures, simple manometers and differential manometers. Numerical problems.	
UNIT-2	SUBMERGED BODIES AND BUOYANCY	8L+2P
	Submerged bodies: Total pressure and center of pressure on submerged plane surfaces; horizontal, vertical and inclined plane surfaces, curved surface submerged in liquid. Related numerical problems. Buoyancy: Buoyancy, center of buoyancy, metacentre and metacentric height, conditions of equilibrium of floating and submerged bodies, determination of metacentric height experimentally and theoretically. Numerical problems.	
UNIT-3	FLUID KINEMATICS AND DYNAMICS	8L+2P
	Fluid kinematics: Types of fluid flow, continuity equation in 2D and 3D (Cartesian Coordinates only), velocity and acceleration, Numerical problems. Fluid dynamics: Introduction, Equation of motion, Euler's equation of motion, Bernoulli's equation from first principles and also from Euler's equation, limitations of Bernoulli's equation. Numerical problems.	
UNIT-4	FLUID FLOW MEASUREMENTS AND FLOW THROUGH PIPES	8L+2P
	Fluid flow measurements: Applications of Bernoulli's equation, venturimeter, orifice meter, pitot-tube, vertical orifice, V-notch and rectangular notches, Numerical problems. Navier-stoke's Equation. Flow through pipes: Introduction, major and minor losses through pipes. Darcy's and Chezy's equation for loss of head due to friction in pipes. HGL and TEL. Numerical problems. Laminar flow and viscous effects: Reynold's number, critical Reynold's number, laminar flow through circular pipe-Hagen Poiseuille's equation,	

	laminar flow between parallel and stationary plates. Numerical problems.	
UNIT-5	FLOW PAST IMMERSED BODIES AND COMPRESSIBLE FLOW	8L+2P
	Flow past immersed bodies: Introduction, drag, lift, expression for lift and drag, boundary layer concept, displacement, momentum and energy thickness. Numerical problems. Compressible flow: introduction – stagnation properties relationship, velocity of sound in a fluid, mach number, mach cone, propagation of pressure waves in a compressible fluid. Numerical problems. Introduction to Computational Fluid Dynamics (CFD): Necessity, limitations, philosophy behind CFD, applications; Commercial softwares available for CFD analysis.	

Fluid Mechanics (FM) LABORATORY	Hrs. 24
1) Impact of jet on vanes - Determination of coefficient of impact of water jet on flat vane, inclined vane and hemispherical vane. 2) Orifice meter – Determination of coefficient of discharge (Calibration of orifice meter) 3) Venturimeter – Determination of coefficient of discharge (Calibration of venturimeter) 4) V- notch – Determination of coefficient of discharge (Calibration of V notch) 5) Flow through a pipe - Determination of major losses. I. Performance testing, plotting the characteristic curves and determination of unit quantities and specific speed of 1) Pelton turbine 2) Francis turbine 3) Kaplan turbine II. Performance testing, plotting the characteristic curves and determination of specific speed of 4) Single stage centrifugal pump 5) Multi stage centrifugal pump III. Coefficient of discharge and percentage slip of a reciprocating pump.	

TEXT BOOKS

1. A Textbook of Fluid Mechanics and Hydraulic Machines (SI Units), Dr. R.K. Bansal, Laxmi Publications (P) Limited, Revised 9th Edition,, 2010.
2. Fluid Mechanics: Fundamentals and Applications (SI Units), Yunus A. Cengel, John M. Cimbala. McGraw-Hill Publications (SIE), 3rd Edition, 2014.

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Hydraulics and Fluid Mechanics including Hydraulic Machines, Dr. P.N. Modi and S.M. Seth, Rajsons Publications Private Limited, Standard Book House, 2009.
2. Fluid Mechanics, Frank M. White, McGraw-Hill Publications (SIE), 7th Edition, 2011.
3. A Text Book of Fluid Mechanics, R K Rajput, S Chand Publishers , 1998.

e-LEARNING RESOURCES

1. Fluid Mechanics: Mechanical Engineering Handbook, Kreith, F., Berger, S.A., et. al., Ed. Frank Kreith, Boca Raton: CRC Press LLC, 1999.
2. Videos and Lecture Notes: <http://www.nptel.ac.in>

MASSIVE OPEN ONLINE COURSES (MOOCs):

Students are encouraged to visit <http://www.nptel.ac.in> (<http://www.swayam.gov.in>) and register for the following MOOCs: Fluid Mechanics (8 Week Course; July-Oct)

COURSE OUTCOMES: on completion of the course, student should be able to:

CO1: Understand how a fluid is classified and define various properties of a fluid; understand Pascal's law and explain various types of manometers; and solve related numerical problems (RBTL 1, 2, 3)

CO2: Explain the total pressure and centre of pressure acting on submerged surfaces; understand the concept of buoyancy, metacentre and metacentric height of floating and submerged bodies; and solve related numerical problems (RBTL 1, 2, 3)

CO3: Describe the types of fluid flow and understand the continuity, Euler and Bernoulli's equation; solve numerical problems related to fluid kinematics and dynamics (RBTL 1, 2, 3)

CO4: Explain different types of flow measuring devices; understand the minor and major losses; discuss Darcy and Chezy equations; describe Reynolds number and understand the derivation of flow through circular pipe, laminar flow between parallel and stationary plates; and solve related numerical problems (RBTL 1, 2, 3)

CO5: Understand the terms related to fluid flow past an immersed body; explain boundary layer, displacement, momentum and energy thickness; understand the relationship of stagnation properties applicable to compressible flow; explain Mach number and Mach cone; and solve related numerical problems (RBTL 1, 2, 3).

Assessment Details both (CIE and SEE)
The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) and Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50% each. The students have to obtain a minimum of 40% marks individually both in CIE and SEE to pass. CIE: The CIE has two components – CIE - theory component and CIE – laboratory component. Students have to score a minimum of 40% Marks in the total of CIE - theory and CIE – laboratory components put together, provided students have to score a minimum of 40% marks in CIE laboratory component alone to qualify to take SEE. Theory Semester End Exam (SEE) is conducted for 100 marks (3 Hours duration) and reduced to 50 Marks.

CONTINUOUS INTERNAL EVALUATION (CIE)		Max Marks	Minimum Marks to be scored in CIE, to qualify to take SEE (40% individually)	
Theory	Weightage of CIE1 and CIE2 Tests or CIE3	30	12	
Laboratory components	Lab components: Rubrics for each lab component are added, then taken average	10	20	08
	Lab CIE	10		
TOTAL		50	20	

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs												
COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	3	0	0	0	2	1	1	1	0	1
CO2	3	3	2	0	0	0	2	1	1	1	0	1
CO3	3	3	3	0	0	0	2	1	1	1	0	1
CO4	3	3	3	0	0	0	2	1	1	1	0	1
CO5	3	3	3	0	0	0	2	1	1	1	0	1
Strength of correlation: Strongly related-3, Moderately related-2, Weakly related-1, Not related-0												

QUESTION PAPER PATTERN (SEE)										
Q. No.	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6	Q7	Q8	Q9	Q10
UNIT	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1. Two full questions (each of 20 Marks) are to be set from each unit.										
2. Student shall answer five full questions selecting one full question from each unit.										

ADMISSION YEAR : 2023-24
SEMESTER : FIFTH

ACADEMIC YEAR: 2026-27

Course Title	DESIGN OF MACHINE ELEMENTS	
Sub.Code: MET503	No. of Credits: 4 = 4:0:0 (L-T-P)	No. of Lecture Hours/Week: 04
Exam Duration: 03 Hrs.	Max. Marks : CIE+ Asmt +GA + SEE=40+5+5+50=100	Total No of Contact Hours: 52
Category	PCC	
Pre-requisites	Mechanics of Materials, Material Science and Metallurgy	

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

1. To familiarize the various steps involved in the Design Process.
2. To understand the principles involved in evaluating the shape and dimensions of a component to satisfy functional and strength requirements.
3. To learn to use standard practices and standard data.
4. To learn to use catalogues and standard machine components.

	CONTENTS	Hrs
UNIT-1	STEADY STRESSES AND VARIABLE STRESSES IN MACHINE MEMBERS	11
	Introduction to the design process - factors influencing machine design, selection of materials based on mechanical properties - Preferred numbers, fits and tolerances – Direct, Bending and torsional stress equations – Impact and shock loading – calculation of principle stresses for various load combinations, eccentric loading – curved beams – crane hook and ‘C’ frame - Factor of safety - theories of failure – Design based on strength and stiffness – Concepts of reliability based design - stress concentration – Design for finite and infinite life under variable loading.	
UNIT -	ENERGY STORING ELEMENTS AND ENGINE COMPONENTS	11
	SPRINGS: Introduction, classification of springs, stresses in helical coil springs of circular sections, deflection equation, and energy stored in springs and problems on helical coil springs, buffer springs, concentric springs- advantages, applications and design of concentric springs, springs under fluctuating loads. Leaf Springs, advantages and applications, nipping, stresses in leaf springs, semi elliptical leaf spring. Numerical, Design of Engines Components Connecting Rods and crank shafts.	
UNIT -	TEMPORARY AND PERMANENT JOINTS	10

	PRESSURE VESSELS: Introduction, Purpose, and Unfired Pressure Vessels at Hydroelectric Facilities, Inspection of Unfired Pressure Vessels, Frequency of Inspections, Inspector qualifications, Pre-Inspection Activities, Inspection Procedure, External Inspection, Thickness Survey, Stress Analysis, Internal Inspection, Non Destructive Testing, and Pressure Testing. theory of bonded joints RIVETED JOINTS: Types, rivet materials, Modes of failures of riveted joints, Strength Equations – efficiency of riveted joints, Joint Efficiency, Boiler Joints, Lozenge Joints, Riveted Brackets, Eccentrically riveted joints and Numerical problems. WELDED JOINTS: Types, Strength of butt and fillet welds, eccentrically loaded welded joints and Numerical problems.	
UNIT- 4	DESIGN OF GEARS	10
	Design of Gears: Basic details of gears, classification of gears, Lewis equation, form factor, Introduction to Spur, Helical, Bevel and Worm Gears, Speed ratios and number of teeth-Force analysis -Tooth loads – Dynamic, Wear effects, Gear materials – Design of straight tooth spur & helical gears based on strength and wear considerations – Pressure angle in the normal and transverse plane- Equivalent number of teeth-forces for helical gears.	
UNIT- 5	BEARINGS	10
	Introduction to Lubricant theories, Angular contact ball bearings., Sliding contact and rolling contact bearings -Hydrodynamic journal bearings, Petroff's Equations, McKee's Eqn., Summerfield Number, Raimondi & Boyd graphs, -- Design of Journal bearings, Selection of ball and roller ,Seals and Gaskets	

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Joseph Shigley, Charles Mischke, Richard Budynas and Keith Nisbett “Mechanical Engineering Design”, 8th Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2008.
2. Bhandari V, “Design of Machine Elements”, 3rd Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill Book Co, 2010.

DESIGN DATA HANDBOOK:

2. Design Data Hand Book, K. Lingaiah, McGraw Hill, 2nd Ed.
3. Data Hand Book, K. Mahadevan and Balaveera Reddy, CBS Publication

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Machine Design, Robert L. Norton, Pearson Education Asia, 2001.
2. Robert C. Juvinall and Kurt M. Marshek, “Fundamentals of Machine Design”, 4th Edition, Wiley, 2005
3. Alfred Hall, Halowenko, A and Laughlin, H., “Machine Design”, Tata McGraw-Hill Book Co. (Schaum's Outline), 2010
4. Design of Machine Elements, M. F. Spotts, T. E. Shoup, L. E. Hornberger, S. R. Jayram and C. V. Venkatesh, Pearson Education, 2006.
5. Machine Design, Hall, Holowenko, Laughlin (Schaum's Outlines series) Adapted by S.K. Somani, TMH, New Delhi, Special Indian Edition, 2008.
6. Fundamentals of Machine Component Design, Robert C. Juvinall and Kurt M Marshek, Wiley India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 3rd Edition, 2007.
7. Fundamentals of Machine Elements - Hawrock, Jacobson McGraw Hill
8. Machine Design - Patel, Pandya, Sikh, Vol. - I & II, C.
9. Fundamentals of Machine Elements B.J. Hamrock, and S.R. Schmid TMH.
10. The Mechanical Design Process. D.G. Ullman, TMH, New Delhi, 2008.

Note: (Use of Lingaiah Design Data Book is permitted in the University examination)

COURSE OUTCOMES: On completion of the course, students will be able to:
CO1: Demonstrate understanding of various design considerations
CO2: Apply basic principles of machine design
CO3: Design machine elements on the basis of strength concept
CO4: Use design data books and various standard codes of practices and acquire skill in preparing production drawings pertaining to various designs.
CO5: Upon completion of this course, the students can able to successfully design machine Components for suitable applications.

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs												
COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	2	3	1	3	3
CO2	2	3	3	2	3	3	3	1	2	3	3	2
CO3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	1	3	2	3	2
CO4	3	3	2	3	3	2	3	2	1	2	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	2	3	1	3	3
Strength of correlation: Strongly related-3, Moderately related-2, Weakly related-1, Not related-0												

QUESTION PAPER PATTERN (SEE)										
Q. No.	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6	Q7	Q8	Q9	Q10
UNIT	1		2		3		4		5	
1. Two full questions (each of 20 Marks) are to be set from each unit.										
2. Student shall answer five full questions selecting one full question from each unit.										
3.Design Data Hand Book is permitted										

ADMISSION YEAR : 2023-24
SEMESTER : FIFTH

ACADEMIC YEAR: 2026-27

Course Title	DESIGN LABORATORY	
Sub.Code: MEL504	No. of Credits: 1 = 0:01:2 (L-T-P)	No. of Practical Hours/Week: 02
Exam Duration: 03 Hrs.	CIE+SEE =50+50	Total No of Contact Hours: 26
Category	PCCL	
Pre-requisites	Design of Machine Elements	

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

1. The main objective of this lab is to expose the student of mechanical engineering to various experimental techniques in order to prepare them for their professional career (Industrial and or R&D). The equipment's / instrumentation proposed are expected to provide the students a lot of insight into various experimental techniques in general and those connected with major mechanical systems in particular.
2. The experiment sequence is arranged in such a way to facilitate to introduce the students to engineering fundamentals, to develop their abilities to design experiments, and to motivate them to learn computer applications for data analysis.

SL No.	CONTENTS	Hrs
PART A	1. Experimental prediction of natural frequency of compound pendulum, prediction of equivalent simple pendulum system. 2. Experimental prediction of natural frequency for longitudinal vibrations of helical springs, and springs in series and parallel with or without damping and Torsional Vibration. 3. Experimental prediction of natural frequencies, and nodal points for single rotor and two-rotor vibratory system, and comparison with theoretical results 4. Experimental and theoretical investigation of whirling of shaft (i.e. . comparison of experimental and theoretical natural frequency and justification of discrepancy between experiment and theory) 5.Determination of Fringe constant of Photo elastic material using (a) Circular disc subjected to diametric compression (b) Pure bending specimen (four point bending).(c) Tensile specimen. 6.Determination of stress concentration using Photo elasticity for simple components like circular disk with circular hole under diametrical compression,	18
PART B	1. Determination of centrifugal force, power, effort, range speed sensitiveness of Porter/ Watt /Hartnel Governor. (Only one or more). 2. Determination of Principal Stresses and strains young's modulus in a member to tensile/combined loading using Strain rosettes. 3. Experiments on Gyroscope.	08

REFERENCE BOOKS :

1. Advanced Mechanics of solids, L. S. Srinath, Tata Mc. Graw Hill, 2003
2. Theory of Elasticity, S. P. Timoshenko and J. N Gordier, Mc.Graw Hill International, 3rd edition, 1972
3. Theory of Elasticity, Dr. Sadhu Singh, Khanna Publications, 1988
4. Elasticity, Theory, Applications & Numericals, Martin H Sadd, Elsevier. 2005
4. Applied Elasticity, Seetharamu & Govindaraju, Interline Publishing

COURSE OUTCOMES: On completion of the course, student should be able to:

CO1: To exposure the students get to the modern design experimental techniques and instrumentation.

CO2: Understand the essence of kinetics and dynamics through experiments.

CO3: Visualize the stresses developed in an object through photo elasticity implementation of concept of stress concentration in design.

CO4: Have potential to design the experimentation as per need.

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs												
COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	2	2	3	3	1	1	1	1	3	1
CO2	3	3	2	1	3	2	1	1	1	1	3	1
CO3	3	3	2	2	2	2	1	1	2	1	3	1
CO4	3	3	2	2	2	2	1	1	2	1	3	1
Strength of correlation: Strongly related-3, Moderately related-2, Weakly related-1, Not related-0												

SCHEME OF EXAMINATION	
One questions from Part A	15 Marks (05 Write up +10)
One questions from Part B	25 Marks (05 Write up +20)
Viva Voce	10 Marks
TOTAL	50 Marks

Change of experiment is not permitted if change of experiment permitted, that experiment is evaluated for 50% marks of allotted marks.

ADMISSION YEAR : 2023-24
SEMESTER : FIFTH

ACADEMIC YEAR: 2026-27

Course Title	INSPECTION AND QUALITY CONTROL (PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE COURSES – I)	
Sub.Code: MET505A	No. of Credits: 03 = 3:0:0 (L-T-P)	No. of Lecture Hours/Week: 03
Exam Duration: 03 Hrs.	Max. Marks : CIE+ Asmt +GA +SEE=40+5+5+50=100	Total No.of Contact Hours: 40
Category	PEC	
Pre-requisites	Engineering Mathematics	

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

1. The student should learn different inspection procedures, objectives in industry and economic aspects.
2. To impart definition of quality, components, concepts and different approaches followed like quality circles, cost of quality and economic considerations in quality.
3. To impart knowledge on various quality standards followed.
4. To impart fundamentals of statistical quality control charts, and process capability.
5. To impart different sampling techniques and reliability.

#	CONTENTS	Hrs.
UNIT-1	INDUSTRIAL INSPECTION and CONCEPT OF QUALITY IN ENGINEERING	08
	Industrial inspection: Objectives and functions of inspection in industry, types of inspection, production / inspection interaction, organization for industrial inspection, inspection procedures, economic aspect of inspection. Concept of Quality in Engineering: Meaning and significance of quality; essential components of quality; phases or elements for building quality; evolution of the concepts of quality; spiral of progress of quality; quality cost, hidden quality costs; economic models of quality costs, changing scope of quality activities.	
UNIT-2	QUALITY MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS , QUALITY CONTROL FUNCTION and ASPECTS OF SPECIFICATION AND TOLERANCES	08
	Quality Control Function: Inspection versus quality control techniques, quality planning activities, organization for quality control. Fundamentals of statistical quality control, Juran's quality trilogy. Aspects Of Specification And Tolerances: Aspects of Specification and Tolerances: purpose of specification and tolerances, effect of careless setting of specification limits, setting realistic tolerances, statistical tolerancing, statistical theorem, Precision. Reproducibility and Accuracy, Simple numerical problems.	
UNIT-3	CONTROL CHARTS	07
	Control Charts: Basics of Control Chart: Variability, Kinds of variations, Types of errors, Control limits specification limits and Natural Tolerance limits, Charts for variables and attributes, application of control charts for averages, range, standard deviation, Interpretation of X-bar and R Charts- cyclic patterns, mixture, shift, trend and stratification, fraction defectives (p Chart) and number of non-conformities per unit (c Chart), process capability analysis and simple numerical problems.	
UNIT-4	ACCEPTANCE SAMPLING & RELIABILITY	08

	Acceptance Sampling: Elementary concepts, sampling by attributes, single, double and multiple sampling plans, construction and use of operating characteristic curves and problems on single sampling plan. Reliability: Reliability engineering, rectification processes in industries, practical activity – quality report building, reliability function, failure rate, mean time between failures (MTBF), mean time to failure (MTTF), mortality curve, useful life availability, maintainability, system effectiveness and simple numerical problems on reliability, MTBF and MTTF.	
UNIT-5	QUALITY TOOLS AND SYSTEMS & TOTAL QUALITY MANAGEMENT	08
	Quality Management Systems: Introduction to various quality standards - ISO 9000, BIS. Quality Tools: Ishikawa's seven quality tools; Quality Circles; Quality system economics. Total Quality Management (TQM) – definition, objectives, philosophy, and total productive maintenance (TPM) – definition, objectives, principles, implementation of TPM. Difference between TQM and TPM.	

TEXT BOOKS

1. Juran, J. M. and Gryna, F. M., Quality Planning & Analysis, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi (1995).
2. Grant, E. L., Statistical Quality Control, McGraw Hill International, New York (2005).
3. Charles E Ebling, An introduction to reliability and maintainability engineering, Tata McGraw-Hill Education, 2004 – Maintainability (Engineering).

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Feignbaum, A. V., Total Quality Control, McGraw Hill International, New York (1991).
2. Besterfield, D.H., Total Quality Management, Pearson Education Asia, New Delhi (2003)

COURSE OUTCOMES: On completion of the course, student should be able to:

CO1: Gain a knowledge on industrial inspection activity and concept of quality in engineering.

CO2: Understand various quality systems, quality control function, specification and tolerances prevalent in industry.

CO3: Construct various control charts based on data available in an industrial production, can also dwell upon the status of a process whether in control or out of control and find number of defectives.

CO4: Carry out sampling, reliability techniques with an industrial application.

CO5: Learn about applying different quality tools and total quality management.

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs												
COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	3	1	3	1	0	0	2	1	2	2
CO2	3	3	2	1	3	1	0	0	1	1	2	1
CO3	3	3	2	1	3	1	0	0	2	1	2	2
CO4	3	2	3	1	3	1	0	0	2	1	2	2
CO5	3	3	2	1	3	1	0	0	2	1	2	2
Strength of correlation: Strongly related-3, Moderately related-2, Weakly related-1, Not related-0												

ADMISSION YEAR: 2023-24
SEMESTER : FIFTH

ACADEMIC YEAR: 2026-27

Course Title	COMPOSITE MATERIALS & MANUFACTURING (PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE COURSES – I)	
Sub.Code: MET505B	No. of Credits: 03 = 3:0:0 (L-T-P)	No. of Lecture Hours/Week: 03
Exam Duration: 03 Hrs.	Max. Marks : CIE+ Asmt +GA + SEE=40+5+5+50=100	Total No.of Contact Hours: 40
Category	PEC	
Pre-requisites	Material Science	

Course learning objectives:

1. This subject introduces different types of composite materials to the students
2. Students are introduced to different properties of composite materials
3. Students get to know the different applications of these materials

#	CONTENTS	Hrs
UNIT-1	INTRODUCTION TO COMPOSITES	08
	Fundamentals of composites - need for composites – Enhancement of properties - classification of composites – Matrix-Polymer matrix composites (PMC), Metal matrix composites (MMC), Ceramic matrix composites (CMC) – Reinforcement – Particle reinforced composites, Fibre reinforced composites. Applications of various types of composites in aerospace, automotive, medical, sports, marine industry.	
UNIT-2	PROCESSING OF POLYMER MATRIX COMPOSITES	08
	Polymer matrix resins – Thermosetting resins, thermoplastic resins – Reinforcement fibres – Rovings – Woven fabrics – Non woven random mats – various types of fibres. Advantages and Limitations of PMC's PMC processes - Hand lay-up processes – Spray up processes – Compression moulding – Reinforced reaction injection moulding - Resin transfer moulding – Pultrusion – Filament winding – Injection moulding. Fibre reinforced plastics (FRP), Glass fibre reinforced plastics (GFRP).	
UNIT-3	PROCESSING OF METAL MATRIX COMPOSITES	08
	Characteristics of MMC , Various types of Metal matrix composites Alloy vs. MMC, Advantages of MMC, Limitations of MMC, Metal Matrix, Reinforcements – particles – fibres. Effect of reinforcement - Volume fraction – Rule of mixtures. Processing of MMC – Powder metallurgy process - diffusion bonding – stir casting – squeeze casting, Recycling of Metal Matrix Composites	
UNIT-4	PROCESSING OF CERAMIC MATRIX COMPOSITES	08
	Engineering ceramic materials – properties – advantages – limitations – Monolithic ceramics - Need for CMC – Ceramic matrix - Various types of Ceramic Matrix composites- oxide ceramics – non oxide ceramics – aluminium oxide – silicon nitride – reinforcements – particles- fibres- whiskers. Sintering - Hot pressing – Cold isostatic pressing (CIPing) – Hot isostatic pressing (HIPing).	

UNIT-5	ADVANCES IN COMPOSITES	07
	Carbon / carbon composites – Advantages of carbon matrix – limitations of carbon matrix Carbon fibre – chemical vapour deposition of carbon on carbon fibre perform. Sol gel technique. Composites for aerospace applications. Nanocomposites: Polymer Nano Composites – Types, Nano reinforcements, Applications, Metal Matrix Nano Composites – Types, Nano reinforcements, Applications, Ceramic Nano Composites - Types, Nano reinforcements, Applications 3D Printing of Composites : Introduction to 3D printing, 3D Printing of Polymer and Metal Matrix Composites, Applications of 3D Printed composites	

TEXT BOOKS

1. Mathews F.L. and Rawlings R.D., Composite materials: Engineering and Science, Chapman and Hall, London, England, 1st edition, 1994.
2. Chawla K.K., Composite materials, Springer – Verlag, 1987
3. M. Balasubramanian, Composite materials and Processing, CRC Press, 2014

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Clyne T.W. and Withers P.J., Introduction to Metal Matrix Composites, Cambridge University Press, 1993.
2. Strong A.B., Fundamentals of Composite Manufacturing, SME, 1989.
3. Sharma S.C., Composite materials, Narosa Publications, 2000.
4. Short Term Course on Advances in Composite Materials, Composite Technology Centre, Department of Metallurgy, IIT- Madras, December 2001.
5. Manoj Kumar Buragohain, Composite Structures: Design, Mechanics, Analysis, Manufacturing, and Testing; CRC Press, 2017
6. Srinivasan K; Composite Material: Production Properties Testing; Narosa Publishers; 2009.
7. Autar K Kaw, Mechanics of Composite Materials, CRC, Taylor & Francis Group, 2006.
8. R.K.Everret & R.J. Arsenault Metal matrix composite Academic press.

COURSE OUTCOMES: On completion of the course, student should be able to:

CO1: Knowledge about composites and its applications

CO2: Understand the various processing methods of polymer matrix composites

CO3: Enhance awareness on intricate knowledge on metal matrix composites

CO4: Familiarize with the basics of ceramic matrix composites processing

CO5: Knowledge on the recent advances in composites

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs												
COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	2	3	1	3	3
CO2	2	3	3	2	3	3	3	1	2	3	3	2
CO3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	1	3	2	3	2
CO4	3	3	2	3	3	2	3	2	1	2	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	2	3	1	3	3
Strength of correlation: Strongly related-3, Moderately related-2, Weakly related-1, Not related-0												

QUESTION PAPER PATTERN (SEE)										
Q. No.	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6	Q7	Q8	Q9	Q10
UNIT	1		2		3		4		5	

ADMISSION YEAR : 2023-24
SEMESTER : FIFTH

ACADEMIC YEAR: 2026-27

Course Title	ADVANCED WELDING TECHNOLOGY (PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE COURSES – I)	
Sub.Code: MET505C	No. of Credits: 03 = 3:0:0 (L-T-P)	No. of Lecture Hours/Week: 03
Exam Duration: 03 Hrs.	Max. Marks : CIE+ Asmt +GA + SEE=40+5+5+50=100	Total No.of Contact Hours: 40
Category	PCC	
Pre-requisites	Manufacturing Processes	

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1. To understand the working principle, advantages, disadvantages of arc, gas and thermit welding, types of weld joints, heat effects weld ability, preheating and post heating.
2. The student gains information on different solid-state and underwater welding processes.
3. To understand the power beam welding, brazing, soldering and thermal cutting processes.
4. To understand the welding metallurgy and weld ability.
5. To understand the Weldment inspection and testing codes governing welding inspection.

#	CONTENTS	Hrs.
UNIT 1	INTRODUCTION OF WELDING:	08
	Classification of welding processes, energy sources used in welding, types of fusion welds: working principle, process variables, advantages, limitations and applications of electro slag and electro gas welding, resistance spot welding, gas welding, plasma arc welding and thermit welding. And types of joints, Design considerations, Heat effects, and Weld ability and join ability. Elements and construction of welding symbols. Preheating and interpass heating, post weld heating, heating processes, post heat treatments, insulation of heated joints. Simple Problems.	
UNIT 2	ADVANCED WELDING PROCESSES:	08
	Working principle, process variables, advantages, limitations and applications of Forge welding, Forge-seam welding, cold welding, roll welding, friction welding and Inertia welding, friction stir welding, ultrasonic welding, diffusion welding and explosion welding. Introduction to wet and dry under water welding & cutting Introduction, welding techniques, difficulties and advantages of welding in space.	
UNIT 3	HIGH ENERGY BEAM WELDING PROCESSES, BRAZING, SOLDERING AND THERMAL CUTTING:	07
	Working principle, process variables, advantages, limitations and applications of Electron beam and Laser beam welding Weld joint preparation and temperature control, checks prior to weld joint preparation, joint preparation checks, preheating and inter pass heating, post weld heating, heating processes, post heat treatments, insulation of heated joints. Introduction, brazing, soldering, various techniques, their advantages, limitations and applications; brazing & soldering consumables. Oxy Acetylene cutting-	

	working principle, metal powder cutting, introduction to oxygen/air / plasma / metal arc cutting arc cutting and gouging; advantages, limitations and applications of various techniques.	
UNIT 4	WELDING METALLURGY AND WELDABILITY:	08
	Principle of solidification of weld metal, modes of solidification, effect of welding parameters on weld structure, grain refinement principle of weld metal, method of weld metal refinement, inoculation, arc pulsation, external excitation. Thermal cycles, prediction of peak temperature, pre heat and cooling rate, Heat affected zone and weld metal: Transformations in HAZ of steel, factors affecting changes in microstructure and mechanical properties of HAZ, reactions in weld pool- gas metal reaction, slag metal reaction. Weld ability of carbon steel, stainless steel & aluminum. Hot & cold cracking phenomenon, weld defects, causes and their remedies. Welding of Cu, Al, Ti and Ni alloys – processes, difficulties, microstructures, defects and remedial measures.	
UNIT 5	WELDMET INSPECTION AND TESTING CODES GOVERNING WELDING INSPECTION:	08
	Structural welding code; ASME boiler and pressure vessel code, spot examination of welded joints, duties of the inspector, ASTM standards, API standards. Magnetic particle and Radiographic inspection. Magnetic particle inspection, types of magnetizing currents, demagnetization, interpretation of patterns, on-relevant indications, radiographic sources, detectable discontinuities. Chemical, Metallurgical, and Mechanical testing of weldments. Comparison of destructive and non-destructive tests, chemical tests, forms of corrosion, testing for corrosion resistance, metallographic tests. Visual and liquid penetrate inspection. Selection of NDT method, relationship of welding processes, discontinuities and inspection methods, visual inspection prior to, during and after welding, liquid penetrate test.	

TEXT BOOKS:

1. S.V.Nadkarni, “Modern Arc Welding Technology”, Oxford & IBH.
2. R.Little, “Welding Technology, TMH. WELDING CODES AND STANDARDS ME-9111 L T P.
3. Welding metallurgy by Sindo Kou, Welding metallurgy, 2nd Edition Nov. 2002, Wiley

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. H.B.Cary, “Modern Arc Welding Technology”, Englewood Cliffs, Prentice Hall.
2. Leonard P Connor, Welding Hand book, Volume I-III, AWS.
3. Metals Hand book, Volume 6, American Society of Metals.
4. Dave Smith, “Welding skills and technology”, McGraw Hill.
5. Parmer R. S., ‘Welding processes and Technology’, Khanna Publishers, 1997
6. Robert W Messler, Jr. “Principles of welding, Processes, physics, chemistry and metallurgy”, Wiley, 2004.
7. Larry Jeffus, “ Welding Principles and Applications” Fifth edition, Thomson, 2002
8. Christopher Davis, ‘Laser Welding - A Practical Guide’, Jaico Publishing House, 1994.
9. Mishra. R.S and Mahoney. M.W, Friction Stir Welding and Processing, ASM, 2007
10. Lancaster J F, “Metallurgy of welding”, Allen and Unwin Co.

11. Larry J and Jeffus L, “Welding Principles and Applications”, 5th edition, Delmer Publications.

COURSE OUTCOMES: On completion of the course, student should be able to;

CO1: Understand the mechanism, working principle and process characteristics of different 1.arc, gas and thermit welding, types of weld joints, heat effects weld ability, preheating and post heating.

CO2: Have in depth knowledge on working principle, process characteristics of friction, friction stir, ultrasonic, explosion welding and diffusion bonding and under water welding technique.

CO3: Describe the mechanism, working principle and process characteristics of high energy beam welding, soldering and brazing and thermal cutting.

CO4: Understand welding metallurgy, weld ability of different metals, hot& cold cracking phenomenon, weld defects and their causes and remedies.

CO5: Understand the weldment inspection and testing codes governing welding inspection

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs												
COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	2	3	1	2	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
CO2	2	3	2	1	2	0	0	1	1	2	1	1
CO3	3	3	2	1	2	0	1	1	1	2	1	1
CO4	2	3	3	1	2	0	0	1	1	2	0	1
CO5	3	2	3	1	2	0	1	1	0	1	1	0
Strength of correlation: Strongly related-3, Moderately related-2, Weakly related-1, Not related-0												

QUESTION PAPER PATTERN (SEE)										
Q. No.	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6	Q7	Q8	Q9	Q10
UNIT	1		2		3		4		5	
1. Two full questions (each of 20 Marks) are to be set from each unit.										
2. Student shall answer five full questions selecting one full question from each unit.										

ADMISSION YEAR: 2023-24
SEMESTER : FIFTH

ACADEMIC YEAR: 2026-27

Course Title	MECHATRONICS AND MICROPROCESSORS (PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE COURSES – I)	
Sub.Code: MET505D	No. of Credits: 03 = 3:0:0 (L-T-P)	No. of Lecture Hours/Week: 03
Exam Duration: 03 Hrs.	Max. Marks : CIE+ Asmt +GA + SEE=40+5+5+50=100	Total No.of Contact Hours: 40
Category	PEC	
Pre-requisites	Engineering Physics, TOM	

Course objective:

1. Substantiate the need for interdisciplinary study in technology education.
2. Understand the evolution and development of Mechatronics as a discipline.
3. Define various types of transducers used and understand analog to digital converter and Vice versa.
4. Applications of microprocessors in various systems and to know the functions of each Element.
5. Describe the operation of mechanical, electrical pneumatic and hydraulic actuators.
6. Identify main parts, hardware forms and internal architecture of PLC, Architecture of 8086.

#	CONTENTS	Hrs
UNIT-1	INTRODUCTION TO MECHATRONIC SYSTEMS	08
	Measurement and control systems Their elements and functions, Microprocessor based controllers-engine management system, automatic camera and automatic washing machine, Modelling, Mechanical system, Electrical system, Fluid system and Thermal system , Modelling electrical motor, Modelling chamber filled with Fluid, Modeling pneumatic actuator.	
UNIT-2	ACTUATORS AND MECHANISM	08
	Actuators Types and application areas, Electro mechanical Actuators, Dc motor, AC motor, Stepper motor, Fluid power actuator, piezo electric actuator, magnetostrictive actuator, Mechanical components in mechatronics, force, friction and lubrication, materials, mechanical behaviour of materials, mechanisms used in mechatronics, lever and four bar mechanisms, bearing, belt, chain, cam, slider crank, clutches etc. Signal Conditioning: Introduction to signal conditioning. The operational amplifier.	
UNIT-3	REVIEW OF TRANSDUCERS AND SENSORS	08
	Definition and classification of transducers. Definition and classification of sensors. Principle of working of and applications of light sensors, proximity sensors – magnetic switch, eddy current type, pneumatic type, ultrasonic type and Hall effect sensors, Computing elements in mechatronics, analog computer, timer, analog to digital converter, digital to analog converter, digital computer, microprocessor and its architecture, micro-controllers, programming logic controllers, their basic structures, mnemonics.	
UNIT-4	INTRODUCTION TO MICROPROCESSORS	08

	Evolution of Microprocessor, Organization of Microprocessors (Preliminary concepts), basic concepts of programming of microprocessors. Review of concepts - Boolean algebra, Logic Gates and Gate Networks, Binary & Decimal number systems, memory representation of positive and negative integers, maximum and minimum integers. Conversion of real, numbers, floating point notation, representation of floating point numbers, accuracy and range in floating point representation, overflow and underflow, addition of floating point numbers, character representation. Central Processing Unit of Microprocessors: Introduction, timing and control unit basic concepts, Instruction and data flow, system timing, examples of INTEL 8086 and 4004 register organization.	
UNIT-5	DATA WORD REPRESENTATION	07
	Data word representation. Basic elements of control systems 8086 processor architecture terminology such as CPU, memory and address, ALU, assembler data registers, Fetch cycle, write cycle, state, bus, interrupts. Micro Controllers. Difference between microprocessor and micro controllers. Requirements for control and their implementation in microcontrollers. Classification of micro controllers. Organization & Programming of Microprocessors: Introduction to organization of INTEL 8086-Data and Address buses, Instruction set & programming of 8086.	

TEXTBOOKS:

1. A Kuttan, "Introduction to Mechatronics, Oxford University Press, 2010.
2. Alciatore & Hstand, "Introduction to Mechatronics & Measurement Systems, 4e", McGrawHill Education, 2014.
3. M Jouaneh, "Fundamentals of Mechatronics", Cengage Learning, 2013.
4. W. Bolton, "Mechatronics", Pearson Education, Second Edition, 1999. Bradley
5. D. A., Dawson D., Buru N.C. and. Loader A.J, "Mechatronics", Chapman and Hall, 1993

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Dan Necsulesu, "Mechatronics", Pearson Education Asia, 2002 (Indian Reprint).
2. Nitaigour Premchand Mahadik, "Mechatronics", McGraw-Hill Education, 2015.
3. Lawrence J. Kamm, "Understanding Electro – Mechanical Engineering, An Introduction to Mechatronics", Prentice – Hall of India Pvt., Ltd., 2000.
4. Ramachandran K. P., Vijayaraghavan G. K., Balasundaram M.S. "Mechatronics: Integrated Mechanical Electronic Systems", Wiley.
5. Nitaigour Premchand Mahalik., Mechatronics principle, concept and applications. Tata McGraw- Hill Publishing company limited, New Delhi.

COURSE OUTCOMES

CO1: To understand the basic concepts of synergy between mechanical and electronic engineering concepts

CO2: To study various fundamental sensors required in automotive, aircraft etc used in all modes of transportation

CO3: To study the miniature electrical motors required in operation various mechanical machine components

CO4: To control the flow of current in required direction used in many applications

CO5: To write the architecture of various microprocessor which is applied in computational machine

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs												
COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	3	1	1	1	2	0	0	1	0	3
CO2	3	3	2	1	1	0	2	0	0	1	0	2
CO3	3	3	2	1	1	0	2	0	0	1	0	2
CO4	3	3	3	2	1	0	2	0	0	1	0	3
CO5	3	3	2	2	1	0	2	0	0	1	0	3
Strength of correlation: Strongly related-3, Moderately related-2, Weakly related-1, Not related-0												

QUESTION PAPER PATTERN (SEE)										
Q. No.	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6	Q7	Q8	Q9	Q10
UNIT	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1. Two full questions (each of 20 Marks) are to be set from each unit.										
2. Student shall answer five full questions selecting one full question from each unit.										

ADMISSION YEAR : 2023-24
SEMESTER : FIFTH

ACADEMIC YEAR: 2026-27

Course Title	MINI - PROJECT	
Sub.Code:MEM506	No. of Credits:02 = 0:0:4 (L-T-P)	No. of contact hours/week : 04
Exam Duration:03 Hrs.	Max. Marks: CIE = 100	Total No.of Contact Hours:39
Category	PROJ	

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

1. To instill an atmosphere in students to find a working situation and discover the workable area.
2. To insure a transition from planned laboratory course to planning one independently.

CONTENTS
FABRICATION, MODELING & ANALYSIS
Students have to make simple projects with fabrication related to mechanical projects on a mini scale and/or projects using modeling and analysis tools project related to realistic problems of mechanical stream.

COURSE OUTCOMES: On completion of the course, student should be able to:

CO1: Literature review on national and international journals and define the problem.

CO2: Design Experiments scientifically / Perform Numerical Analysis / Develop Analytical models to Interpret the Results and Prepare quality document

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs												
COS/POS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	3	1	2	1	1	1	1	2	1	1
CO2	3	3	2	1	2	1	1	1	1	2	1	1
Strength of correlation: Strongly related-3, Moderately related-2, Weakly related-1, Not related-0												

SCHEME OF EXAMINATION (CIE)

1. Departments shall constitute a Departmental Project Review Committee (internal guide + faculty) to review the project at the middle of the semester.
2. Internal guide alone shall evaluate the project at the end of the semester for a maximum of 70 marks.
3. Project Review Committee shall evaluate the project at the end of the semester for a maximum of 30 marks.

SCHEME OF EVALUATION (CIE)			
Guide (MAX MARKS)	PROJECT REVIEW COMMITTEE		TOTAL MARKS
	PARTICULARS	(MAX MARKS)	
70	Relevance of topic	10	100
	Oral presentation	10	
	Viva Voce	10	
	TOTAL	30	

GUIDELINES FOR PREPARING PROJECT REPORT

1. Project reports should be typed neatly only on one side of the paper with 1.5 or double line spacing on an A4 size bond paper (210 x 297 mm).
2. **The margins should be:** Left – 1.25", Right – 1", Top and Bottom – 0.75".
3. The total number of reports to be prepared are
 - i) A copy to the department library
 - ii) A copy to the concerned guide(s)
 - iii) Two copies to the sponsoring agency
 - iv) Candidate's copy.
4. Before taking the final printout, the approval of the **concerned guide(s) is mandatory** with suggested corrections, if any, to be incorporated.
5. For making copies dry tone Xerox is suggested. Every copy of the report must contain Inner title page (White) Outer title page with a plastic cover Certificate in the format enclosed both from the college and the organization where the project is carried out.
6. An **abstract (synopsis)** not exceeding 100 words, indicating salient features of the work. (NB: four copies of the abstract are to be submitted to the Department on the date of submission separately)
7. The organization of the report should be as follows
 - i) Inner title page
 - ii) Abstract or Synopsis
 - iii) Acknowledgments
 - iv) Table of Contents
 - v) List of table & figures (optional)
 - vi) Usually numbered in roman
 - vii) Chapters (to be numbered in Arabic) containing Introduction-, which usually specifies the scope of work and its importance and relation to previous work and the present developments, Main body of the report divided appropriately into chapters, sections and subsections.
 - viii) The chapters, sections and subsections may be numbered in the decimal form for e.g. Chapter 2, sections as 2.1, 2.2 etc., and subsections as 2.2.3, 2.5.1 etc.
 - ix) The chapter must be left or right justified (font size 16). Followed by the title of chapter centered (font size 18), section/subsection numbers along with their

headings must be left justified with section number and its heading in font size 16 and subsection and its heading in font size 14. The body or the text of the report should have font size 12.

- x) The figures and tables must be numbered chapter wise for e.g.: Fig. 2.1 Block diagram of a serial binary adder, Table 3.1 Primitive flow table, etc.
- xi) The last chapter should contain the summary of the work carried, contributions if any, their utility along with the scope for further work.
- xii) **Reference OR Bibliography:** The references should be numbered serially in the order of their occurrence in the text and their numbers should be indicated within square brackets for e.g. [3]. The section on references should list them in serial order in the following format.

For textbooks – A.V. Oppenheim and R.W. Schafer, Digital Signal Processing, Englewood, N.J., Prentice Hall, 3 Edition, 1975.

For papers – Devid, Insulation design to combat pollution problem, Proc of IEEE, PAS, Vol 71, Aug 1981, pp 1901-1907.

- 8. Only SI units are to be used in the report. Important equations must be numbered in decimal form for e.g.

$$V = IZ \dots\dots\dots (3.2)$$

All equation numbers should be right justified.

- 9. The project report should be brief and include descriptions of work carried out by others only to the minimum extent necessary. Verbatim reproduction of material available elsewhere should be strictly avoided. Where short excerpts from published work are desired to be included, they should be within quotation marks appropriately referenced. Proper attention is to be paid not only to the technical contents but also to the organization of the report and clarity of the expression. Due care should be taken to avoid spelling and typing errors. The student should note that report-write-up forms the important component in the overall evaluation of the project
- 10. Hardware projects must include: the component layout, complete circuit with the component list containing the name of the component, numbers used, etc. and the main component data sheets as Appendix.
- 11. At the time of report submissions, the students must hand over a copy of these details to the project coordinator and see that they are entered in proper registers maintained in the department.
- 12. Software projects must include a virus free disc, containing the software developed by them along with the read me file. Read me file should contain the details of the variables used, salient features of the software and procedure of using them: compiling procedure, details of the computer hardware/software requirements to run the same, etc. If the developed software uses any public domain software downloaded from some site, then the address of the site along with the module name etc. must be included on a separate sheet. It must be properly acknowledged in the acknowledgments.
- 13. Sponsored Projects must also satisfy the above requirements along with statement of accounts, bills for the same duly attested by the concerned guides to process further, They must also produce NOC from the concerned guide before taking the internal viva examination.
- 14. The reports submitted to the department/guide(s) must be hard bounded, with a plastic covering.
- 15. Separator sheets, used if any, between chapters, should be of thin paper.

**COLOUR OF THE OUTER COVER/FRONT PAGE OF UG
DISSERTATION / PROJECT REPORT - SKY BLUE**

Dr. AMBEDKAR INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

(An autonomous institution, Aided by Govt. of Karnataka, Affiliated to VTU)
BDA Outer Ring Road, Near Jnana Bharathi Campus, Bengaluru - 560056



Department of Mechanical Engineering

CERTIFICATE

Certified that the Mini project work (Sixth Semester) entitled...
.....is carried out by the following bonafide students of
Mechanical Engineering in partial fulfillment for the award of Bachelor of Engineering, B. E
(Mechanical) at **Dr. Ambedkar Institute of Technology, Bangalore**, during the academic
year

Sl. No	U S N (ascending order)	Name of Student

It is certified that all corrections/suggestions indicated for Internal Assessment have been incorporated in the project report.

The project report has been approved satisfying the academic requirements prescribed for the said Degree.

Guide	HOD	Principal

External Viva:

Sl. No	Name of the examiner	Signature with date
1		
2		

ADMISSION YEAR :2023-24

ACADEMIC YEAR: 2026-27

SEMESTER : SIXTH

Course Title	COMPUTER-AIDED DESIGN AND MANUFACTURING	
Sub Code: MEU601	No of Credits: 04 L-T-P 3:0:2 =04	No. of Lecture Hours/Week:03 No. of Practical hours/week :02
Exam Duration: 3 hrs.	CIE+SEE=50+50=100	Total No of Contact Hours: 39 + 13 lab Slots
Category	IPCC	
Pre-requisites	Manufacturing Processes	

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

1. Describe the importance of computers role of CAD/CAM in modern design and manufacturing
2. Comprehend and solve the basic mathematical elements of Computer Graphics.
3. Effective learning of NC & CNC technology and create simple CNC programs for machining operations.
4. To impart the use of CAD and CAM in the design and production preparation process.
5. Demonstrate the concept, configurations and features of Robotics along with its applications.

Sl. No.	CONTENTS	Hrs
UNIT-1	INTRODUCTION	08
	Role of computers in design and manufacturing influence of computers in manufacturing environment. Product cycle in convention to computerized manufacturing environment. Introduction to CAD. Introduction to CAM. Advantages and disadvantages of CAD and CAM, Types of surface generation and its applications. Automation, Types of Automation, Benefits of Automation, Levels of Automation, Design for manufacture	
UNIT-2	GEOMETRIC TRANSFORMATIONS IN COMPUTER GRAPHICS	08
	Software configuration of a graphic system. Function of graphics package, Elements of Solid Modeling, wire frame and solid modeling, CAD/CAM integration. Desirable modeling facilities and transformation.. SOLID MODELLING – Boundary Representation Cubic splines and Bezier curves and its characteristics	
UNIT-3	NC, CNC, DNC TECHNOLOGIES	08
	NC, CNC, DNC, modes. NC element, advantages and limitations of NC, CNC. Functions of computer in DNC. CNC tooling: Turning tool geometry, milling tooling system, tool presetting. ATC, work holding. Operational features of CNC machine; CNC Technology (Machine Spindle, Drives, Feedback devices etc.)	
UNIT-4	CNC TURNING & MACHINING CENTERS	08

	Introduction to CNC, elements of CNC, CNC turning & machining centers, part programming fundamental steps involved in development of part programming for milling and turning. Canned Cycles (Stock Removal, Threading, Grooving, Parting Off, Contour, Drilling, Face Milling, End Milling), Preparing the Process chart.	
UNIT-5	INTRODUCTION TO ROBOTICS	08
	Introduction, robot configuration, robot motion, programming of robots, end effectors work cell, control and interlock, sensor, robot applications. Kinematic Analysis – Direct and Inverse Kinematic analysis, numerical problems.	

LABORATORY WORK:

SL No.	CONTENTS	Hrs
PART A	➤ Three typical simulations to be carried out using simulation packages like Master- CAM, or any equivalent software. ➤ Simulation of Turning, Drilling, Milling operations.	10
PART B	➤ Executing NC part programming using software package like Spectra light or any equivalent software ➤ NC programming on milling operations, turning operations and drilling operations has to be written and executed.	10
PART C	(ONLY FOR DEMO/VIVA VOCE)	06
	➤ Pneumatics and Hydraulics, Electro-Pneumatics: Three typical experiments on Basics of these topics to be conducted. ➤ FMS (Flexible Manufacturing System): Programming of Automatic storage and Retrieval system (ASRS) and linear shuttle conveyor Interfacing CNC lathe, milling with loading unloading arm and ASRS to be carried out on simple components. ➤ Robot programming: Using Teach Pendant & Offline programming to perform pick and place, stacking of objects, 2 programs.	

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Computer Aided Design (CAD) and Computer Aided Manufacturing (CAM) by Mikell Groover, Pearson Education INC, Fifth Impression, 2008.
2. CAD/CAM by P N Rao, Tata McGraw Hill, Sixth Reprint, 2006.
3. CAD/CAM by Ibrahim Zied, Tata McGraw Hill, Fourth Reprint, 2008.
4. Automation, Production Systems and Computer Integrated Manufacturing by Mikell P Groover, 4th Edition, 2015, Pearson Education INC.

COURSE OUTCOMES: On completion of the course, students will be able to:

CO1: Understand the possible applications of the CAD/CAM systems in structure analysis, optimize and virtual engineering.

CO2: Demonstrate the basic fundamentals that are used to create, manipulate and analyze Geometric models in a computer graphics.

CO3: Explain the basic concepts, features of NC, CNC, DNC machines.

CO4: Explain the features of machining centres and able to write part programmes for different operations and work parts.

CO5: Appraise the functions of robotic configurations, sensors, end effectors, Programming and able to analyze kinematic and dynamic motion of robot.

Assessment Details both (CIE and SEE)	
The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) and Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50% each. The students have to obtain a minimum of 40% marks individually both in CIE and SEE to pass.	
CIE: The CIE has two components – CIE - theory component and CIE – laboratory component. Students have to score a minimum of 40% Marks in the total of CIE - theory and CIE – laboratory components put together, provided students have to score a minimum of 40% marks in CIE laboratory component alone to qualify to take SEE.	
Theory Semester End Exam (SEE) is conducted for 100 marks (3 Hours duration) and reduced to 50 Marks.	

CONTINUOUS INTERNAL EVALUATION (CIE)		Max Marks		Minimum Marks to be scored in CIE, to qualify to take SEE (40% individually)
Theory	Weightage of CIE1 and CIE2 Tests or CIE3	30		12
Laboratory components	Lab components: Rubrics for each lab component are added, then taken average	10	20	08
	Lab CIE	10		
TOTAL		50		20

CIE PATTERN		
Sl. No.	Particulars	Max Marks
Q 1	Any one question from Part -A	20
Q 2	Any one question from Part -B	20
Q 3	Viva Voice	10
		50 (Scale down to 10)

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs												
COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	3	1	2	1	1	1	1	2	1	1
CO2	3	3	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1
CO3	3	3	3	1	2	1	1	1	1	2	1	1
CO4	3	3	2	1	2	1	1	1	1	2	1	1
CO5	3	2	3	2	3	1	1	1	1	2	2	1
Strength of correlation: Strongly related-3, Moderately related-2, Weakly related-1, Not related-0												

QUESTION PAPER PATTERN (SEE)										
Q. No.	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6	Q7	Q8	Q9	Q10
UNIT	1		2		3		4		5	
1. Two full questions (each of 20 Marks) are to be set from each unit.										
2. Student shall answer five full questions selecting one full question from each unit.										

ADMISSION YEAR : 2023-24
SEMESTER : **SIXTH**

ACADEMIC YEAR: 2026-27

Course Title	OPERATIONS RESEARCH	
Sub.Code: MET602	No. of Credits: 04 = 4:0:0 (L-T-P)	No. of Lecture Hours/Week: 04
Exam Duration: 03 Hrs.	Max. Marks : CIE+ Asmt +GA +SEE=40+5+5+50=100	Total No.of Contact Hours: 52
Category	PEC	
Pre-requisites	Engineering Mathematics	

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

1. Impart knowledge of mathematics, basic and applied sciences.
2. Ability to identify, formulate and solve mechanical engineering problems based on data interpretation, design, experiment and analysis of results.
3. Learn effective engineering communication.
4. Ability to work in teams on multi-disciplinary projects in industry and research organizations.
5. Develop awareness of the ethical, professional and environmental implications of work in a global and societal context.

#	CONTENTS	Hrs.
UNIT-1	INTRODUCTION & SOLUTION OF LINEAR PROGRAMMING PROBLEMS	10
	Evolution of OR, definition of OR, scope of OR, application areas of OR, steps (phases) in OR study, characteristics and limitations of OR, models used in OR, linear programming (LP) problem-formulation and solution by graphical method. The simplex method-canonical and standard forms of an LP problem, slack, surplus and artificial variables (Numerical problems).	
UNIT-2	TRANSPORTATION PROBLEM	10
	Formulation of transportation problem, types, initial basic feasible solution using different methods, optimal solution by MODI method, degeneracy in transportation problems, application of transportation problem, maximization cases	
UNIT-3	ASSIGNMENT PROBLEM & SEQUENCING	10
	Assignment Problem-formulation balanced and unbalanced types, application to maximization cases and travelling salesman problem (Numericals). Basic assumptions, sequencing using Johnson's algorithm, 'n' jobs 2 machines, 'n' jobs 3 machines, 'n' jobs 'm' machines without passing sequence, graphical solutions. ∴	
UNIT-4	PERT-CPM TECHNIQUES	12
	Introduction, network construction - rules, Fulkerson's rule for numbering the events, AON and AOA diagrams; Critical path method to find the expected completion time of a project, floats; PERT for finding expected duration of an activity and project, determining the probability of completing a project, predicting the completion time of project; crashing of simple projects.	
UNIT-5	GAME THEORY & REPLACEMENT	10
	Formulation of games, types, solution of games with saddle point, graphical method of solving mixed strategy games, dominance rule for solving mixed strategy games. Replacement items deteriorating with time, when money value remains same Replacement of items which fail suddenly; Individual replacement policy, Group replacement policy.	

TEXT BOOKS:

1. **Operations Research**, P K Gupta and D S Hira, Chand Publications, New Delhi - 2007
2. **Operations Research**, Taha H A, Pearson Education

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. **Operations Research**, A P Verma, S K Kataria & Sons, 2008
2. **Operations Research**, Paneerselvan, PHI
3. **Operations Research**, A M Natarajan, P Balasubramani, Pearson Education, 2005
4. **Introduction to Operations Research**, Hiller and Liberman, McGraw Hill.

COURSE OUTCOMES: On completion of the course, student should be able to:

CO1: Define models for linear programming and convert the linear variable problems to a mathematical model and depict by graphical method.

CO2: Compute the minimum cost of transportation by NWCR, LCM and VAM method and then to find optimum solution by MODI method.

CO3: Find optimal assignment by Hungarian method.

CO4: Design a project network diagram and schedule the project activities and duration using PERT and CPM.

CO5: Illustrate the strategies of different players in a game and find the best strategy by graphical and dominance method.

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs												
COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	1	2	0	1	0	2	1	3	2	2
CO2	3	3	1	2	1	1	0	2	1	3	2	2
CO3	3	3	1	2	1	1	0	2	1	3	2	2
CO4	3	3	1	2	3	1	0	2	2	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	1	2	3	1	1	3	3	3	3	3
Strength of correlation: Strongly related-3, Moderately related-2, Weakly related-1, Not related-0												

QUESTION PAPER PATTERN (SEE)										
Q. No.	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6	Q7	Q8	Q9	Q10
UNIT	1		2		3		4		5	
1. Two full questions (each of 20 Marks) are to be set from each unit.										
2. Student shall answer five full questions selecting one full question from each unit.										

ADMISSION YEAR : 2023-24
SEMESTER : SIXTH

ACADEMIC YEAR: 2026-27

Course Title	MECHANICAL VIBRATIONS (PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE COURSES – II)	
Sub.Code: MET603A	No. of Credits: 03 = 3:0:0 (L-T-P)	No. of Lecture Hours/Week: 03
Exam Duration: 03 Hrs.	Max. Marks : CIE+ Asmt +GA +SEE=40+5+5+50=100	Total No.of Contact Hours: 40
Category	PEC	
Pre-requisites	Engineering Physics, TOM	

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

1. To study basic concepts of vibration analysis in mechanical systems, various technique to solve single degree freedom with and without damping. Estimate natural frequency of simple mechanical system using various numerical techniques.
2. To study the vibration parameters numerically for forced vibration and also acquaint with the principles of vibration measuring instruments.
3. To determine fundamental natural frequencies of two degree freedom systems without damping and semi definite systems
4. To estimate the natural frequency of multi DOF system using various numerical methods.
5. To study balancing of mechanical systems, and able to mathematically formulate real-world vibration problems in engineering.

#	CONTENTS	Hrs
UNIT-1	BASIC CONCEPTS OF VIBRATION: Vibration and oscillation, causes and effects of vibrations, Vibration parameters – spring, mass, damper, Damper models, Motion – periodic, non-periodic, harmonic, non- harmonic, Degree of freedom, static equilibrium position, Vibration classification, Steps involved in vibration analysis. Definitions, Simple Harmonic Motion (S.H.M.), Work done by harmonic force, Beats and Numerical. FREE UNDAMPED SINGLE DEGREE OF FREEDOM VIBRATION SYSTEMS: Longitudinal, transverse, torsional vibration system, Methods for formulation of differential equations by Newton, Energy and Rayleigh's Method, Different methods of determination of natural frequencies of simple systems, Springs in series and parallel, Torsional and transverse vibrations, Effect of mass of spring and problems.	08
UNIT-2	FREE DAMPED SINGLE DEGREE OF FREEDOM VIBRATION SYSTEMS: Types of damping, Analysis with viscous damping - Derivations for over damped, critically damped and under damped systems, Logarithmic decrement and numerical.	08
UNIT-3	FORCED VIBRATIONS: Introduction, Analysis of forced vibration with constant harmonic excitation - magnification factor, rotating and reciprocating unbalances, support excitation for relative and absolute amplitudes, force and motion transmissibility and numerical. Rotor Dynamics: Critical speed of single rotor, undamped and damped vibrations and numerical. Vibration Measurement: Principle of seismic instruments, vibrometer, and accelerometer - undamped, damped, Frequency measuring instruments.	08

UNIT-4	SYSTEMS WITH TWO DEGREES OF FREEDOM: Principle modes and normal modes of vibrations, natural frequencies of systems (without damping) – Simple spring mass systems, torsional systems, combined rectilinear and angular systems, geared semi-defined systems, semi-definite systems, Dynamic vibration absorber and numerical.	08
UNIT-5	NUMERICAL METHODS FOR MULTI DEGREE FREEDOM OF SYSTEMS: (A) Free Undamped Multi Degree Freedom System: Introduction, Maxwell's reciprocal theorem, Influence coefficients, and numerical. (B) Multi Degree System Numerical Methods:- (i) Rayleigh's, (ii) Dunkerley's (iii) Holzer's Numerical	08

TEXT BOOKS:

1. **Mechanical Vibrations**, G. K. Grover, Nem Chand and Bros, 7th edition, 2003.
2. **Mechanical Vibrations**, S. S. Rao, Pearson Education Inc, 4th edition, 2003.
3. **Mechanical Vibrations**, V. P. Singh, Dhanpat Rai & Company, 3rd edition, 2006.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. **Theory of Vibration with Applications**, W. T. Thomson, M. D. Dahleh and C. Padmanabhan, Pearson Education Inc, 5th edition, 2008.
2. **Mechanical Vibrations**: S. Graham Kelly, Schaum's outline Series, Tata McGraw Hill, Special Indian Edition, 2007.
3. **Theory and Practice of Mechanical Vibrations**: J. S. Rao & K. Gupta, New Age International Publications, New Delhi, 2001.
4. **Vibration Fundamentals**, R. Keith Mobley, Newness, 1999.

COURSE OUTCOMES: After completion of the course, students will be able to:

CO1: Understand the different methods to determine the fundamental natural frequencies of SDOF without damping.

CO2: Solve the different parameters of single degree damped vibrations by the basic knowledge of damped vibration.

CO3: Able to find vibration parameters numerically for forced vibration and also explore modern vibration measuring instruments and rotor dynamics.

CO4: Determine fundamental natural frequencies of two degree freedom systems without damping and semi definite systems.

CO5: Find the influence of coefficient of spring mass system and apply the numerical methods to find the frequency of multi degree freedom system.

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs												
COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	3	2	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	2
CO2	3	3	3	2	2	1	2	0	0	0	1	2
CO3	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	0	1	0	1	3
CO4	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	0	1	0	2	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	0	1	0	2	3
Strength of correlation: Strongly related-3, Moderately related-2, Weakly related-1, Not related-0												

QUESTION PAPER PATTERN (SEE)										
Q. No.	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6	Q7	Q8	Q9	Q10
UNIT	1		2		3		4		5	
1. Two full questions (each of 20 Marks) are to be set from each unit.										
2. Student shall answer five full questions selecting one full question from each unit.										

ADMISSION YEAR: 2023-24
SEMESTER : **SIXTH**

ACADEMIC YEAR: 2026-27

Course Title	EXPERIMENTAL STRESS ANALYSIS (PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE COURSES – II)	
Sub.Code: MET603B	No. of Credits: 03 = 3:0:0 (L-T-P)	No. of Lecture Hours/Week: 03
Exam Duration: 03 Hrs.	Max. Marks : CIE+ Asmt +GA +SEE=40+5+5+50=100	Total No.of Contact Hours: 40
Category	PEC	
Pre-requisites	Engineering Physics, TOM	

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

1. Analyze stresses within the elastic range in 3D.
2. Compile strains and displacements.
3. Evaluate stress and strain relations for linear elastic materials.
4. Demonstrate the experimental methods for analysing stresses and strains in given specimen.
5. Develop photo-elastic, Moiré techniques, holography methods, force, torque and strain measurements for analysing stresses experimentally

#	CONTENTS	Hrs
UNIT-1	PHOTOELASTICITY : Nature of light, Wave theory of light - optical interference, stress optic law – effect of stressed model in plane and circular polariscopes, Analysis of plane polariscope by Jones calculus, isoclinics & isochromatics, Fringe order determination, determination of fractional fringe order, photo-elastic model materials and Applications.	08
UNIT-2	TWO DIMENSIONAL PHOTOELASTICITY: Separation methods: Shear difference method, Analytical separation methods, Model to prototype scaling, Properties of 2D photo-elastic model materials, materials for 2D photo-elasticity.	08
UNIT-3	BRITTLE COATINGS : Coatings stresses, crack patterns, refrigeration techniques, load relaxation techniques, crack detection methods, types of brittle coatings, resin and ceramic based brittle coatings, calibration of coating, advantages and brittle coating applications.	08
UNIT-4	PHOTOELASTIC(BIREFRINGENT) COATINGS Theory of birefringence coating stresses, sources of error, effects of coating thickness: reinforcing effects, poisson's, stress separation techniques: oblique incidence, strip coatings. Stress freezing technique, birefringent coating materials. MOIRE METHODS: Moiré fringes produced by mechanical interference. Geometrical approach, out of plane displacement measurements, applications and advantages.	08
UNIT-5	ELECTRICAL RESISTANCE STRAIN GAUGES Gauged factors & strain sensitivity in metallic alloys, gauge construction, characteristics of strain gauges, adhesives and mounting techniques, gauge sensitivity and gauge factor, performance characteristics, environmental effects, strain gauge circuits. Wheatstone's potentiometer bridges, constant current strain gauge circuits. STRAIN ANALYSIS METHODS: Two element, three element rectangular and delta rosettes, stress-strain relations, correction for transverse strain effects. FORCE, TORQUE AND STRAIN MEASUREMENTS: Mass balance measurement, Elastic element for force measurements, torque measurement.	08

TEXT BOOKS:

1. “Experimental Stress Analysis”, Dally and Riley, McGraw Hill.
2. “Experimental Stress Analysis”. Sadhu Singh, Khanna publisher.
3. Experimental stress Analysis, Srinath L.S tataMcGraw Hill..

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. “Photoelasticity Vol I and VolII,M.M.Frocht, John Wiley & sons.
2. “Strain Gauge Primer”, Perry and Lissner,
3. “Photo Elastic Stress Analysis”, Kuske, Albrecht & Robertson John Wiley & Sons.
4. “Motion Measurement and Stress Analysis”, Dave and Adams.

COURSE OUTCOMES: After completion of the course, students will be able to:

CO1: Analyze stresses within the elastic range of materials.

CO2: Compile strains and displacements.

CO3: Evaluate stress and strain relations for linear elastic materials.

CO4: Describe the importance of experimental methods in analyzing stress and strain.

CO5: Describe photo elastic, Moiré technique, force, torque and strain measurements of experimental stress analysis Validate results with experiments.

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs												
COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	3	2	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	2
CO2	3	3	3	2	2	1	2	0	0	0	1	2
CO3	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	0	1	0	1	3
CO4	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	0	1	0	2	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	0	1	0	2	3
Strength of correlation: Strongly related-3, Moderately related-2, Weakly related-1, Not related-0												

QUESTION PAPER PATTERN (SEE)										
Q. No.	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6	Q7	Q8	Q9	Q10
UNIT	1		2		3		4		5	
1. Two full questions (each of 20 Marks) are to be set from each unit.										
2. Student shall answer five full questions selecting one full question from each unit.										

ADMISSION YEAR: 2023-24
SEMESTER : SIXTH

ACADEMIC YEAR: 2026-27

Course Title	TURBO MACHINES (PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE COURSES – II)	
Sub.Code:MET603C	No. of Credits:03 = 3:0:0 (L-T-P)	No. of Lecture Hours/Week:03
Exam Duration: 03 Hrs.	Max. Marks : CIE+ Asmt +GA +SEE=40+5+5+50=100	Total No.of Contact Hours:40
Category	PEC	
Pre-requisites	Basic Thermodynamics, Fluid Mechanics	

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

1. To outline the working principle of turbo machines with examples and classify turbomachines and describe the energy transfer mechanism of turbo machines.
2. To understand the thermodynamics of flow and apply dimensional analysis and similarity laws for conducting model tests.
3. To explain the functioning of radial flow and axial flow turbo machines such as centrifugal pumps, compressors, steam, gas and hydraulic turbines
4. To demonstrate the effect of important variables affecting the output of turbo machines.
5. To analyze a given problem, apply the fundamental knowledge to solve the problems.
6. To estimate and evaluate unknown parameters and predict the performance of turbo machines.

#	CONTENTS	Hrs
UNIT-1	Introduction to Turbo Machine Introduction: Definition of a turbo machine; parts of a turbo machine; comparison with positive displacement machine; classification of Turbomachines. Thermodynamics of fluid flow: Application of first and second law of thermodynamics to turbo machines; Efficiencies of turbo machines; Static and Stagnation states; Overall isentropic efficiency, stage efficiency (their comparison) and polytropic efficiency for both compression and expansion processes; Reheat factor for expansion process; Simple numerical problems on stage efficiency and polytropic efficiency. Dimensional Analysis: Introduction, derived quantities, dimensions of physical quantities, dimensional homogeneity, Rayleigh's method, Buckingham theorem, dimensionless numbers, and similitude, types of similitude, dimensional analysis and similarity studies. Numerical problems	8
UNIT-2	GENERAL ANALYSIS OF RADIAL AND AXIAL FLOW TURBOMACHINES Energy transfer in a turbo machine - Euler turbine equation; alternate form of Euler turbine equation (components of energy transfer); degree of reaction, utilization factor and relationship between them. General analysis of radial flow turbo machines (turbines and pumps) - Effect of blade discharge angle on their performance; Theoretical head-capacity relationship; Numerical problems. General analysis of axial flow turbines – utilization factor, degree of reaction, relationship between utilization factor and blade speed ratio; Maximum utilization factor and optimum blade speed ratio for impulse and reaction axial flow turbines; General analysis of axial flow compressors and pumps – general expression for energy transfer and degree of reaction; Numerical problems.	8

UNIT-3	STEAM TURBINES Introduction; Different efficiencies; Analysis of single stage impulse (De Laval) turbine; Impulse staging and need for compounding; Analysis of velocity compounded impulse (Curtis) turbine; Analysis of Impulse-reaction (Rateau) turbine; Reheat factor for multi stage turbine; Numerical problems.	8
UNIT-4	HYDRAULIC TURBINES Introduction; Classification; Different heads and efficiencies; Pelton turbine-velocity triangles; Francis turbine-velocity triangles, runner shapes for different blade speeds; function of a draft tube, types of draft tube; Kaplan and Propeller turbines – velocity triangles and analysis; Related numerical problems; Specific speed and its significance; Unit quantities and their uses; Characteristic curves of hydraulic turbines; Numerical Problems.	8
UNIT-5	CENTRIFUGAL PUMPS AND COMPRESSORS Centrifugal pumps –Introduction, Main parts of a centrifugal pump; Work done; Definitions of heads and efficiencies; minimum speed for starting; Multistage centrifugal pump; Specific speed; Priming; Characteristic curves; Cavitation; Thoma's cavitation factor; Maximum suction lift; Net positive suction head; Related numerical problems: Centrifugal compressors-Introduction; Work done; Overall pressure ratio developed; Pressure ratio in terms of γ , ρ , μ ; Compressibility and pre-whirl; Diffuser design; Surging; Numerical problems.	7

TEXT BOOKS

1. A Textbook of Turbo Machines, Dr M S Govindegowda and Dr A M Nagaraja, 8th Edition, M M Publishers, 2014
2. Turbo Machines, Dr. N. Krishnamurthy, Sunstar Publisher, 2nd Edition, 2015.
3. A Textbook of Fluid Mechanics and Hydraulic Machines (SI Units), Dr. R.K. Bansal, Laxmi Publications (P) Limited, Revised 9th Edition, 2010.

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. An introduction to energy conversion, Vol. III – Turbomachinery, V. Kadambi and Manohar Prasad, 2nd Edition, New Age International Publishers (P) Limited, 2011.
2. Principles of turbomachinery, D. G. Shepherd, MacMillan Company, 1964.
3. Turbomachines, B.U. Pai, Wiley Precise Textbook Series, 2014.

COURSE OUTCOMES: After completion of the course, students will be able to:

- CO1: Explain the fundamentals of energy transfer in turbo machines with the application of first and second laws of thermodynamics; Understand the dimensional analysis and model studies applied to turbomachines; and solve related numerical problems (RBTL 1, 2, 3)
- CO2: Analyse the radial flow and axial flow turbines and solve related numerical problems (RBTL 1, 2, 3).
- CO3: Classify and analyse the various types of steam turbines and solve related numerical problems (RBTL 1, 2, 3).
- CO4: Classify and analyse the various types of hydraulic turbines and solve related numerical problems (RBTL 1, 2, 3).
- CO5: Classify and analyse the various types of centrifugal pumps and compressors and solve related numerical problems (RBTL 1, 2, 3)

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs												
COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	3	2	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	2
CO2	3	3	3	2	2	1	2	0	0	0	1	2
CO3	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	0	1	0	1	3
CO4	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	0	1	0	2	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	0	1	0	2	3
Strength of correlation: Strongly related-3, Moderately related-2, Weakly related-1, Not related-0												

QUESTION PAPER PATTERN (SEE)										
Q. No.	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6	Q7	Q8	Q9	Q10
UNIT	1		2		3		4		5	
1. Two full questions (each of 20 Marks) are to be set from each unit.										
2. Student shall answer five full questions selecting one full question from each unit.										

ADMISSION YEAR : 2023-24
SEMESTER : SIXTH

ACADEMIC YEAR: 2026-27

Course Title	INTERNAL COMBUSTION ENGINES (PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE COURSES – II)	
Sub.Code: MET603D	No. of Credits: 03 = 3:0:0 (L-T-P)	No. of Lecture Hours/Week: 03
Exam Duration: 03 Hrs.	Max. Marks : CIE+ Asmt +GA +SEE=40+5+5+50=100	Total No.of Contact Hours: 40
Category	PEC	
Pre-requisites	Basic and Applied Thermodynamics	

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

1. To understand the basic principle of thermodynamic process
2. To understand the basic components and structure of IC engines (both SI and CI engines), process parameters.
3. Understanding the performance of the engine, combustion and exhaust parameters.

#	CONTENTS	Hrs
UNIT-1	REVIEW OF I.C. ENGINE CYCLES AND CARBURETION Review of thermodynamics cycles used in IC engines; Introduction to carburetion, air-fuel mixture requirement at different loads and speeds, Automotive air-fuel mixture requirement, principle of carburetion, simple carburettor, calculation of air-fuel ratio, essential parts of a carburettor, compensating devices, additional systems in modern carburettors, types of carburettors, automobile carburettors, altitude compensation, Numerical problems on air-fuel mixture and carburetion.	08
UNIT-2	MECHANICAL AND ELECTRONIC INJECTION SYSTEMS Introduction to mechanical injection system; Functional Requirements of an Injection System; Classification of Injection Systems; Fuel Feed Pump, Injection Pump - Jerk Type Pump, Distributor Type Pump; Injection Pump Governor, Mechanical Governor; Pneumatic Governor; Fuel Injector; Nozzle - Types of Nozzle; Spray Formation, Quantity of Fuel and the Size of Nozzle Orifice; Injection in SI Engine; Introduction to electronic injection system; Gasoline injection - Types of Injection Systems, Components of Injection System; Electronic Fuel Injection System - Merits and Demerits of EFI System; Multi-Point Fuel Injection (MPFI) System; Functional Divisions of MPFI System; Injection Timing; Group Gasoline Injection System; Electronic Diesel Injection System; Electronic Diesel Injection Control; Numerical problems on mechanical injection system.	08
UNIT-3	COMBUSTION IN SPARK IGNITION AND COMPRESSION IGNITION ENGINES Introduction; Homogeneous Mixture; Heterogeneous Mixture; Combustion in Spark Ignition Engines; Stages of Combustion in SI Engines; Flame Front Propagation; Factors Influencing the Flame Speed; Rate of Pressure Rise; Abnormal Combustion; The Phenomenon of Knock in SI Engines, Effect of Engine Variables on Knock; Combustion Chambers for SI Engines; Combustion in Compression-Ignition Engines; Stages of Combustion in CI Engines; Factors Affecting the Delay Period; The Phenomenon of Knock in CI Engines; Comparison of Knock in SI and CI Engines; Combustion Chambers for CI Engines.	08

UNIT-4	ENGINE ELECTRONICS AND SUPERCHARGING Introduction; Typical Engine Management Systems; Different types of Position Displacement and Speed, Pressure, Temperature, Intake air flow and Exhaust oxygen measurement sensors and transducers; Supercharging – Introduction; Types Of Superchargers – Centrifugal, Root’s and Vane Type; Methods of Supercharging - Electric Motor Driven, Ram Effect, Under Piston, and Kadenacy System of Supercharging; Effects of Supercharging; Limitations to Supercharging; Thermodynamic Analysis of Supercharged Engine Cycle; Power Input for Mechanical Driven Supercharger; Gear Driven and Exhaust Driven Supercharging Arrangements; Turbocharging - Charge Cooling; Numerical problems on supercharged engines.	08
UNIT-5	NON CONVENTIONAL ENGINES Introduction; Comprehensive study on working principle, thermodynamic analysis, design, types, advantages and disadvantages of the following types of engines - Common Rail Direct Injection Engine; Dual Fuel and Multi-Fuel Engines; Multi-fuel Engines; Gasoline Direct Injection Engine; Homogeneous Charge Compression Ignition (HCCI) Engine; Lean Burn Engine; Stirling Engine; Stratified Charge Engine; Variable Compression Ratio Engine; Wankel Engine; Hybrid electric vehicle (HEV), Introduction to Electric Vehicle Propulsion Systems, Motors and Controls for Electric Vehicles Applications, Storage technologies for EV, Battery pack and battery management system, Solar powered EVs.	08

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Internal Combustion Engines, V. Ganesan, Tata Mc-Graw Hill Publications, 4th Edition, 2012.
2. A Text Book of Internal Combustion Engines, R.K. Rajput, Laxmi Publishers, 2007.
3. Internal Combustion Engines, M. L. Mathur and R. P. Sharma, Dhanpat Rai Publications, 2014.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Internal Combustion Engine Fundamentals, John B. Heywood, Mc-Graw Hill Education India Limited, 2011.
2. Engineering Fundamentals of the Internal Combustion Engines, Willard W Pulkrabek. Pearson Education, 2nd Edition, 2015.

COURSE OUTCOMES: After completion of the course, students will be able to:

CO1: Describe the carburetion and working principle of different type of carburettor. (RBTL: 1, 2, 3)

CO2: Explain the fuel injection systems in IC engines. (RBTL: 1, 2, 3)

CO3: Describe the combustion process and select suitable combustion chambers for IC engines. (RBTL: 1, 2, 3)

CO4: Understand the engine electronics and supercharging and solve problems on supercharged engines. (RBTL: 1, 2, 3)

CO5: Differentiate and select non-conventional engines in the context of modern developments. (RBTL: 1, 2, 3)

(RBTL: Revised Bloom’s Taxonomy Levels; 1 – Remembering, 2 – Understanding, 3 – Applying, 4 – Analyzing, 5 – Evaluating, 6 – Creating)

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs												
COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	3	2	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	2
CO2	3	3	3	2	2	1	2	0	0	0	1	2
CO3	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	0	1	0	1	3
CO4	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	0	1	0	2	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	0	1	0	2	3
Strength of correlation: Strongly related-3, Moderately related-2, Weakly related-1, Not related-0												

QUESTION PAPER PATTERN (SEE)											
Q. No.	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6	Q7	Q8	Q9	Q10	
UNIT	1		2		3		4		5		
1. Two full questions (each of 20 Marks) are to be set from each unit.											
2. Student shall answer five full questions selecting one full question from each unit.											

ADMISSION YEAR: 2023-24
SEMESTER : SIXTH

ACADEMIC YEAR: 2026-27

Course Title	MAJOR PROJECT PHASE I	
Sub Code: MEP605	No. of Credits: 2 = 0:0:4 (L-T-P)	No. of lecture hours/week : 02
Exam Duration: 03 Hrs.	Max. Marks : CIE=100	
Category	PROJECT	

Course objectives:

1. To provide an amicable atmosphere for students to plan
2. To test their learned theory knowledge in an actual working situation
3. To discover the value of work and relish rewards of accomplishment
4. To ensure a professional preparation to the liberal educational goals.

STAGES FOR PROJECT WORK	
Step 1	Formulation of the problem
Step 2	Exhaustive literature survey
Step 3	Methodology
Step 4	Time estimation for completing the project

The Project proposal shall be submitted within 3 weeks from the start of the semester in the prescribed standard format (04 copies) to the HOD, after the certification of the concerned guide and HOD.

Minimum number of students per batch: 02 Maximum number of students per batch: 04

CIE Evaluation: Two seminars shall be conducted at the end of 6 and 10 week of the semester.

COURSE OUTCOMES: On completion of the course, student should be able to:

CO1: Literature review on par with international journal standards

CO2: Literature gap determination and definition of the problem

CO3: Scientific Design / Numerical Analysis / Analytical model and interpret them

CO4: Apply tools / techniques for problem solving and prepare project work

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs												
COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	3	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
CO2	3	3	2	1	2	1	1	1	1	2	1	1
CO3	3	3	2	1	2	1	1	1	1	2	1	1
CO4	3	3	3	1	2	1	1	1	1	2	1	1
Strength of correlation: Strongly related-3, Moderately related-2, Weakly related-1, Not related-0												

SCHEME OF EXAMINATION (CIE)

1. Departments shall constitute a Departmental Project Review Committee (internal guide + faculty) to review the project at the middle of the semester.
2. Internal guide alone shall evaluate the Project Phase I at the end of the semester for a maximum of 70 marks.
3. Project Review Committee shall evaluate the Project Phase I at the end of the semester for a maximum of 30 marks.

SCHEME OF EVALUATION (CIE)			
PARTICULARS	Guide (MAX MARKS)	Project Review Committee (MAX MARKS)	Total Marks
Formulation of the problem	70	06	100
Relevance of the subject in the present context		04	
Literature Survey		04	
Problem formulation		06	
Oral presentation		10	
TOTAL		30	

GUIDELINES FOR PREPARING PROJECT REPORT

1. Project reports should be typed neatly only on one side of the paper with 1.5 or double line spacing on an A4 size bond paper (210 x 297 mm).
2. **The margins should be:** Left – 1.25", Right – 1", Top and Bottom – 0.75".
3. The total number of reports to be prepared are
 - i) A copy to the department library
 - ii) A copy to the concerned guide(s)
 - iii) Two copies to the sponsoring agency
 - iv) Candidate's copy.
4. Before taking the final printout, the approval of the **concerned guide(s) is mandatory** with suggested corrections, if any, to be incorporated.
5. For making copies dry tone Xerox is suggested. Every copy of the report must contain Inner title page (White) Outer title page with a plastic cover Certificate in the format enclosed both from the college and the organization where the project is carried out.
6. An **abstract (synopsis)** not exceeding 100 words, indicating salient features of the work. (NB: four copies of the abstract are to be submitted to the Department on the date of submission separately)
7. The organization of the report should be as follows
 - i) Inner title page
 - ii) Abstract or Synopsis
 - iii) Acknowledgments
 - iv) Table of Contents
 - v) List of table & figures (optional)
 - vi) Usually numbered in roman

- vii) Chapters (to be numbered in Arabic) containing Introduction-, which usually specifies the scope of work and its importance and relation to previous work and the present developments, Main body of the report divided appropriately into chapters, sections and subsections.
- viii) The chapters, sections and subsections may be numbered in the decimal form for e.g. Chapter 2, sections as 2.1, 2.2 etc., and subsections as 2.2.3, 2.5.1 etc.
- ix) The chapter must be left or right justified (font size 16). Followed by the title of chapter centered (font size 18), section/subsection numbers along with their headings must be left justified with section number and its heading in font size 16 and subsection and its heading in font size 14. The body or the text of the report should have font size 12.
- x) The figures and tables must be numbered chapter wise for e.g.: Fig. 2.1 Block diagram of a serial binary adder, Table 3.1 Primitive flow table, etc.
- xi) The last chapter should contain the summary of the work carried, contributions if any, their utility along with the scope for further work.
- xii) **Reference OR Bibliography:** The references should be numbered serially in the order of their occurrence in the text and their numbers should be indicated within square brackets for e.g. [3]. The section on references should list them in serial order in the following format.

For textbooks – A.V. Oppenheim and R.W. Schafer, Digital Signal Processing, Englewood, N.J., Prentice Hall, 3 Edition, 1975.

For papers – Devid, Insulation design to combat pollution problem, Proc of IEEE, PAS, Vol 71, Aug 1981, pp 1901-1907.

- 8. Only SI units are to be used in the report. Important equations must be numbered in decimal form for e.g.

$$V = IZ \dots\dots\dots(3.2)$$

All equation numbers should be right justified.

- 9. The project report should be brief and include descriptions of work carried out by others only to the minimum extent necessary. Verbatim reproduction of material available elsewhere should be strictly avoided. Where short excerpts from published work are desired to be included, they should be within quotation marks appropriately referenced. Proper attention is to be paid not only to the technical contents but also to the organization of the report and clarity of the expression. Due care should be taken to avoid spelling and typing errors. The student should note that report-write-up forms the important component in the overall evaluation of the project
- 10. Hardware projects must include: the component layout, complete circuit with the component list containing the name of the component, numbers used, etc. and the main component data sheets as Appendix.
- 11. At the time of report submissions, the students must hand over a copy of these details to the project coordinator and see that they are entered in proper registers maintained in the department.
- 12. Software projects must include a virus free disc, containing the software developed by them along with the read me file. Read me file should contain the details of the variables used, salient features of the software and procedure of using them: compiling procedure, details of the computer hardware/software requirements to run the same, etc. If the developed software uses any public domain software downloaded from some site, then the address of the site along with the module name etc. must be

included on a separate sheet. It must be properly acknowledged in the acknowledgments.

13. Sponsored Projects must also satisfy the above requirements along with statement of accounts, bills for the same duly attested by the concerned guides to process further, They must also produce NOC from the concerned guide before taking the internal viva examination.
14. The reports submitted to the department/guide(s) must be hard bounded, with a plastic covering.
15. Separator sheets, used if any, between chapters, should be of thin paper

**COLOUR OF THE OUTER COVER/FRONT PAGE OF UG DISSERTATION /
PROJECT REPORT - SKY BLUE**

Dr. AMBEDKAR INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

(An autonomous institution, Aided by Govt. of Karnataka, Affiliated to VTU)
BDA Outer Ring Road, Near Jnana Bharathi Campus, Bengaluru - 560056



Department of Mechanical Engineering

CERTIFICATE

Certified that the project work - Phase I (Seventh Semester) entitled... is carried out by the following bonafide students of Mechanical Engineering in partial fulfilment for the award of Bachelor of Engineering, B. E (Mechanical) at **Dr. Ambedkar Institute of Technology, Bangalore**, during the academic year

Sl. No	U S N (ascending order)	Name of Student

It is certified that all corrections/suggestions indicated for Internal Assessment have been incorporated in the project report.

The project report has been approved satisfying the academic requirements prescribed for the said Degree.

Guide	Internal Examiner	HOD

ADMISSION YEAR : 2023-24
SEMESTER : **SIXTH**

ACADEMIC YEAR: 2026-27

Course Title	Numerical Applications for Mechanical Engineering Lab	
Sub Code: MEL606	No of Credits: 1 = 0:0:2 (L-T-P)	No. of Practical Hours/Week: 02
Exam Duration: 03 Hrs	CIE+SEE =50+50	Total No. of Contact Hrs. : 13
Category	PCCL	
Pre-requisites	Introduction To Python or introduction to C- programming	

UNIT	CONTENT	Hrs.
PART - A Introduction to MATLAB – As Programming Language	1. Introduction to Simple Calculations with MATLAB a) Data Types (Numeric, String) and their conversion b) Scalar Quantities and Variables c) Mathematical Functions • Arithmetic Functions +,-,/,* • Bitwise Operators, Relational Operators, Logical Operators • Trigonometric and inverse trigonometric Functions d) Vectors and Matrices • Matrix Multiplication (scalar and Matrix Multiplications, division) • Sum, Transpose, Diagonal and Inverse of a Matrix. • LU decomposition, QR Factorization 2. Introduction to User Defined Functions, and Scripts 3. 2D and 3D plots (including contour plots) 4. Flow Control a) Loops (For Loop, While Loop, Do while loop) b) Conditional Statements if else c) Switch statement d) Vectorization 5. Polynomials a) Inbuilt functions - root, polyfit, polyval, etc. b) Root Finding by Bisection, Newton-Raphson Method, Secant Methods 6. Numerical Integration Methods a) Trapezoidal Rule b) Simpsons rules (1/ 3rd and 3/ 8th Rule) 7. Solving ODE using - Runge-Kutta Methods	10
PART – B Application of MATLAB to Mechanical Engineering	1. Engineering Mechanics o Statics: Forces in Structures (Trusses, Friction etc) o Dynamics ▪ Path of Projectile ▪ Moving Rigid bodies 2. Strength of Materials o Plot Shear Force, Bending moment and Deflection diagrams for different beams ▪ Cantilever ▪ Simply supported beam 3. Fluid Mechanics o Statics: Pascal Law o Dynamics ▪ Applications of Bernoulli principle	10

	▪ Stream function and Potential functions 4. Kinematics and Kinetics of Four Bar Mechanism 5. Design of Machine Elements: Shaft subjected to combined torsion, bending and axial loads 6. Manufacturing: Generating a Merchant-circle diagram.	
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References:

1. An Engineer's Guide to MATLAB, Edward B. Magrab, MD Shapour Azarm, MD Balakumar Balachandran, MD James H. Duncan, MD Keith E. Herold Fischell, MD Gregory C. Walsh Leica
2. Essential MATLAB for Engineers and Scientists by Brian D. Hahn and Daniel T. Valentine
3. MATLAB an introduction with applications – Amos Gilat
4. Danilo. 6.094 Introduction to MATLAB, January IAP 2010. (Massachusetts Institute of Technology: MIT Open Courseware), <http://ocw.mit.edu> (Accessed 31 May, 2012). License: Creative Commons BY-NC-SA
5. Numerical Methods in MATLAB, Center for Interdisciplinary Research and Consulting, Department of Mathematics and Statistics University of Maryland, Baltimore County
6. MATLAB PROGRAMS for Textbook Kinematics, Dynamics, and Design of Machinery by K.J. Waldron and G. L. Kinzel
7. An Introduction to Programming and Numerical Methods in MATLAB by S.R. Otto and J.P. Denier
8. MATLAB Tutorial - Qian Wang Mechanical Engineering Penn State University

COURSE OUTCOMES (COs): On completion of this course you should be able to:

CO1: Apply algorithmic problem-solving skills

CO2: Create functions, scripts, programs which solve medium complex engineering tasks.

CO3: Develop solutions to mathematical models applied to practical Mechanical engineering problems.

CO4: Utilize MATLAB software to simulate practical problems

Assessment

Scheme for Examination:

Part A 15 Marks (05 Write-up + 10 Calculations)

Part B 25 Marks (05 Write-up + 20 Calculations)

Viva-voce 10 Marks

Total 50 Marks

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs												
COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	1	1	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
CO2	1	1	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
CO3	1	1	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
CO4	3	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Strength of correlation: Strongly related-3, Moderately related-2, Weakly related-1, Not related-0												

ADMISSION YEAR : 2023-24 **ACADEMIC YEAR:** 2026-27
SEMESTER : SIXTH

COURSE TITLE : INTRODUCTION TO INTERNET OF THINGS		
Sub Code: MET607A	No of Credits =01 L-T-P-SS::1:0:0:0	No. of lecture hours/week : 01
Exam Duration : 2 hours	CIE Marks: 50	SEE Marks : 50
Pre-requisites		

COURSE OBJECTIVES: The students will be able to

- Understand the definition and significance of the Internet of Things
- Discuss the architecture, operation, and business benefits of an IoT solution
- Examine the potential business opportunities that IoT can uncover
- Explore the relationship between IoT, cloud computing, and big data
- Identify how IoT differs from traditional data collection systems

UNIT	CONTENT	Hrs.
UNIT 1	Introduction to IoT: Sensing, Actuation, Basics of Networking: Basics of Networking: Communication Protocols: Sensor Networks:	02
UNIT 2	Machine-to-Machine Communications, Interoperability in IoT, Introduction to Arduino Programming: Integration of Sensors and Actuators with Arduino: Introduction to Python programming, Introduction to Raspberry Pi, Implementation of IoT with Raspberry Pi.	02
UNIT 3	Introduction to SDN, SDN for IoT: Data Handling and Analytics, Cloud Computing	03
UNIT 4	Fog Computing, Smart Cities and Smart Homes.	03
UNIT 5	Connected Vehicles, Smart Grid, Industrial IoT, Case Study: Agriculture, Healthcare, Activity Monitoring	03

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. S. Misra, A. Mukherjee, and A. Roy, 2020. Introduction to IoT. Cambridge University Press.
2. S. Misra, C. Roy, and A. Mukherjee, 2020. Introduction to Industrial Internet of Things and Industry 4.0. CRC Press.
3. Research Papers

COURSE OUTCOMES (COS): On completion of this course you should be able to:

1. Describe what IoT is and how it works today and Use real IoT protocols for communication
2. Recognize the factors that contributed to the emergence of IoT and Design and program IoT devices.
3. Secure the elements of an IoT device and Design an IoT device to work with a Cloud Computing infrastructure, Transfer IoT data to the cloud and in between cloud providers. Define the infrastructure for supporting IoT deployments
4. Identify how IoT differs from traditional data collection systems
5. Discuss the architecture, operation, and business benefits of an IoT solution

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs												
COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	1	2								3
CO2	3	3	2	2	1							2
CO3	3	2	2		1							1
CO4	3	2	2		2	2	1	1	1		2	2
CO5	3	2	2	3	2	1	1	2	2	2	2	2
Strength of correlation: Strongly related-3, Moderately related-2, Weakly related-1, Not related-0												

SCHEME FOR EXAMINATIONS

Pattern of question paper is MCQ (1 mark each).

CIE paper will be 25 objective type questions each of 1 mark

SEE paper will be 50 objective type questions each of 1 mark.

ADMISSION YEAR: 2023-24
SEMESTER : **SIXTH**

ACADEMIC YEAR: 2026-27

Course Title	COMPUTER AIDED DESIGN AND SIMULATION LAB	
Sub Code: MEL607B	No. of Credits: 1 = 0:0:2 (L-T-P)	No. of Practical Hours/Week: 01
Exam Duration:02 Hrs.	CIE+SEE =50+50	Total No of Contact Hrs. 13
Category	AEC Lab	
Pre-requisites	Mechanics of Materials, Manufacturing Processes	

Course Learning Objectives:	
1	To Create drawings and models using software
2	To Create solid models using sketching, extruding
3	Gaining a working knowledge of CAD solid modeling
4	Theoretical concepts of engineering graphics, including orthographic projection, auxiliary views and sectioning,
5	General dimensioning and tolerance, and geometric dimensioning and tolerance.

UNIT No.	Syllabus	No. of hours	BTLs
1	SURFACE MODELING	04	L4
	(i) Create semi-finished bottom casing of a smart Phone using surface tools. (ii) Create semi-finished top casing of a mouse using surface tools. A mouse is a pointing device that functions by detecting two dimensional motion relative to its supporting surface.		
2	SIMULATION	04	L4
	Static analysis of L shaped Cantilever Beam- (i) Determine displacement due to elongation (ii) Determine displacement and elongation due to bending (iii) Modal analysis of L shaped cantilever Beam		
3	SHEET METAL DESIGN	04	L4
	(i) Create a sheet metal body required for a SMPS (Switch Mode Power Supply) in a computer (ii) Create a Sheet Metal Hopper Design		
4	WELDMENT	02	L4
	(i) Create industrial steel frame using weldment (ii) Create a piping structure using weldment		

Course Outcomes: On completion of the course, student should be able to:	
1	Ability to create features complex faces and edges
2	Use Base Flange, Extruded Cut, Sketched Bend and Edit Material commands
3	Create weldment using software for industrial frames
4	Able to conduct static and dynamic analyses for mechanical components

Course Out Comes	Level of CO	Program Outcomes												Programme specific outcomes		
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO1		3	3	3	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	3	0	0
CO2		3	3	3	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	3	0	0
CO3		3	3	3	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	3	0	0
CO4		3	3	3	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	3	0	0
CO5		3	3	3	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	3	0	0

Text Books and Learning Sources	
1	https://www.sdcpublishations.com/Textbooks/Machining-Simulation-Using-SOLIDWORKS-CAM/ISBN/978-1-63057-570-0/
2	https://www.sdcpublishations.com/Textbooks/Hands-On-Introduction-SOLIDWORKS-2023/ISBN/978-1-63057-555-7/
3	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=lnJTfrqYfMU

Sl. No.	Particulars	Max Marks	Break up Max. Marks	
			Write up	Modelling
Q 1	Any one from either from Unit 1 or Unit 2	25	5	20
Q 2	Any one from either from Unit 3 or Unit 4	15	5	10
Q 3	Viva Voice	10	-	-
Total		50		

Dr. Ambedkar Institute of Technology, Bengaluru-560056

Outcome Based Education(OBE) and Choice Based Credit System

B.E. Name of the programme: Mechanical Engineering

Tentative Scheme of Teaching and Examination effective from the Academic Year 2026-27

VII - SEMESTER (Swappable VII and VIII SEMESTER)

Sl. No.	Course	Course Code	Course Title	Teaching Department (TD) and Question Paper Setting Board (PSB)	Teaching Hours/Week				Examination				Credits
					Theory Lecture	Tutorial	Practical / Drawing	Self-Study	Duration in hours	CIE Marks	SEE Marks	Total Marks	
					L	T	P	S					
1	IPCC	22MEU701	FINITE ELEMENT METHOD (+L)	ME	3	0	2		03	50	50	100	4
2	IPCC	22MEU702	HEAT AND MASS TRANSFER (+L)	ME	3	0	2		03	50	50	100	4
3	PCC	22MET703	CONTROL ENGINEERING	ME	3	2	0		03	50	50	100	4
4	PEC	22MET704x	PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE COURSE	ME	3	0	0		03	50	50	100	3
5	OEC	22MET705x	OPEN ELECTIVE COURSE	ME	3	0	0		01	50	50	100	3
6	PROJ	22MEP706	MAJOR PROJECT PHASE - II	ME	0	0	12		03	100	100	200	6
										400	300	700	24

PCC: Professional Core Course, **PCCL:** Professional Core Course laboratory, **PEC:** Professional Elective Course, **OEC :** Open Elective Course, **PR:** Project Work , **L:** Lecture, **T:** Tutorial, **P:** Practical, **S=** Self-Study, **CIE:** Continuous Internal Evaluation, **SEE:** Semester End Evaluation. **TD-**Teaching Department, **PSB:** Paper Setting department, **PROJ :** Project work

Professional Elective Course 22MET704x

22MET704A	Computer Integrated Manufacturing and Automation	22MET704C	Refrigeration and Air Conditioning for a Sustainable Future
22MET704B	Rapid Prototyping	22MET704D	Smart Materials
22MET704E	Tribology and Bearing Design		

Open Elective Course 22MET705x

22MET705A	Operation Research	22MET705C	Robotics
22MET705B	Computer Integrated Manufacturing and Automation	22MET705D	Smart Materials

Note: VII and VIII semesters of IV years of the program

- (1) Institutions can swap the VII and VIII Semester Schemes of Teaching and Examinations to accommodate research internships / industry internship safter the VI semester.
- (2) Credits earned for the courses of VII and VIII Semester Scheme of Teaching and Examinations shall be counted against the corresponding semesters whether the VII or VIII semesters are completed during the beginning of the IV year or the later part of IV years of the program.

Professional Elective Courses (PEC): A professional elective (PEC) course is intended to enhance the depth and breadth of educational experience in the Engineering and Technology curriculum. Multidisciplinary courses that are added supplement the latest trend and advanced technology in the selected stream of Engineering. Each group will provide an option to select one course. The minimum number of students' strengths for offering a professional elective is 10. However, this condition shall Not be applicable to cases where the admission to the program is less than 10.

Open Elective Courses:

Students belonging to a particular stream of Engineering and Technology are not entitled to the open electives offered by their parent Department. However, they can opt for an elective offered by other Departments, provided they satisfy the prerequisite condition if any. Registration to open electives shall be documented under the guidance of the Program Coordinator / Advisor / Mentor. The minimum numbers of students' strength for offering Open Elective Course is 10. However, this condition shall not be applicable to class where the admission to the program is less than 10.

PROJECT WORK(21AEP75):

The objective of the Project work is

- (i) To encourage independent learning and the innovative attitude of the students.
- (ii) To develop interactive attitude, communication skills, organization, time management, and presentation skills.
- (iii) To impart flexibility and adaptability.
- (iv) To inspire team working.
- (v) To expand intellectual capacity, credibility, judgment and intuition.
- (vi) To adhere to punctuality, setting and meeting deadlines. To install responsibilities to one self and others.
- (vii) To train students to present the topic of project work in a seminar without any fear, face the audience confidently, enhance communication skills, involve in group discussion to present and exchange ideas.

CIE procedure for Project Work:

(1) Single discipline: The CIE marks shall be awarded by a committee consisting of the Head of the concerned Department and two senior faculty members of the Department, one of whom shall be the Guide. The CIE marks awarded for the project work shall be based on the evaluation of the project work Report, project presentation skill, and question and answer session in the ratio 50:25:25. The marks awarded for the project report shall be the same for all the batch mates.

(2) Interdisciplinary: Continuous Internal Evaluation shall be group-wise at the college level with the participation of all guides of the college. Participation of external Guide/s, if any, is desirable. The CIE marks awarded for the project work, shall be based on the evaluation of project work Report, project presentation skill, and question and answer session in the ratio 50:25:25. The marks awarded for the project report shall be the same for all the batch mates.

SEE procedure for Project Work: SEE for project work will be conducted by the two examiners appointed by the University. The SEE marks awarded for the project work shall be based on the evaluation of project work Report, project presentation skill, and question and answer session in the ratio 50:25:25.

Dr. Ambedkar Institute of Technology, Bengaluru-560056

Outcome Based Education(OBE) and Choice Based Credit System

B.E. Name of the programme: Mechanical Engineering

Tentative Scheme of Teaching and Examination effective from the Academic Year 2026-27

VIII - SEMESTER (Swappable VII and VIII SEMESTER)

Sl. No.	Course	Course Code	Course Title	Teaching Department (TD) and Question Paper Setting Board (PSB)	Teaching Hours / Week				Examination				Credits
					Theory Lecture	Tutorial	Practical / Drawing	Self-Study	Duration in hours	CIE Marks	SEE Marks	Total Marks	
1	PEC	22MET801x	Professional Elective (Online Courses)	Online	3	0	0		-	-	-	-	3
2	OEC	22MET802x	Open Elective(Online Courses)	Online	3	0	0		-	-	-	-	3
3	INT	22MEI803	Internship(Industry/Research) (14-20Weeks)		0	0	12		03	100	100	200	10
										200	200	400	16

L: Lecture, **T:** Tutorial, **P:** Practical **S** = Self-Study, **CIE:** Continuous Internal Evaluation, **SEE:** Semester End Evaluation. **TD-**Teaching Department, **PSB:** Paper Setting department, **OEC:** Open Elective Course, **PEC:** Professional Elective Course. **PROJ:** Project work, **INT:** Industry Internship / Research Internship / Rural Internship.

Professional Elective Course(Online courses) 22XXT801x

22XXT801A		22XXT801C	
22XXT801B		22XXT801D	

Open Elective Courses (Online Courses) 22XXT802x

22XXT802A		22XXT802C	
22XXT802B		22XXT802D	

Note: VII and VIII semesters of IV years of the program

- (1) Institutions can swap the VII and VIII Semester Schemes of Teaching and Examinations to accommodate research internships / industry internship safter the VI semester.
- (2) Credits earned for the courses of VII and VIII Semester Scheme of Teaching and Examinations shall be counted against the corresponding semesters whether the VII or VIII semesters are completed during the beginning of the IV year or the later part of IV years of the program.

Elucidation:

At the beginning of IV years of the program i.e., after VI semester, VII semester class work and VIII semester **Research Internship /Industrial Internship/Rural Internship** shall be permitted to be operated simultaneously by the University so that students have ample opportunity for an internship. In other words, a good percentage of the class shall attend VII semester class work and a similar percentage of others shall attend to Research Internship or Industrial Internship or Rural Internship.

Research/Industrial /Rural Internship shall be carried out at an Industry, NGO, MSME, Innovation center, Incubation center, Start-up, center of Excellence (CoE), Study Centre established in the parent institute and/or at reputed research organizations/institutes.

The mandatory Research internship /Industry internship / Rural Internship is for 14 to 20 Weeks. The internship shall be considered as a head of passing and shall be considered for the award of a Degree. Those, who do not take up/complete the internship shall be declared to fail and shall have to complete it during the subsequent University examination after satisfying the internship requirements.

Research internship: A research internship is intended to offer the flavor of current research going on in the research field. It helps students get familiarized with the field and imparts the skill required for carrying out research.

Industry internship : Is an extended period of work experience undertaken by students to supplement their Degree for professional development. It also helps them learn to overcome unexpected obstacles and successfully navigate organizations, perspectives, and cultures. Dealing with contingencies helps students recognize, appreciate, and adapt to organizational realities by tempering their knowledge with practical constraints.

Rural Internship: Rural development internship is an initiative of Unnat Bharat Abhiyan Cell, RGIT in association with AICTE to involve students of all departments studying in different academic years for exploring various opportunities in techno-social fields, to connect and work with Rural India for their upliftment.

The faculty coordinator or mentor has to monitor the student's internship progress and interact with them to guide for the successful completion of the internship. The students are permitted to carry out the internship anywhere in India or abroad. University shall not be arranging any expenses incurred in respect to the internship.

- With the consent of the internal guide and Principal of the Institution, students shall be allowed to carry out the internship at their hometown (**within or outside the state or abroad**), provided favorable facilities are available for the internship and the student remains regularly in contact with the internal guide. **University / Institute shall not bear any cost involved in carrying out the internship by students.** However, students can receive any financial assistance extended by the organization.

ADMISSION YEAR : 2023-24
SEMESTER : SEVENTH

ACADEMIC YEAR: 2026-27

Course Title	FINITE ELEMENT METHODS & ANALYSIS	
Sub.Code:22MEU701	No. of Credits:04 = 2:2:2 (L-T-P)	No. of Lecture Hours/Week:02 No. of Tutorial Hours/Week:02 No. of Practical hours/week :02
Exam Duration: 03 Hrs.	Max. Marks : CIE+ SEE=40+5+5+50=100	Total No of Contact Hours: 52 + 13 lab Slots
Category	IPCC	
Pre-requisites	Engineering Mathematics, MOM, DOM	

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

1. To learn basic principles of finite element analysis procedure and understand design problems in systematic manner
2. To impart structures analysis for stress, strain & dynamic loading knowledge and gain particle experience in 2D drafting
3. To enable formulation of the dimensional structure, mechanical and thermal problems into FEA and able to apply in real life applications.
4. To comprehend the basic concepts and enhance capabilities for solving 2 complex Problems.
5. To introduce the concepts of elastic and static analysis problems and understand various software used to solve the practical problems

#	CONTENTS	Hrs.
UNIT-1	INTRODUCTION	8L+2P
	Equilibrium equations in elasticity subjected to body force, traction forces, and stress-strain relations for plane stress and plane strains. General description of Finite Element Method, Application and limitations. Types of elements, Node numbering, Half band width, Definitions of FEA and FDM. BASIC PROCEDURE: Euler - Langrange equation for bar, beam (cantilever / simply supported fixed), principle of minimum potential energy, Raleigh's Ritz method. Direct approach for stiffness matrix formulation of bar element. Galerkin's method boundary conditions and general comments.	
UNIT-2	INTERPOLATION MODELS	8L+2P
	Interpolation polynomials- Linear, quadratic and cubic. Simplex complex and multiplex elements. 2D PASCAL's triangle. CST elements-Shape functions and Nodal load vector, Strain displacement matrix. SOLUTION OF 1-DIMENSIONAL BARS: Solutions of bars and stepped bars for displacements, reactions and stresses by using penalty approach and elimination approach. Gauss-elimination technique. Applications.	
UNIT-3	HIGHER ORDER ELEMENTS	8L+2P
	Lagrange's interpolation, Higher order one dimensional elements-Quadratic and cubic element and their shape functions. Shape function of 2-D quadrilateral element-linear, quadric element Iso-parametric, Sub parametric and Super parametric elements.	
UNIT-4	TRUSSES & BEAMS	8L+2P

	2D truss Elements Stiffness matrix of Truss element. Examples illustrating how to obtain various internal force diagrams for different types of structural member like trusses Numerical problems. Governing Differentia Equation for beam	
	bending Hermite shape functions for beam element, Derivation of stiffness matrix. Numerical problems of beams carrying concentrated, UDL and linearly varying loads.	
UNIT-5	STEADY STATE HEAT TRANSFER	8L+2P
	One Dimensional Heat Conduction – Governing Equation – Boundary Condition. Temperature Gradient & B matrix functional approach to Heat Conduction – Element Conductivity Matrix. Assembly & Boundary Conditions, Heat Flux Boundary Conditions, Forced and Natural Boundary Conditions – Numerical problems. Simple Problems.	

#	Computer Aided Modelling and Analysis (CAMA) LABORATORY	Hrs.
		24
	1. Analysis of 1D structural members and verification of the same through manual calculation. 2. Bars of constant cross section area, tapered cross section area and stepped bar 3. Trusses – (Minimum 2 exercises) 4. Beams – Simply supported, cantilever, beams with UDL, beams with varying load etc. (Minimum 6 exercises) 5. Includes Theoretical problems and Introduction to meshing 6. 2D Stress analysis of a rectangular plate subjected different loads 7. Determining of stress concentration factor for rectangular plate with circular cut out and square cutout 8. Thermal Analysis – 1D & 2D problem with conduction and convection boundary conditions(Minimum 4 exercises) 9. Dynamic Analysis a. Fixed – fixed beam for natural frequency determination b. Bar subjected to forcing function c. Fixed – fixed beam subjected to forcing function	

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Finite Elements in Engineering, T.R.Chandrupatla, A.D Belegunde, 3rd Ed PHI.
2. Finite Element Method in Engineering, S.S. Rao, 4th Edition, Elsevier, 2006.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. “Finite Element Methods for Engineers” U.S. Dixit, Cengage Learning, 2009.
2. Concepts and applications of Finite Element Analysis, R.D. Cook D.S Maltus, M.E Plesha, R.J.Witt, Wiley 4th Ed, 2009
3. Finite Element Methods, Daryl. L. Logon, Thomson Learning 3rd edition, 2001.
4. Finite Element Method, J.N. Reddy, McGraw -Hill International Edition.

COURSE OUTCOMES: on completion of the course, student should be able to:

CO1: Understand the fundamental concepts of FEM and develop an ability to generate the governing FE equations for systems governed by partial differential Equations.

CO2: Understand the concept of interpolation function and analysis of Bar elements and using software able to do 3D/2D part Modelling

CO3: To imbibe the concept of shape functions of higher order elements of the models with different meshing techniques, mesh size and quality check.

CO4: Understand to analyze the structural applications of trusses and beams subjected to different loading conditions and assign the required boundary condition, loading condition, types of loading and solve

CO5: Obtain the ability to understand heat conduction, heat flux and apply the boundary conditions with analysis to solve numerical problems and to validate results with theoretical and experimental values.

Assessment Details both (CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) and Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50% each. The students have to obtain a minimum of 40% marks individually both in CIE and SEE to pass.

CIE: The CIE has two components – CIE - theory component and CIE – laboratory component. Students have to score a minimum of 40% Marks in the total of CIE - theory and CIE – laboratory components put together, provided students have to score a minimum of 40% marks in CIE laboratory component alone to qualify to take SEE.

Theory Semester End Exam (SEE) is conducted for 100 marks (3 Hours duration) and reduced to 50 Marks.

CONTINUOUS INTERNAL EVALUATION (CIE)		Max Marks	Minimum Marks to be scored in CIE, to qualify to take SEE (40% individually)	
Theory	Weightage of CIE1 and CIE2 Tests or CIE3	30	12	
Laboratory components	Lab components: Rubrics for each lab component are added, then taken average	10	20	08
	Lab CIE	10		
TOTAL		50	20	

ADMISSION YEAR : 2023-24
SEMESTER : SEVENTH

ACADEMIC YEAR: 2026-27

Course Title	HEAT TRANSFER	
Sub Code: 22MEU702	No of Credits: 04 L-T-P 2:2:2 =04	No. of Lecture Hours/Week:02 No. of Tutorial Hours/Week:02 No. of Practical hours/week :02
Exam Duration: 3 hrs.	CIE+SEE=50+50=100	Total No of Contact Hours: 52 + 13 lab Slots
Category	IPCC	
Pre-requisites	Engineering Mathematics, Engineering Thermodynamics and Fluid Mechanics	

Course Learning Objectives:	
1	To outline the basic concepts of conduction, convection and radiation heat transfer and illustrate the application of various boundary conditions giving heat transfer examples.
2	To understand the unsteady heat conduction and convection heat transfer and apply the knowledge to solve real time problems.
3	To demonstrate the use of graphical charts for solving analytical problems.
4	To design heat exchangers based on the input variables such as inlet temperature of hot and cold fluids.
5	To calculate various heat transfer parameters and predict the rate of heat transfer and heat transfer coefficients.
6	To evaluate the conductivity, heat transfer coefficients, emissivity and other performance parameters of equipment like heat exchangers and refrigerators through laboratory experiments.

UNIT No.	Syllabus	No. of hours	RBTLs
1	BASIC CONCEPTS AND CONDUCTION HEAT TRANSFER	9L+4P	L1, L2, L3
	Introduction - Modes of heat transfer, Basic laws, Combined heat transfer mechanism, Resistance concept, Boundary conditions of 1 st , 2 nd and 3 rd kind; Thermal contact resistance; Overall heat transfer coefficient; Illustrations of applying the boundary conditions to heat transfer problems; Derivation of general equation of heat conduction in Cartesian coordinates; Special cases; Discussion on 3-D conduction in cylindrical and spherical coordinate systems (No derivation); Steady state heat conduction in simple and composite slabs, cylinders and spheres (uniform thermal conductivity and without heat generation); Related numerical problems; Introduction to variable thermal conductivity and heat generation; Concept and derivation of critical thickness of insulation in cylinders and spheres; Related numerical problems		
2	EXTENDED SURFACES AND UNSTEADY STATE HEAT CONDUCTION TRANSFER	9L+4P	L1, L2, L3
	Introduction to extended surfaces; Derivation of heat transfer and temperature distribution in fins (uniform cross-section without heat generation); Long fin, short fin with insulated tip and without insulated tip and fin connected between two heat sources; Fin efficiency and effectiveness; Related numerical problems.		

	Unsteady state heat conduction - Introduction; Conduction in solids with negligible internal temperature gradient (Lumped system analysis), Use of Transient temperature charts (Heisler's charts) for transient conduction in slab, long cylinder and sphere; Use of transient temperature charts for transient conduction in semi-infinite solids; Related numerical problems.		
3	CONVECTION HEAT TRANSFER	9L+4P	L1, L2, L3
	Introduction – Boundary layer concept in external and internal flow; Forced Convection - Dimensional analysis for forced convection; Physical significance of Reynolds, Prandtl, Nusselt and Stanton numbers; Use of correlations for flow over simple geometries (flat plate, cylinder and sphere); Use of correlations for flow inside a duct; Numerical problems; Free or natural convection - Dimensional analysis for free convection; Physical significance of Grashof number; Use of correlations of free convection over flat plates (vertical, horizontal and inclined), cylinders (vertical and horizontal) and spheres; Related numerical problems; Introduction to boiling: pool boiling, Bubble Growth Mechanisms, Nucleate Pool Boiling, Critical Heat Flux in Nucleate Pool Boiling, Pool Film Boiling, Critical Heat Flux, Heat Transfer beyond the Critical Point, filmwise and dropwise Condensation Related numerical problems		
4	HEAT EXCHANGERS	9L+4P	L1, L2, L3
	Introduction; Classification of heat exchangers; Compact, Shell-and-tube and Plate heat exchangers; Overall heat transfer coefficient and fouling factor; Parallel and counter flow heat exchangers; Use of LMTD; Heat transfer with phase change; Multi pass and cross-flow heat exchangers; Effectiveness-NTU method; Limiting cases; Related numerical problems; Compact heat exchangers – Introduction, types, advantages.		
5	RADIATION HEAT TRANSFER	9L+4P	L1, L2, L3
	Introduction; Fundamental principles - Gray, White, Opaque, Transparent and Black bodies, Spectral emissive power, Wien's displacement law, Planck's laws, Hemispherical Emissive Power, Stefan-Boltzmann law for the total emissive power of a black body, Emissivity and Kirchhoff's Laws; Black bodies separated by a non-absorbing medium; Shape factor; Electrical analogy; Two black surfaces connected by non-conducting and re-radiating walls; Evaluation of shape factor; Radiation heat transfer between gray bodies; Radiosity and Irradiation; Radiation network for gray surfaces exchanging energy; Radiation shields; Related numerical problems		

LABORATORY WORK:

Exp No.	LIST OF EXPRIMENTS	No. of hours	RBTLs
PART - A			
1	MINOR EXPERIMENTS 1. Composite wall - Determination of overall heat transfer coefficient of a composite wall. 2. Metal rod - Determination of thermal conductivity of a metal rod. 3. Fin – Determination of efficiency and effectiveness of a fin free convection mode. 4. Emissivity - Determination of emissivity of a given grey surface.	10	L4
PART - B			
2	MAJOR EXPERIMENTS 1. Vertical pipe - Determination of heat transfer coefficient in free convection mode. 2. Pipe flow - Determination of heat transfer coefficient in forced convection mode for hot air flowing through a circular pipe. 3. Stefan Boltzmann constant - Verification of Stefan Boltzmann Constant. 4. Fin - Determination of efficiency and effectiveness of a fin in forced convection mode. 5. Shell and Tube heat exchanger - Determination of Log Mean Temperature Difference (LMTD) and Effectiveness in (i) Parallel Flow mode and (ii) Counter Flow mode 6. Vapour Compression Refrigerator (VCR) – Determination of COP.	16	L4

Course Outcomes:

1	<i>Understand</i> the basic modes of heat transfer and critical thickness of insulation. (RBTL: 1, 2, 3)
2	<i>Understand</i> the application of extended surfaces in heat conduction and unsteady conduction heat transfer through solids. (RBTL: 1, 2, 3)
3	<i>Interpret</i> and <i>analyse</i> the convection heat transfer and phenomenon of boiling and condensation (RBTL: 1, 2, 3)
4	<i>Analyse</i> and <i>design</i> the heat exchanger for the maximum effectiveness and efficiency. (RBTL: 1, 2, 3)
5	<i>Understand</i> the principles thermal radiation heat transfer and <i>develop</i> expressions for net radiation between various types of bodies. (RBTL: 1, 2, 3)
6	<i>Conduct</i> experiments on basic modes of heat transfer and performance tests on heat exchanger and vapour compression refrigerator.

Course Outcomes Mapping with Programme Outcomes & Programme Specific Outcomes.

Course Out Comes (CO)	Level of CO	Program Outcomes (PO)												Programme Specific Outcomes (PSO)		
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO1	L1, 2, 3	3	3	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0
CO2	L1, 2, 3	3	3	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0
CO3	L1, 2, 3	3	3	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0
CO4	L1, 2, 3	3	3	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0
CO5	L1, 2, 3	3	3	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0
CO6	L4	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0

Text Books.

1	Heat and Mass Transfer , P.K. Nag, 3 rd Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill Publications, 2011.
2	A Text Book of Heat and Mass Transfer (SI Units) – R. K. Rajput, S. Chand & Company Limited, Revised Edition 2018.

Data Hand Books and Charts

1	Heat and Mass Transfer Data Hand Book , C.P. Kothandaraman, S. Subramanyan, New Age International Publishers, 8 th Edition, 2014.
2	Thermodynamics Data Handbook – B.T. Nijaguna and B.S. Samaga, Sudha Publications, 2016.

Reference Text Books.

1	Heat and Mass Transfer: Fundamentals and Applications , Cengel, Y.A., and Ghajar, A.J., 5 th Edition, McGraw-Hill Publications (SIE), 2015.
2	Principles of Heat and Mass Transfer , Frank P. Incropera, David P. Dewitt, Theodore L. Bergman, and Adrienne S. Lavine, 7 th Edition, Wiley Student Edition, 2013.

Web Links.

1	Students are encouraged to visit http:// www.nptel.ac.in (http:// www.swayam.gov.in) and register for the following MOOCs: (i) Fundamentals of Convective Heat Transfer (12 Week Course; July-Oct) (ii) Heat Exchangers: Fundamentals and Design Analysis (12 Week Course; July-Oct) (iii) Conduction and Convection: Fundamentals and Applications (12 Week Course; July-Oct) (iv) Fundamentals of Conduction and Radiation (12 Week Course; July-Oct)
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Assessment Details both (CIE and SEE)	
The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) and Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50% each. The students have to obtain a minimum of 40% marks individually both in CIE and SEE to pass. CIE: The CIE has two components – CIE - theory component and CIE – laboratory component. Students have to score a minimum of 40% Marks in the total of CIE - theory and CIE – laboratory components put together, provided students have to score a minimum of 40% marks in CIE laboratory component alone to qualify to take SEE. Theory Semester End Exam (SEE) is conducted for 100 marks (3 Hours duration) and reduced to 50 Marks.	

CONTINUOUS INTERNAL EVALUATION (CIE)		Max Marks		Minimum Marks to be scored in CIE, to qualify to take SEE (40% individually)
Theory	Weightage of CIE1 and CIE2 Tests or CIE3	30		12
Laboratory components	Lab components: Rubrics for each lab component are added, then taken average	10	20	08
	Lab CIE	10		
TOTAL		50		20

CIE PATTERN		
Sl. No.	Particulars	Max Marks
Q 1	Any one question from Part -A	15
Q 2	Any one question from Part -B	25
Q 3	Viva Voice	10
		50 (Scale down to 10)

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs												
COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	3	3	2	1	1	2	2	2	0	3
CO2	3	3	2	3	2	1	1	2	2	2	0	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	2	1	1	2	2	2	0	3
CO4	3	3	2	3	2	1	1	2	2	2	0	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	2	2	1	2	2	2	0	3
Strength of correlation: Strongly related-3, Moderately related-2, Weakly related-1, Not related-0												

QUESTION PAPER PATTERN (SEE)										
Q. No.	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6	Q7	Q8	Q9	Q10
UNIT	1		2		3		4		5	
1. Two full questions (each of 20 Marks) are to be set from each unit.										
2. Student shall answer five full questions selecting one full question from each unit.										

ADMISSION YEAR : 2023-24 ACADEMIC YEAR: 2026-27
SEMESTER : SEVENTH

Course Title	CONTROL ENGINEERING	
Sub Code: 22MET703	No. of Credits: 4 = 4:0:0 (L-T-P)	No. of lecture hours/week : 04
Exam Duration: 03 Hrs.	Max. Marks : CIE+ Asmt +GA + SEE=40+5+5+50=100	Total No. of Contact Hours:52
Category	PCC	
Pre-requisites	Basic Engineering Mathematics, Engineering Mechanics	

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

1. Mathematical modeling of the mechanical systems using differential equations.
2. Deduction of Transfer functions using block Diagrams and signal flow graphs
3. Emphasize on transient characteristics and response of the systems and Routh-Hurwitz stability criteria
4. Analysis of frequency response characteristics of control systems.
5. Construction of root locus plots and to ascertain the stability of the control systems

#	CONTENTS	Hrs
UNIT-1	MECHANICAL CONTROL SYSTEMS	10
	Introduction to the Concept of automatic controls, open loop and closed loop control systems, representation of feedback systems, requirements of an ideal control system. Temperature control, speed control and flight controls. Mathematical models: Transfer function models, models of mechanical systems (translational and rotational).	
UNIT-2	BLOCK DIAGRAMS AND SIGNAL FLOW GRAPHS	08
	Transfer Functions definition, blocks representation of systems, reduction of block diagrams, Mason's gain formula: signal flow graphs. Feed forward systems with examples, Positive Feedback systems.	
UNIT-3	TRANSIENT AND STEADY STATE RESPONSE ANALYSIS	10
	Introduction, first order and second order system response to step, ramp and impulse inputs, concepts of time constant and its importance in speed of response. System stability: Routh's-Hurwitz criterion; Types of controllers- proportional, integral proportional integral, proportional integral differential controllers. Compensation in control systems, lead-lag compensator.	
UNIT-4	ROOT LOCUS PLOTS	12
	Definition, general rules for constructing and analysis of closed loop and open loop systems using root locus plots. Effects of addition of poles and zeroes on stability of the systems. Introduction to MATLAB Programming for stability analysis of Root locus plots.	
UNIT-5	FREQUENCY RESPONSE ANALYSIS	12
	Asymptotic Approximations: Bode Magnitude and Phase angle plots. Stability, Gain Margin & Phase Margin via Bode plot. Polar plots, Nyquist stability criterion, Stability analysis, Relative stability concepts, Gain margin and phase margin. Introduction to MATLAB Programming for stability analysis of bode plots.	

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Modern Control Engineering, Ogata, 5th Edition , 2010, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi.ISBN: 10: 0-13-615673-8, 13: 978-0-13-615673-4
2. Automatic Control Systems, Kuo, 3rd Edition, 2009, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, ISBN: 0-13-054973-8
3. Control Systems Engineering, 5th Edition, Norman S Nise, Wiley India - 2009

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Modern Control Systems, Richard.C.Dorf and Robert. H. Bishop, Addison Wesley,1999
2. System dynamics & control, Eronini-Umez,Thomson Asia pte Ltd. Singapore, 2002.
3. Feedback Control System, Schaum's series. 2001.
4. Automatic Control Systems, B C Kuo, F Golnaraghi, John Wiley & Sons, 2003.
5. Control Engineering: MATLAB Exercises Authors: Keviczky, L., Bars, R., Hetthessy, J., Banyasz, C.

COURSE OUTCOMES: On completion of the course, student should be able to:

C01: Describe fundamentals of control elements and mathematical modeling

C02: To understand the block diagram and signal flow graphs.

CO3: Analyze steady state and transient response of first and second order systems.

CO4: Evaluate the system stability through Bode and Nyquist plots.

CO5: Construction and stability analysis using root locus plots.

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs												
COs/ POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	3	1	1	1	2	0	0	1	0	3
CO2	3	3	2	1	1	0	2	0	0	1	0	2
CO3	3	3	2	1	1	0	2	0	0	1	0	2
CO4	3	3	3	2	1	0	2	0	0	1	0	3
CO5	3	3	2	2	1	0	2	0	0	1	0	3
Strength of correlation: Strongly related-3, Moderately related-2, Weakly related-1, Not related-0												

QUESTION PAPER PATTERN (SEE)										
Q. No.	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6	Q7	Q8	Q9	Q10
UNIT	1		2		3		4		5	
1. Two full questions (each of 20 Marks) are to be set from each unit.										
2. Student shall answer five full questions selecting one full question from each unit.										

ADMISSION YEAR : 2023-24 ACADEMIC YEAR: 2026-27
SEMESTER : SEVENTH

Course Title	COMPUTER INTEGRATED MANUFACTURING AND AUTOMATION	
Sub Code: 22MET704A	No. of Credits: 3 = 3:0:0 (L-T-P)	No. of lecture hours/week : 03
Exam Duration: 03 Hrs.	Max. Marks : CIE+ Asmt +GA + SEE=40+5+5+50=100	Total No. of Contact Hours:39
Category	PEC	
Pre-requisites	Manufacturing Process and CAD/CAM	

Course Objectives:

1. To impart knowledge of CIM and Automation and different concepts of automation by developing mathematical models.
2. To expose students to automated flow lines, assembly lines, Line Balancing Techniques, and Flexible Manufacturing Systems.
3. To expose students to computer aided process planning, material requirement planning, capacity planning etc.
4. To introduce the students to concepts of Additive Manufacturing, Internet of Things, and Industry 4.0 leading to Smart Factory.

UNIT	CONTENT	Hrs.
UNIT 1	Introduction to CIM and Automation: Automation in Production Systems, automated manufacturing systems- types of automation, reasons for automating, Computer Integrated Manufacturing, computerized elements of a CIM system, CAD/CAM and CIM. Mathematical models and matrices: production rate, production capacity, utilization and availability, manufacturing lead time, work-in process, Numerical problems and automation strategies.	08
UNIT 2	Automated Production Lines and Assembly Systems: Fundamentals, system configurations, applications, automated flow lines, buffer storage, control of production line, analysis of transfer lines, analysis of flow lines without storage, partial automation, analysis of automated flow lines with Storage buffer, fundamentals of automated assembly systems, numerical problems.	08
UNIT 3	Flexible Manufacturing Systems: Fundamentals of Group Technology and Flexible Manufacturing Systems, types of FMS, FMS components, Material handling and storage system, applications, benefits, computer control systems, FMS planning and design issues, Automated Storage and Retrieval Systems, AS/RS and Automatic parts identification systems and data capture. Line Balancing: Line balancing algorithms, methods of line balancing, numerical problems on largest candidate rule, Kilbridge and Wester method, and Ranked Positional Weights method.	08

UNIT 4	Computerized Manufacture Planning and Control System: Computer Aided Process Planning, Retrieval and Generative Systems, benefits of CAPP, Production Planning and Control Systems, typical activities of PPC System, computer integrated production management system, Material Requirement Planning, inputs to MRP system, working of MRP, outputs and benefits, Capacity Planning, Computer Aided Quality Control, Shop floor control. Automated Assembly Systems: Design for automated assembly systems, types of automated assembly system, Parts feeding devices-elements of parts delivery system-hopper, part feeder, Selectors, feedback, escapement and placement. Automated Guided Vehicle System: Introduction, types, Vehicle guidance and routing, System management.	08
UNIT 5	Additive Manufacturing Systems: Basic principles of additive manufacturing, slicing CAD models for AM, advantages and limitations of AM technologies, Additive manufacturing processes: Photo polymerization, material jetting, binder jetting, material extrusion, Powder bed sintering techniques, sheet lamination, direct energy deposition techniques, applications of AM. Recent trends in manufacturing, Hybrid manufacturing. Future of Automated Factory: Industry 4.0, functions, applications and benefits. Components of Industry 4.0, Internet of Things (IOT), IOT applications in manufacturing, Big-Data and Cloud Computing for IOT, IOT for smart manufacturing, influence of IOT on predictive maintenance, industrial automation, supply chain optimization, supply-chain & logistics, cyber-physical manufacturing systems.	07

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Automation, Production system & Computer Integrated manufacturing, M. P. Groover” 4th Edition, 2015, Pearson Learning.
2. Principles of Computer Integrated Manufacturing, S. Kant Vajpayee, Prentice Hall India.
3. CAD/CAM/CIM, Dr P Radhakrishnan, 3rd edition, New Age International Publishers, New Delhi.

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. “CAD/CAM” by Ibrahim Zeid, Tata McGraw Hill.
2. “Principles of Computer Integrated Manufacturing”, S.Kant Vajpayee, 1999, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi.
3. “Work Systems and the Methods, Measurement and Management of Work”, Groover M. P, Pearson/Prentice Hall, Upper Saddle River, NJ, 2007.
4. “Computer Automation in Manufacturing”, Boucher, T. O., Chapman & Hall, London, UK, 1996.
5. “Introduction to Robotics: Mechanics and Control”, Craig, J. J., 2nd Ed., Addison-Wesley Publishing Company, Readong, MA, 1989.
6. Internet of Things (IoT): Digitize or Die: Transform your organization. Embrace the digital evolution. Rise above the competition, by Nicolas Windpassinger, Amazon.
7. "Internet of Things: A Hands-on Approach", by Arshdeep Bahga and Vijay Madisetti (Universities Press)
8. Additive Manufacturing Technologies: Rapid Prototyping to Direct Digital Manufacturing, 2nd Ed. (2015), Ian Gibson, David W. Rosen, Brent Stucker
9. “Understanding Additive Manufacturing”, Andreas Gebhardt, Hanser Publishers, 2011
10. Industry 4.0: The Industrial Internet of Things, A press, 2017, by Alasdair Gilchrist.

CO1: Able to define Automation, CIM, CAD, CAM and explain the differences between these concepts.

CO3: Analyse the FMS, GT, AS/RS and automated flow lines to reduce down time and enhance productivity.

CO5: Visualize and appreciate the modern trends in Manufacturing like additive manufacturing, Industry 4.0 and applications of Internet of Things leading to Smart Manufacturing.

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs												
COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	3	1	2	1	1	1	1	2	1	1
CO2	3	3	2	3	1	1	1	2	1	3	1	2
CO3	3	3	3	2	2	1	1	1	2	3	1	1
CO4	3	3	3	1	2	1	1	1	1	2	1	2
CO5	3	3	3	1	2	1	1	1	1	2	1	2
Strength of correlation: Strongly related-3, Moderately related-2, Weakly related-1, Not related-0												

QUESTION PAPER PATTERN (SEE)										
Q. No.	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6	Q7	Q8	Q9	Q10
UNIT	1		2		3		4		5	
1. Two full questions (each of 20 Marks) are to be set from each unit.										
2. Student shall answer five full questions selecting one full question from each unit.										

ADMISSION YEAR : 2023-24 ACADEMIC YEAR: 2026-27
SEMESTER : SEVENTH

Course Title	RAPID PROTOTYPING	
Sub Code: 22MET704B	No. of Credits: 3 = 3:0:0 (L-T-P)	No. of lecture hours/week : 03
Exam Duration: 03 Hrs.	Max. Marks : CIE+ Asmt +GA + SEE=40+5+5+50=100	Total No. of Contact Hours:39
Category	PEC	
Pre-requisites	Manufacturing Process	

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

1. Describe the manufacturing techniques of rapid prototyping process.
2. Successfully apply the following techniques in rapid prototyping process.
3. Analyze the different Rapid tooling methods.
4. Evaluate optimization in Rapid Manufacturing process.
- 5.

#	CONTENTS	Hrs.
UNIT-1	INTRODUCTION	07
	Need for the compression in product development, history of RP systems, Survey of applications, Growth of RP industry and classification of RP systems, general steps in producing components using RP technology. STEREO LITHOGRAPHY SYSTEMS: Principle, Process parameter, Process details, Data preparation, data files and machine details, Application.	
UNIT-2	SELECTIVE LASER SINTERING (SLS) PROCESS	08
	Type of machine, Principle of operation, process parameters, Data preparation for SLS, Applications. FUSION DEPOSITION MODELLING: Principle, Process parameter, Path generation, Applications.	
UNIT-3	SOLID GROUND CURING	08
	Principle of operation, Machine details, Applications. Laminated Object manufacturing: Principle of operation, LOM materials Process details, application. CONCEPTS MODELERS: Principle, Thermal jet printer, Sander's model market, 3-D printing. GenisysXs printer HP system 5, object Quadra systems, comparisons of different RP technologies.	
UNIT-4	RAPID TOOLING	08
	Indirect Rapid tooling, Silicone rubber tooling, Aluminum filled epoxy tooling, Spray metal tooling, Cast Kirksite, 3Q Keltool, etc. Direct Rapid Tooling Direct. AIM. RAPID TOOLING: Quick Cast process, Copper polyamide, Rapid Tool, DMLS, Prometal, Sand casting tooling, Laminate tooling soft Tooling vs. Hard tooling.	

ADMISSION YEAR :2023-24

ACADEMIC YEAR: 2026-27

SEMESTER : SEVENTH

Course Title	REFRIGERATION AND AIR CONDITIONING FOR A SUSTAINABLE FUTURE	
Sub Code: 22MET704C	No. of Credits: 3 = 3:0:0 (L-T-P)	No. of lecture hours/week : 03
Exam Duration: 03 Hrs.	Max. Marks : CIE+ Asmt +GA + SEE=40+5+5+50=100	Total No. of Contact Hours:39
Category	PEC	
Pre-requisites	Basic and Applied Thermodynamics	

Course Objectives

1. Understand the components and operation of HVAC systems, and apply methods to calculate cooling loads.
2. Evaluate factors affecting Indoor Environmental Quality (IEQ) and propose strategies to enhance occupant comfort.
3. Explore sustainable cooling technologies, including passive and active systems, and assess their applications.
4. Analyze HVAC requirements for specialized applications such as smart buildings, data centers, and healthcare facilities.
5. Assess energy efficiency, carbon footprint, and understand the significance of certifications in sustainable HVAC practices.
- 6.

#	CONTENTS	Hrs.
UNIT-1	Fundamentals of HVAC Systems and Cooling Load Calculations	08
	Types of HVAC systems: Centralized vs decentralized systems. Split ACs, Variable Refrigerant Flow (VRF) systems, packaged units: construction and working. Air Handling Unit (AHU): Components (filters, coils, fans, humidifiers), working principles. Filtration: Types of filters (mechanical, electrostatic, HEPA), filter ratings (MERV). Duct basics: Types of ducts, duct materials, static pressure losses and duct insulation. Cooling Load Temperature Difference (CLTD), Cooling Load Factor (CLF), and Solar Cooling Load Factor (SCL) to calculate the heat gains from external and internal sources. solar radiation, internal heat generation, ventilation, and infiltration to determine the required cooling capacity for different building types. (Simple problems on CLTD method).	
UNIT-2	Indoor Environmental Quality (IEQ)	08
	Indoor Environmental Quality (IEQ): Components – Indoor Air Quality (IAQ), thermal comfort, lighting, acoustics. Thermal comfort: Factors influencing human comfort. Indoor Air Quality parameters: CO₂ levels, particulate matter & VOCs. Health impacts of poor IEQ and ventilation strategies to improve it. Ventilation: Concepts, natural vs mechanical ventilation, hybrid ventilation systems.	

UNIT-3	Sustainable Cooling Technologies	08
	Passive cooling techniques: Building orientation, shading, thermal mass, ventilation and green roofs. Evaporative cooling: Direct, indirect and 2-stage indirect-direct evaporative coolers, working principle and applications. Performance parameters of evaporative cooling systems, Wet bulb efficiency and Dew point efficiency. Desiccant cooling systems: Principle of moisture removal, types of desiccants, integration with HVAC. Thermoelectric cooling: Peltier effect and seebeck effect basics, applications and limitations. Magneto-caloric cooling: working principle and recent developments. Hybrid cooling systems: Combining evaporative and Vapor compression cycles, benefits.	
UNIT-4	Special Cooling Applications	08
	Residential and Commercial Smart Building HVAC: Building Management Systems (BMS), Demand-controlled ventilation, Occupancy and Zone Control, Benefits and Challenges. Data center cooling: Heat loads, cooling requirements, cooling system types (CRAC, CRAH units, liquid cooling). Hot aisle/cold aisle containment. Clean room HVAC: Classification of clean rooms (ISO classes), air cleanliness standards. Air filtration and pressurization strategies to avoid contamination. Hospital HVAC systems: Zoning, positive and negative pressure rooms, air filtration (HEPA), fresh air requirements. Other important applications	
UNIT-5	Energy Efficiency, Carbon Footprint, Standards and Certifications	07
	Energy performance metrics for HVAC systems: Coefficient of Performance (COP), Energy Efficiency Ratio (EER), Seasonal Energy Efficiency Ratio (SEER). Methods to improve energy efficiency: Variable speed drives, economizers, thermal storage, building automation systems. Carbon footprint calculation methodology for HVAC systems: Embodied energy, operational energy. Overview of Certifications: LEED, GRIHA for green buildings, India Cooling Action Plan (ICAP). Roles and responsibilities of: HVAC engineer, energy auditor, green building consultant. Importance of lifelong learning in sustainable cooling.	

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks:

1. *Refrigeration and Air Conditioning* by R.S. Khurmi, J.K. Gupta, S. Chand & Co., Revised Edition (2019).
2. *Refrigeration and Air Conditioning* by C.P. Arora, McGraw Hill Education, 3rd Edition (2013).
3. *Heating, Ventilation and Air Conditioning Analysis and Design* by McQuiston, Parker, Spitler, Wiley, 6th Edition.
4. *Fundamentals of HVAC Systems* by Robert McDowall, Fairmont Press, 1st Edition (2011).
5. *Sustainable Building HVAC Systems* by Lisa G. Cummings, Wiley, 1st Edition (2014).

Reference Books:

1. *ASHRAE Handbook – Fundamentals*, ASHRAE, (2021).

2. *Principles of Heating, Ventilation, and Air Conditioning in Buildings* by John W. Mitchell, James E. Braun, Wiley, 2nd Edition (1999).
3. *Refrigeration and Air Conditioning Technology* by Bill Whitman, Bill Johnson, John Tomczyk, Cengage Learning, 7th Edition.
4. *Sustainable HVAC Systems* by Lal Jayamaha, Butterworth-Heinemann, 1st Edition (2011).
5. *Data Center Handbook* by Hwaiyu Geng, Wiley, 1st Edition (2015).
6. *Green Building and Sustainable Design* by Sam Kubba, Butterworth-Heinemann, 1st Edition (2010).

C01: Identify HVAC system components and calculate cooling loads using standard methods.

CO3: Evaluate and implement sustainable cooling technologies in HVAC systems.

CO5: Evaluate HVAC system energy efficiency and understand the roles of certifications in sustainability.

The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50).

A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

Semester End Examination (SEE):

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs												
COs /POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	2	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	3
CO2	3	3	2	2	1	2	3	1	1	2	1	3
CO3	3	3	3	2	1	2	3	1	1	1	1	3
CO4	3	3	3	2	1	2	2	1	1	2	1	3
CO5	3	2	2	2	1	2	3	1	1	2	1	3
Strength of correlation: Strongly related-3, Moderately related-2, Weakly related-1, Not related-0												
Level 3- Highly Mapped, Level 2-Moderately Mapped, Level 1-Low Mapped, Level 0- Not Mapped												

ADMISSION YEAR

:2023-24

ACADEMIC YEAR: 2026-27

SEMESTER

: SEVENTH

Course Title	SMART MATERIALS	
Sub Code: 22MET704D	No. of Credits: 3 = 3:0:0 (L-T-P)	No. of lecture hours/week : 03
Exam Duration: 03 Hrs.	Max. Marks : CIE+ Asmt +GA + SEE=40+5+5+50=100	Total No. of Contact Hours:39
Category	PEC	
Pre-requisites	Material Science	

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

1. The aim of this course is to integrate research results with curriculum development for the benefit of the students in physics, materials science and engineering civil and structural engineering, mechanical and aerospace engineering, industrial and systems engineering, as well as electrical and electronic engineering.
2. The fundamentals of smart materials, device and electronics, in particular those related to the development of smart structures and products.
3. The skills, knowledge and motivation in the design, analysis and manufacturing of smart structures and products.

#	CONTENTS	Hrs.
UNIT-1	INTRODUCTION TO SMART MATERIALS	07
	Characteristics of composites and ceramic materials, Smart materials and their types, dynamics and controls, concepts, Electro-magnetic materials and shape memory alloys-processing and characteristics.	
UNIT-2	SMART STRUCTURES	08
	Types of smart Structures, potential feasibility of smart structures, key elements of smart structures, applications of smart structures. Piezoelectric materials, properties, piezoelectric constitutive relations, poling and coercive field, field strain relation. Hysteresis, creep and strain rate effects, inchworm linear motor.	
UNIT-3	SENSING AND ACTUATION	08
	Principles of electromagnetic, acoustics, chemical and mechanical sensing and actuation, Types of sensors and their applications, signal processing, principals and characterization of sensors.	
UNIT-4	SHAPE MEMORY ALLOY	08
	Experimental Phenomenology, Shape Memory Effect, phase transformation, super elasticity, Tanaka's constitutive model, SME testing of SMA wires, vibration control through SMA, Testing of super elasticity, Applications Of SMA. ER AND MR FLUIDS: Mechanisms and properties, fluid composition and behavior, The Bingham plastic and related models, pre-yield response. Post-yield flow applications in clutches, dampers and others.	
UNIT-5	VIBRATION ABSORBERS and MEMS	08

ADMISSION YEAR :2023-24

ACADEMIC YEAR: 2026-27

SEMESTER : SEVENTH

Course Title	TRIBOLOGY AND BEARING DESIGN	
Sub Code: 22MET704E	No. of Credits: 3 = 3:0:0 (L-T-P)	No. of lecture hours/week : 03
Exam Duration: 03 Hrs.	Max. Marks : CIE+ Asmt +GA + SEE=40+5+5+50=100	Total No. of Contact Hours:39
Category	PEC	
Pre-requisites	Fluid Mechanics, TOM	

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

1. This subject introduces different types of composite materials to the students
2. Students are introduced to different properties of composite materials
3. Students get to know the different applications of these materials

UNIT	CONTENTS	Hrs.
UNIT-1	Introduction to Tribology: Introduction, Friction, Wear, Wear Characterization, Regimes of lubrication Classification of contacts, lubrication theories, Effect of pressure and temperature on viscosity. Newton's Law of viscous forces, Flow through stationary parallel plates. Hagen's Poiseuille's theory, viscometers. Numerical problems, Concept of lightly loaded bearings, Petroff's equation, Numerical problems.	07
UNIT-2	Hydrodynamic Lubrication: Pressure development mechanism. Converging and diverging films and pressure induced flow. Reynold's equation in two dimensions with assumptions. Introduction to idealized slide bearing with fixed shoe and Pivoted shoes. Expression for load carrying capacity. Location of center of pressure, effect of end leakage on performance, Numerical problems Journal Bearings: Introduction to idealized full journal bearings. Load carrying capacity of idealized full journal bearings, Sommerfeld number and its significance, short and partial bearings, Comparison between lightly loaded and heavily loaded bearings, effects of end leakage on performance, Numerical problems.	08
UNIT-3	Hydrostatic Bearings: Hydrostatic thrust bearings , hydrostatic circular pad, annular pad, rectangular pad bearings, types of flow restrictors, expression for discharge, load carrying capacity and condition for minimum power loss, numerical problems, and hydrostatic journal bearings. EHL Contacts: Introduction to Elasto - hydrodynamic lubricated bearings. Introduction to 'EHL' constant. Grubin type solution.	08
UNIT-4	Antifriction bearings: Advantages, selection, nominal life, static and dynamic load carrying capacity, probability of survival, equivalent load, cubic mean load, bearing Mountings. Porous Bearings: Introduction to porous and gas lubricated bearings. Governing differential equation for gas lubricated bearings, Equations for porous bearings and working principal, Fretting phenomenon and its stages.	08

